## Wyre Forest District Council Local Plan Pre-Submission Publication October 2018

## **Appendix B**

## Heritage Impact Assessments for those sites excluded from the Wyre Forest District Council Local Plan Pre-Submission Publication October 2018

## Contents

Appendix B1: Key to maps	Page 2
Appendix B2: Kidderminster Town	Page 3
Appendix B3: Kidderminster North	Page 30
Appendix B4: Kidderminster East	Page 86
Appendix B5: Stourport-on-Severn	Page 121
Appendix B6: Bewdley	Page 152
Appendix B7: Rural Villages	Page 181

## Appendix B1

# Heritage Impact Assessments for those sites excluded from the Wyre Forest District Council Local Plan Pre-Submission Publication October 2018

The following key represents symbols used throughout Appendix B, although not every symbol will apply to every map. Maps are not to scale.

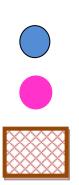
## Key to maps

Site Boundary

Listed Building

Locally Listed Building

Conservation Area

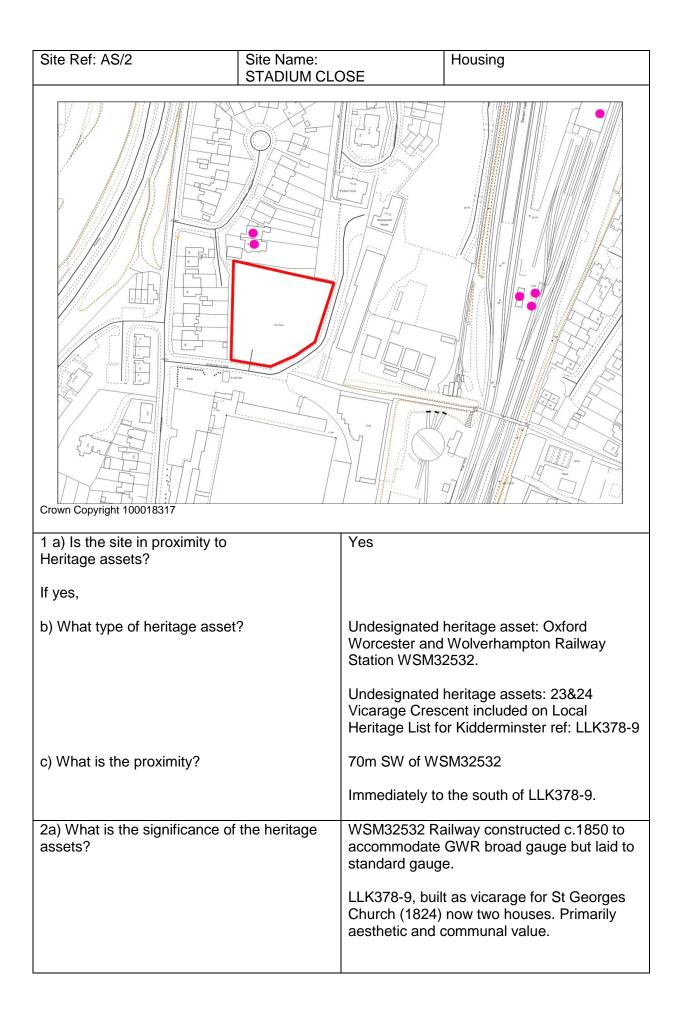


#### Appendix B2

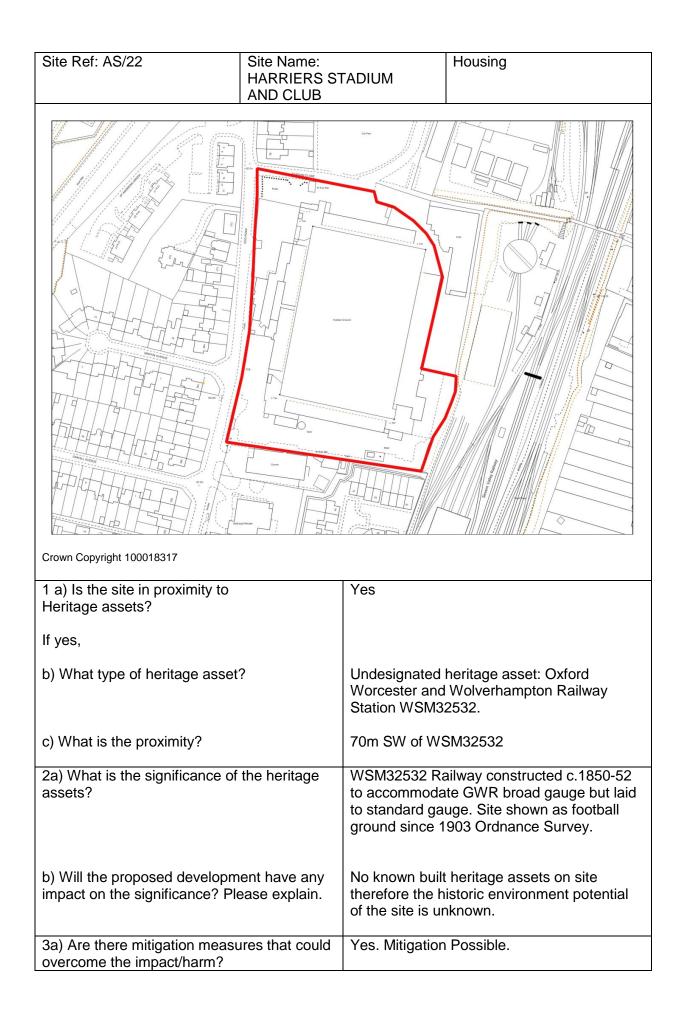
#### Heritage Impact Assessments for those sites excluded from the Wyre Forest District Council Local Plan Pre-Submission Publication October 2018

#### **Kidderminster Town**

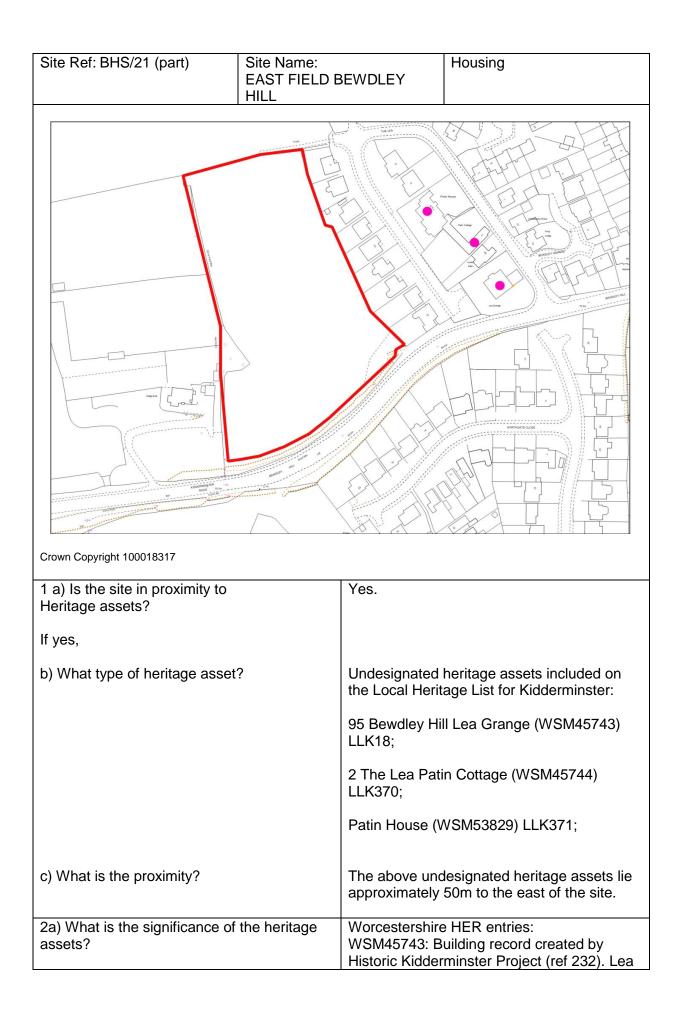
HELAA REF	LOCATION	Type of land use
AS/2	Stadium Close	Housing
		5
AS/22	Harriers Stadium and Club	Housing
BHS/21	East Field Bewdley Hill	Housing
BHS/22	Selba Drive	Housing
FPH/1	Settling Ponds	Housing
FPH/6	Oasis Goldthorn Rd	Housing
FPH/25	R/O Vale Industrial Estate	Employment
FPH/27	Adj. Easter Park	Employment
FPH/28	Hoobrook Site	Employment
FPH/29	VOSA Worcester Rd	Employment
MI/37	Harriers Training Ground	Leisure



b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	No known built heritage assets on site therefore the historic environment potential of the site is unknown. The site formed part of the extensive gardens and grounds of the vicarage therefore development which would involve construction of new foundations could result in loss or fragmentation of any surviving archaeological remains.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation Possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	No legible above ground heritage assets to protect. In terms of mitigating impact on below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess the potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable.
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	Yes.
b) If yes, explain further	Layout of development should avoid building in close proximity to LLK378-9 to maintain the openness of their setting to the south.
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Potential for archaeology: Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the understanding of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.



b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	No legible above ground heritage assets to protect. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable.
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	No
b) If yes, explain further	
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Unknown potential for archaeology:
	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the understanding of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.

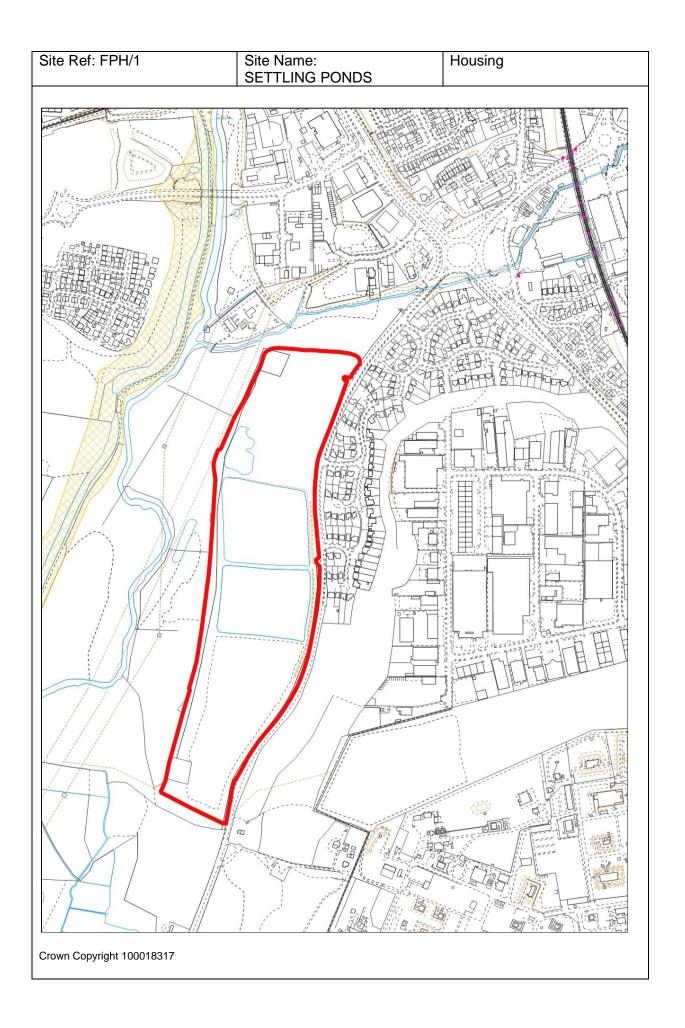


	Grange: Documentary references show homesteads at the Lea from the time of Edward I. Lea Grange took over as the farm house at The Lea, a farm in the Foley estate, and was probably built by the Foleys as a residence suitable for 'a considerable farmer in the mid nineteenth century'. WSM45744: Patin Cottage is likely to be the farmhouse that Lea Grange was built to replace and was left unoccupied for most of the time between 1826, when a portion of the land was 'taken off for building', and 1896 when a second household is recorded. Photographs show a two storey timber framed building with brick infill and a tile gabled roof, gabled dormer windows in the oldest part. A single storey stable block has been converted to part of the dwelling. WSM53929: Lea Farm, Kidderminster. Partially extant 19th century (?) unlisted farmstead with converted buildings. Regular courtyard of L-plan. Additional, prominent detached elements to the main plan. The farmhouse is detached and set away from the yard. There has been significant loss (greater than 50%) of traditional buildings. Located within an urban area.
	The farmstead has low to medium historic and aesthetic value and may have evidential and communal value. It is thus of medium significance.
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	It is unlikely that development on the site will impact directly on the significance of the remaining farmstead buildings owing to the lack of inter-visibility due to the modern housing separating the site from these heritage assets.
	Although there are no designated or undesignated heritage assets on the site it is nevertheless of unknown archaeological potential. Development which would involve construction of new foundations could result in loss or fragmentation of any surviving archaeological remains.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation possible.

b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	No legible above ground heritage assets to protect. In terms of mitigating impact on below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess the potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable.
<ul><li>4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?</li><li>b) If yes, explain further</li></ul>	No.
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Potential for archaeology: Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the understanding of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.

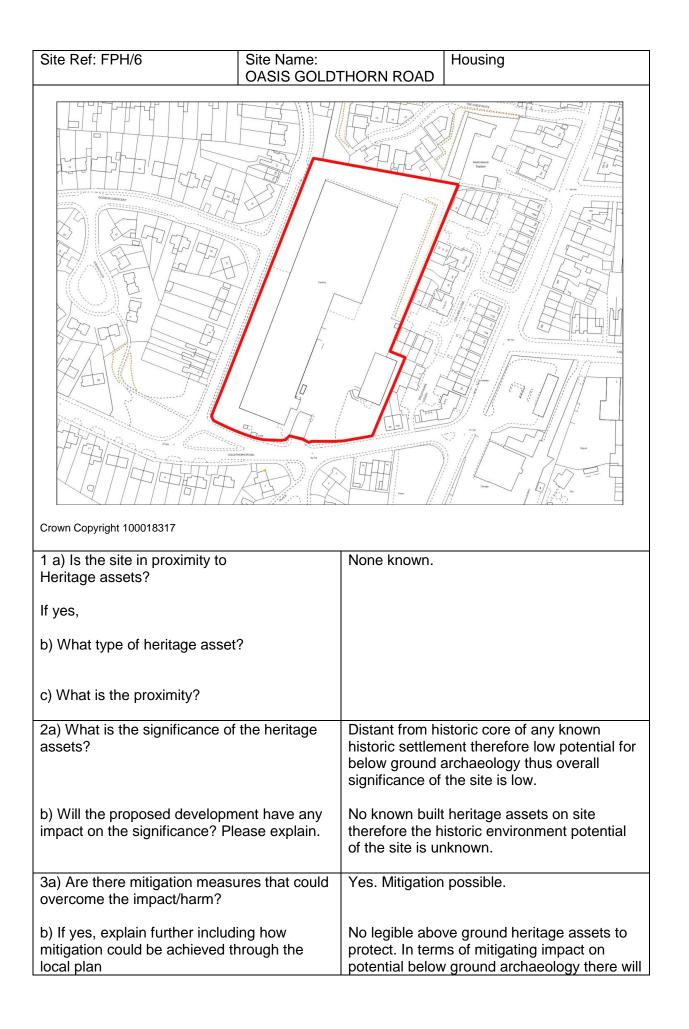
Site Ref: BHS/22	Site Name: SELBA DRIVE		Housing
Crown Copyright 100018317			
1 a) Is the site in proximity to Heritage assets?		None known.	
If yes,			
b) What type of heritage asset?	?		
c) What is the proximity?			
2a) What is the significance of assets?	the heritage	historic settlem below ground a significance of	storic core of any known ent therefore low potential for archaeology thus overall the site is low although it may ric views east towards the
b) Will the proposed developme impact on the significance? Ple			heritage assets on site istoric environment potential nknown.
3a) Are there mitigation measu overcome the impact/harm?	res that could	Yes. Mitigation	possible.
b) If yes, explain further includi	ng how	No legible abov	ve ground heritage assets to

mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	protect. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable
<ul><li>4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?</li><li>b) If yes, explain further</li></ul>	No.
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Unknown potential for archaeology: Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.



1 a) Is the site in proximity to Heritage assets?	Yes.
If yes,	
b) What type of heritage asset?	Undesignated heritage asset included on the Worcestershire HER: WSM50167: Site of rifle range.
c) What is the proximity?	WSM50167 was situated towards the north west corner of the site.
2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?	WSM50167: Ordnance Survey 1st Edition mapping shows Rifle Range. The Butts are marked at the northern end, as are positions at 150 yards and 800 yards. This is not present on the 2nd Edition Ordnance Survey map. The asset has low historic significance and negligible evidential, aesthetic and communal significance.
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	Excavations for new foundations may reveal archaeological evidence of the rifle range and there is potential for palaeo- environmental remains.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation Possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	In terms of mitigating impact on below ground archaeological and palaeo- environmental remains there will be a requirement for a desk based assessment to assess the potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording may be required by an appropriate professional.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable.
<ul><li>4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?</li><li>b) If yes, explain further</li></ul>	No.
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.

5) What further work is required?	Potential for archaeology:
	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify the potential for archaeology (including palaeo-environmental deposits) and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the understanding of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.



c) If mitigation is not possible, are there	be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional. Not applicable
benefits that justify the development?	
<ul><li>4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?</li><li>b) If yes, explain further</li></ul>	No.
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Unknown potential for archaeology: Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.

Site Ref: FPH/25	Site Name: R/O VALE INDUSTRIA EATATE	L Employment
Crown Copyright 100018317		
1 a) Is the site in proximity to Heritage assets?	Yes.	
If yes,		
b) What type of heritage asset		ated heritage assets: Staffordshire prcestershire Canal Conservation
	Worces palaeo-	gnated heritage asset included on the stershire HER WSM49067: Area of environmental interest - Marsh, West prook Industrial Estate
c) What is the proximity?		and Worcs Canal Conservation Area ately adjacent to the east.
	WSM49	9067 is 65m to the east.
2a) What is the significance of assets?		wn heritage assets on the site but al for palaeoenvironmental deposits.

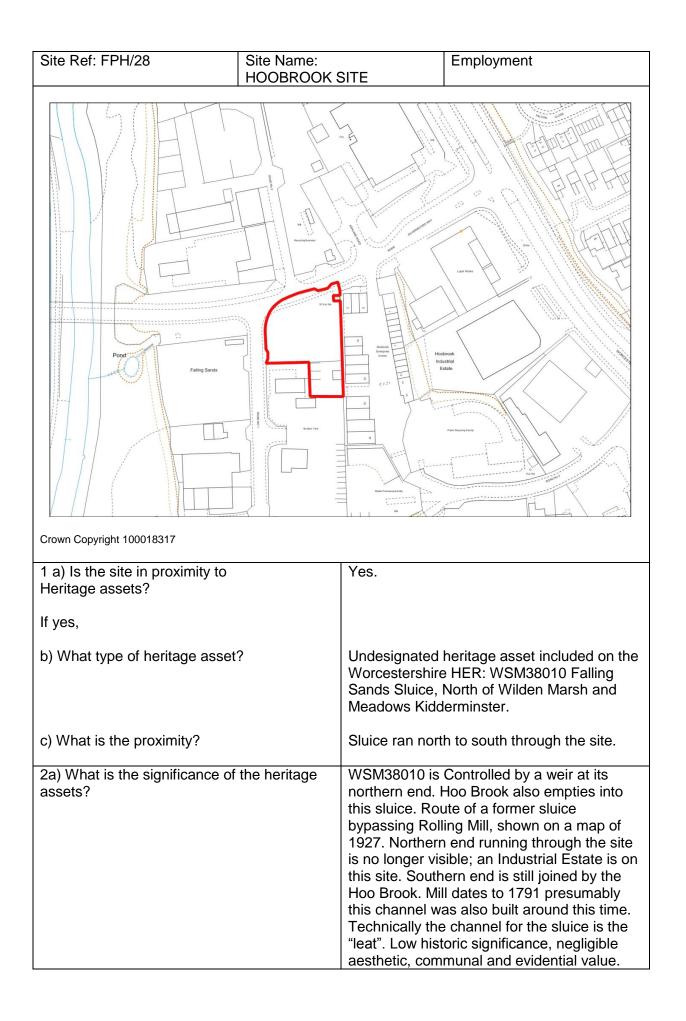
The significance of the Staffordshire and
Worcestershire Canal Conservation Area is
summarised as follows:
"The Canal was planned by the famous
engineer James Brindley and completed
in 1772. It links the Rivers Trent and
Severn via the industrial Midlands, and
forms an important historic feature
running north-south for over fourteen
kilometres through the District.
Associated with the Canal are several
bridges, locks, basins, cottages,
warehouses and walls, together with the
towpath; which form part of its special
interest. The principal building materials
are red brick, particularly associated with
the earlier canal buildings and structures;
and all buildings have pitched roofs,
generally with grey slates. The corners to buildings are often curved, in order to
facilitate turning by wagons. Walls are
always capped with semi-circular coping
to help reduce wear on ropes and to shed
rainwater. Iron metal work (painted black)
is a feature of the locks and some narrow
bridges. The wider bridges are
constructed of red brick and utilize a
semi-elliptical arch structure.
There are many trees and shrubs along
the canal side that add to the character of
the Conservation Area.
The Canal is an important leisure
resource, adding to its profile. In this
respect, the water way is a popular route
for leisure boats, with a major complex of basins located at its southern end in
Stourport-on-Severn. The towpath is a
popular route for walking and cycling.
The Canal Conservation Area consists of
four fairly distinct sections:
Attractive, well wooded, northern section
where it has been cut into sandstone cliffs to
maintain its course along the contour, and
passes through two locks and a tunnel.
Bridge No. 25 is a Listed Building;
Urban section past the carpet mills through
the old industrial heart of Kidderminster;

	Section parallel to the lower reaches of the River Stour in more open landscape; and Section within the Stourport-on-Severn Town Centre where the Canal joins the River Severn via a series of basins. This part of the Canal is covered by separate Conservation Area designations." The canal Conservation Area has high
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	evidential, historical, aesthetic and communal value and overall it is of high significance. The site is on raised land to the west of the canal and development on it may thus affect views towards and out of the Conservation
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could	Area and thus its significance in the wider landscape. Yes. Mitigation Possible.
overcome the impact/harm?	res. miligatori r ussibie.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	This site is set to the south of new housing adjacent to the Hoobrook Link Road on elevated land rising above the canal and River Stour. This makes it essential that any development on the site considers the existing character of the adjacent Staffordshire and Worcestershire Canal and enhances the vegetation screen on the sloping ground to the west of the canal.
	There will be a need for careful consideration of the layout, design, scale and materials used within any development to ensure that the development contributes positively to this sensitive location.
	That part of the site which is elevated and borders housing will require particularly careful consideration as to the impact of any employment-related buildings rising above residential development to the north of the site.
	In terms of mitigating impact on below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk based assessment to assess the potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording may be required by an appropriate professional.

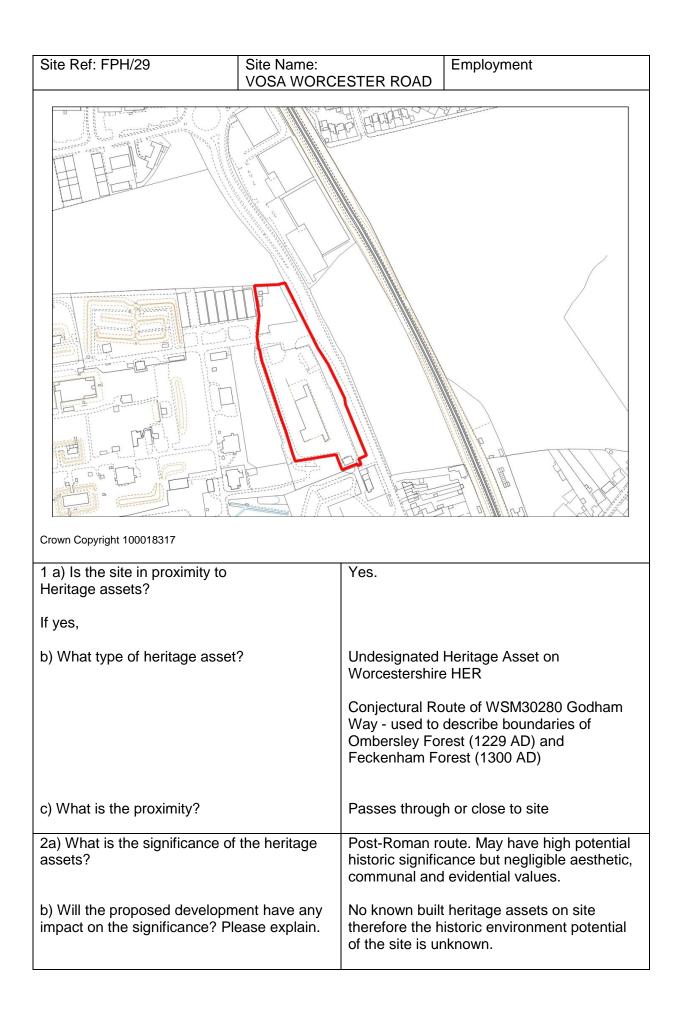
	Site allocations policy to reflect the above.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable.
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	Yes.
b) If yes, explain further	Any development on this site should in form, scale, massing and materials serve to enhance the setting of the canal conservation area.
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Site allocations policy to reflect the above.
	Policies 11B and 26 refer to the
	enhancement of heritage assets and the
	need to assess significance of assets
	affected by proposed development.
5) What further work is required?	Potential for archaeology:
	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify the potential for archaeology (including palaeo-environmental deposits) and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the understanding of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.

Site Ref: FPH/27	Site Name: ADJ. EASTER F	Employment
	ADJ. LAGTERT	
Crown Copyright 100018317		
1 a) Is the site in proximity to Heritage assets?		Yes
If yes,		
b) What type of heritage asset	?	No known built heritage assets on site.
	N	Undesignated heritage asset included on the Worcestershire HER: WSM31664: Oxford Worcester and Wolverhampton Railway.
c) What is the proximity?		WSM31664 forms the eastern boundary of the site.
2a) What is the significance of assets?		WSM31664 Railway constructed c.1850-52 to accommodate GWR broad gauge but laid to standard gauge. Opened in 1852. At this location the railway runs along an embankment. It has medium historic and low aesthetic significance but negligible evidential or communal value.
b) Will the proposed developm impact on the significance? Pla	ease explain. t	No known built heritage assets on site therefore the historic environment potential of the site is unknown.

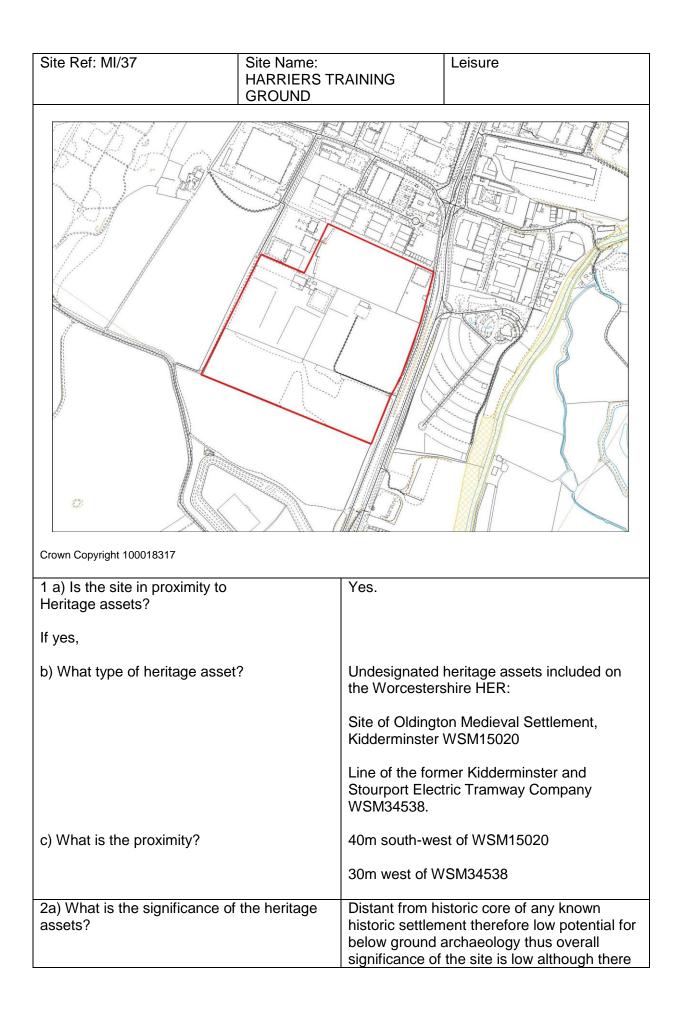
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation Possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	No legible above ground heritage assets to protect. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable.
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	No
b) If yes, explain further	
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Unknown potential for archaeology:
	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the understanding of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.



b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	Excavations for new foundations may reveal evidence of the leat and there is potential for palaeo-environmental remains.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation Possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	In terms of mitigating impact on below ground palaeo-environmental remains there will be a requirement for a desk based assessment to assess the potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording may be required by an appropriate professional.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable.
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	No.
b) If yes, explain further	
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Potential for archaeology:
	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify the potential for archaeology (including palaeo-environmental deposits) and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the understanding of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.



3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	No legible above ground heritage assets to protect. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable.
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	No.
b) If yes, explain further	
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Unknown potential for archaeology:
	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.



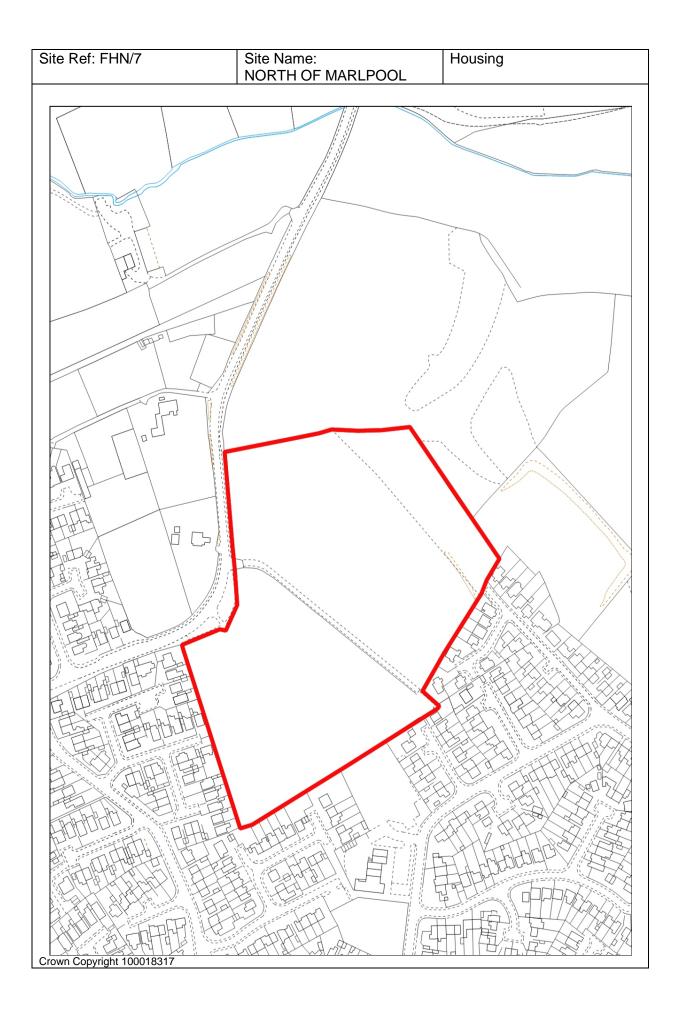
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	Oldington Medieval Settlement which has yet to be discovered. Despite the relatively low density of known assets, this is a large site and although there are no known built heritage assets on site the historic environment potential of the site is unknown.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	No legible above ground heritage assets to protect. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	No.
b) If yes, explain further	
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.

#### Appendix B3

#### Heritage Impact Assessments for those sites excluded from the Wyre Forest District Council Local Plan Pre-Submission Publication October 2018

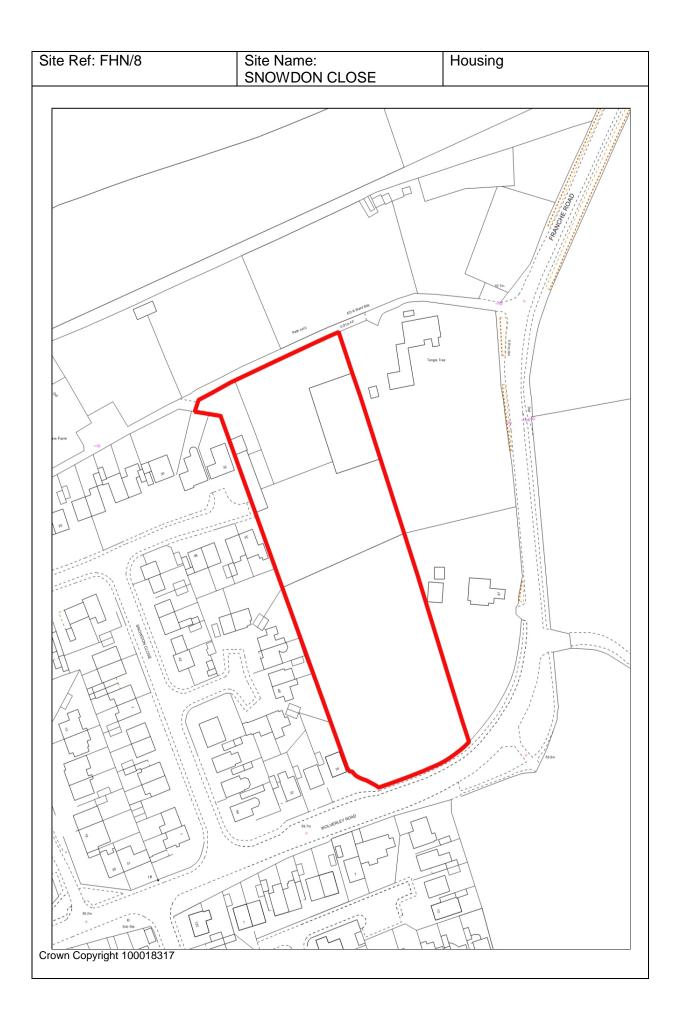
#### **Kidderminster North**

Type of	LOCATION	HELAA REF
land use		
Housing	North of Marlpool	FHN/7
Housing	Snowdon Close	FHN/8
Housing	Land off Llabbarlay Dd (D/O Saliaburg	WA/BE/13
Housing	Land off Habberley Rd (R/O Salisbury Drive)	WA/BE/13
Housing	Land off Ferndale Crescent	WA/KF/2
Housing	Land at Low Habberley Phase 2	WA/KF/3
Housing	Eleanor Harrison Drive	WFR/WC/3
. redenig		
Housing	Gaymore Farm Cookley	WFR/WC/5
Housing	Land south of Cookley	WFR/WC/13
Housing	Land south of Park Gate Rd/Wolverley	WFR/WC/16
	Rd	
Housing	Land at Wolverley Rd	WFR/WC/17
Housing	Sion Hill School	WFR/WC/18
g		
Housing	Sion Hill School Playing Fields	WFR/WC/19
Housing	Wolverley Camp	WFR/WC/20
Housing	Land off Mill Lane	WFR/WC/21
5		
Housing	Hurcott Kennels	WFR/WC/35
Housing	Land South of Fairfield Lane off Franche Rd	WFR/WC/38
Leisure	Lea Castle (Strong Farms)	WFR/WC/39
Leisure	Stour Corridor	WFR/WC/40



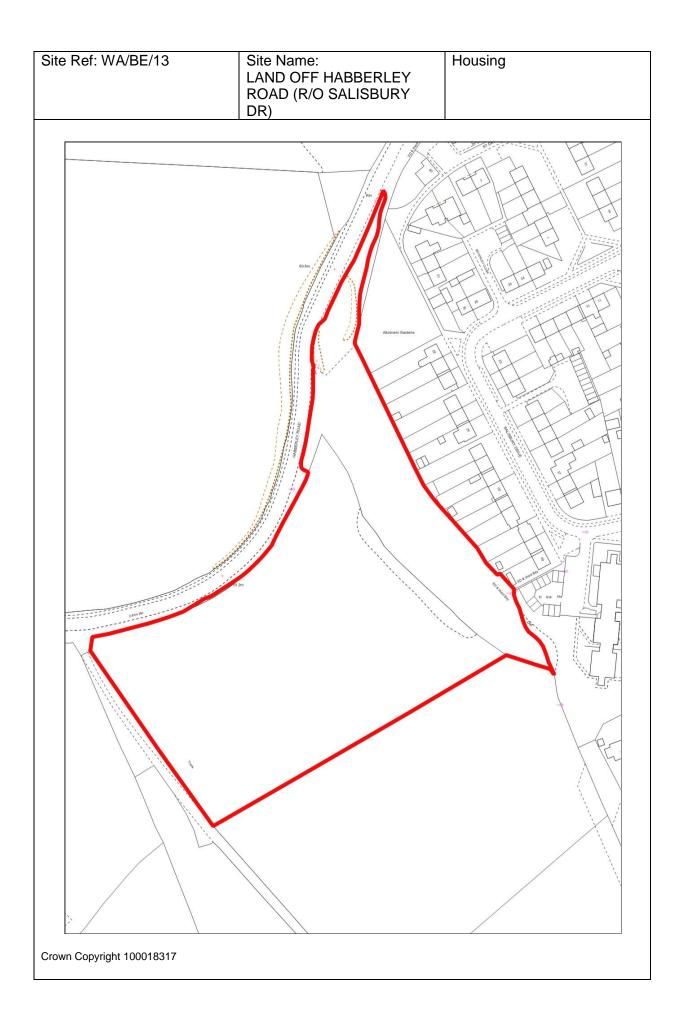
1 a) Is the site in proximity to Heritage assets?	Yes.
If yes,	
b) What type of heritage asset?	No known heritage assets within the site boundaries.
	Undesignated heritage asset included on the Worcestershire HER:
	The Beeches WSM29313;
c) What is the proximity?	WSM29313 was sited 17m to the west of the site but has been demolished.
2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?	Distant from historic core of any known historic settlement therefore low potential for below ground archaeology thus overall significance of the site is low.
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	No known built heritage assets on site therefore the historic environment potential of the site is unknown.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	No legible above ground heritage assets to protect. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable.
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	No.
b) If yes, explain further	
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.

5) What further work is required?	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.



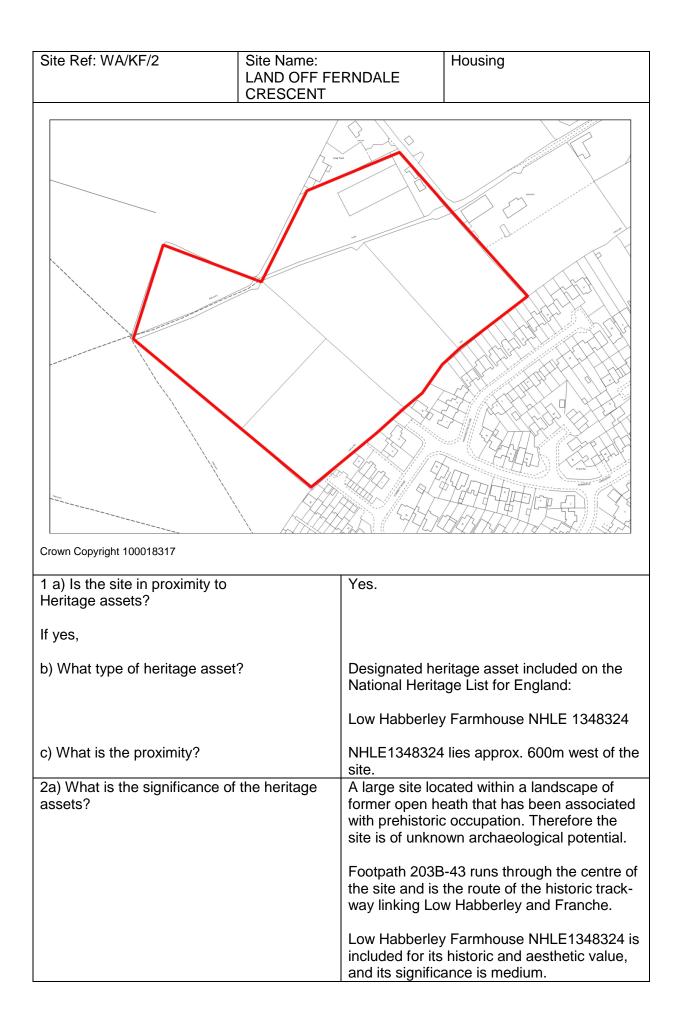
1 a) Is the site in proximity to Heritage assets?	Yes.
If yes,	
b) What type of heritage asset?	No known heritage assets on the site.
	Undesignated heritage asset included on the Worcestershire HER:
	The Beeches WSM29313 (now demolished);
c) What is the proximity?	WSM29313 was located 30m to the S of the site.
	The core of the historic hamlet of Franche was located 250m to the west.
2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?	Potential for below ground archaeology as site formed part of the formal gardens associated with WSM29313 and shown on 1884 Ordnance Survey.
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	No known built heritage assets on site therefore the historic environment potential of the site is unknown.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	No legible above ground heritage assets to protect. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable.
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	No.
b) If yes, explain further	
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.

5) What further work is required?	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.

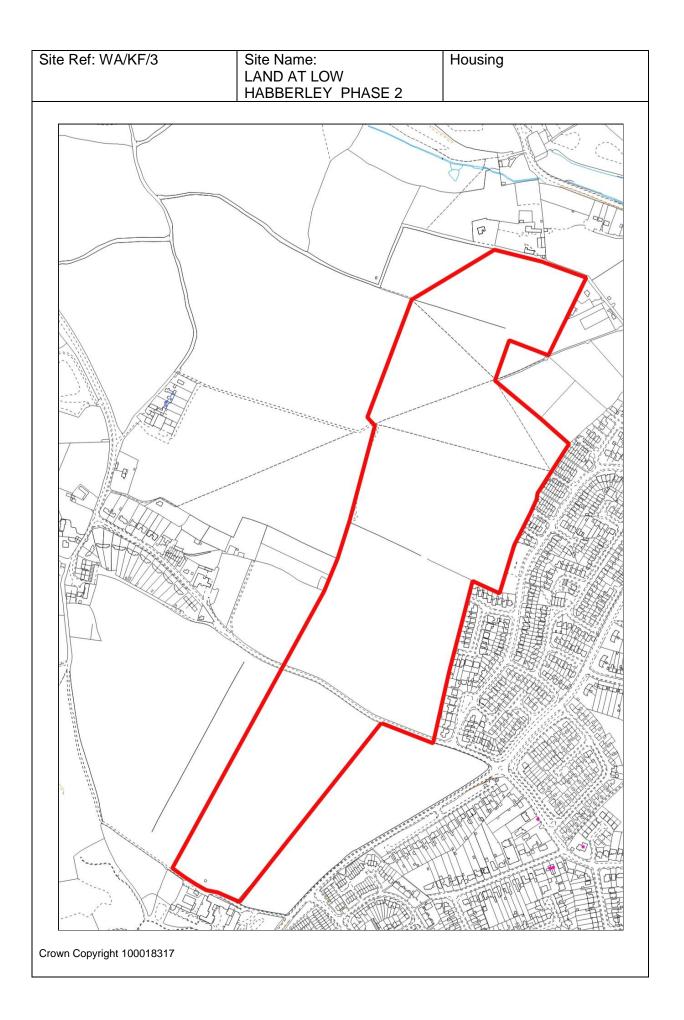


1 a) Is the site in proximity to Heritage assets?	Yes.
If yes,	
b) What type of heritage asset?	No recorded designated or undesignated HE assets on the site.
	Undesignated heritage asset included on the Worcestershire HER: WSM27473 site of former WWII Battle Training Ground.
c) What is the proximity?	WSM27473 is 15m to the northwest.
2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?	Distant from historic core of any known historic settlement therefore low potential for below ground archaeology thus overall significance of the site is low.
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	No known built heritage assets on site therefore the historic environment potential of the site is unknown.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	No legible above ground heritage assets to protect. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable.
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	No.
b) If yes, explain further	
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in

the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.



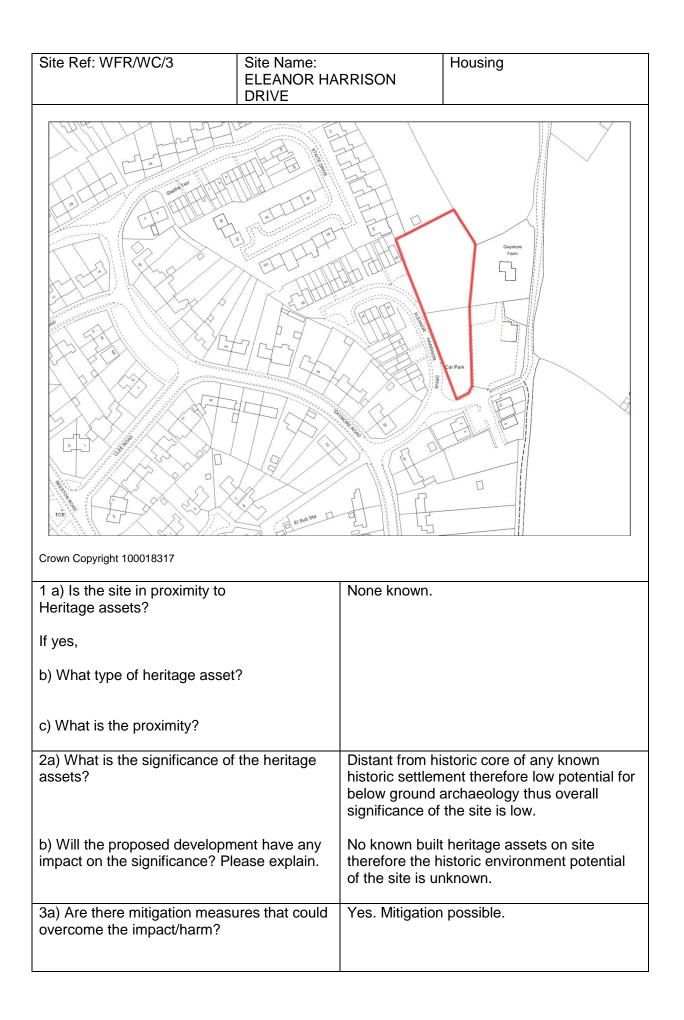
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	No known built heritage assets on site therefore the historic environment potential of the site is unknown.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	No legible above ground heritage assets to protect. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable.
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	Yes.
b) If yes, explain further	Provision of screen planting to the edges of the site may reduce the impact of development on distant visual receptors at Low Habberley, including Low Habberley Farmhouse NHLE1348324.
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Site allocations policy to reflect the above.
5) What further work is required?	Unknown potential for archaeology:
	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.



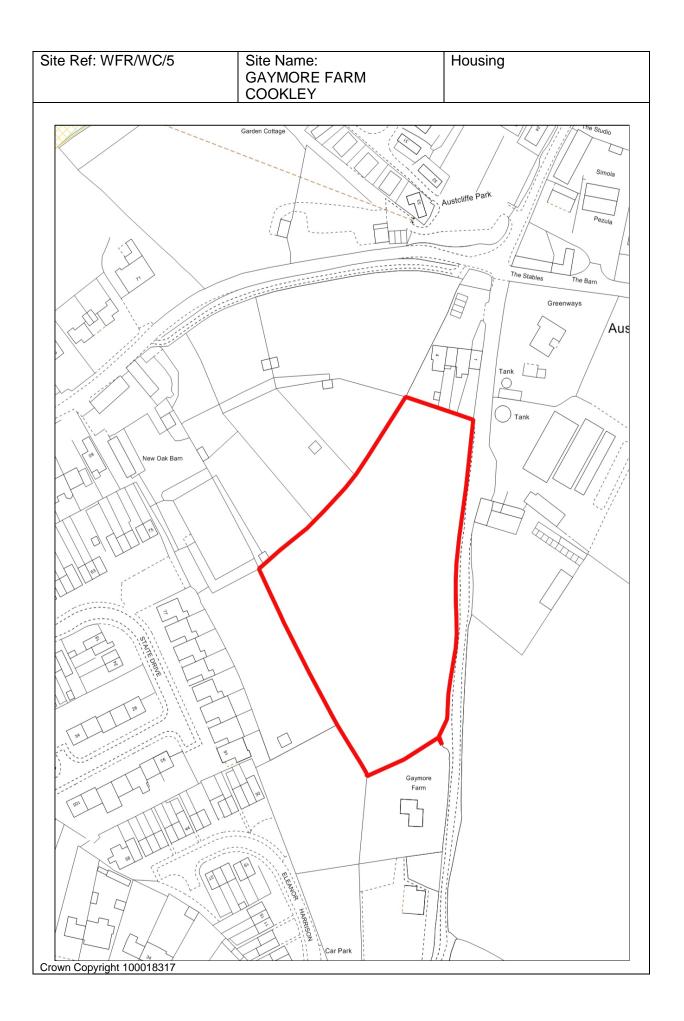
1 a) Is the site in proximity to Heritage assets?	Yes.
If yes,	
b) What type of heritage asset?	Designated heritage asset included on the National Heritage List for England:
	Low Habberley Farmhouse NHLE 1348324 and associated farm included on the Worcestershire HER ref: WSM61519;
	Undesignated heritage assets included on the Worcestershire HER:
	High Habberley House WSM61521 &WSM53871
	Fountain Court (formerly Fountain Inn), Habberley Lane, Low Habberley WSM31330;
	Site of pillbox Habberley Lane, Kidderminster WSM17082;
c) What is the proximity?	NHLE1348324 lies approx. 400m west of the site;
	High Habberley House WSM61521 &WSM53871 lies 25m SW of the site;
	Fountain Court WSM31330 lies approx 200m NW of the site;
	Pillbox WSM17082 may have been sited near the crossroads adjacent to the SE of the site;
2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?	A site located within a landscape of former open heath that has been associated with prehistoric occupation. Therefore the site is of unknown archaeological potential.
	Footpaths 203B-42,43 and 44 cross the centre of the site and thus there is potential for archaeology associated with the historic use of these paths.
	Low Habberley Farmhouse NHLE1348324 is included for its historic and aesthetic value, and its significance is medium.
	High Habberley House WSM61521 & WSM53871 has some aesthetic and historic

	value and has low/medium significance as the core of an historic farmstead.
	Fountain Court WSM31330 has limited historic, communal and aesthetic values, low overall significance.
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	No known built heritage assets on site therefore the historic environment potential of the site is unknown.
	The impact of development on NHLE1348324 will be to remove part of its setting which consists of agricultural fields (associated with the farm originally) as the urban area extends towards Low Habberley.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Some mitigation possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	No legible above ground heritage assets to protect. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional. Mitigation of visual impact on setting of NHLE1348324 will be difficult to achieve as
	this is a substantial urban expansion that will impose significant harm to an open rural landscape.
	Site allocations policy to reflect the above.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Public benefits associated with provision of housing can be considered when assessing any scheme of development against harmful impacts on heritage assets.
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	No.
b) If yes, explain further	
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Note applicable.
achieve the enhancements?	

5) What further work is required?	Unknown potential for archaeology: Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological
	required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.

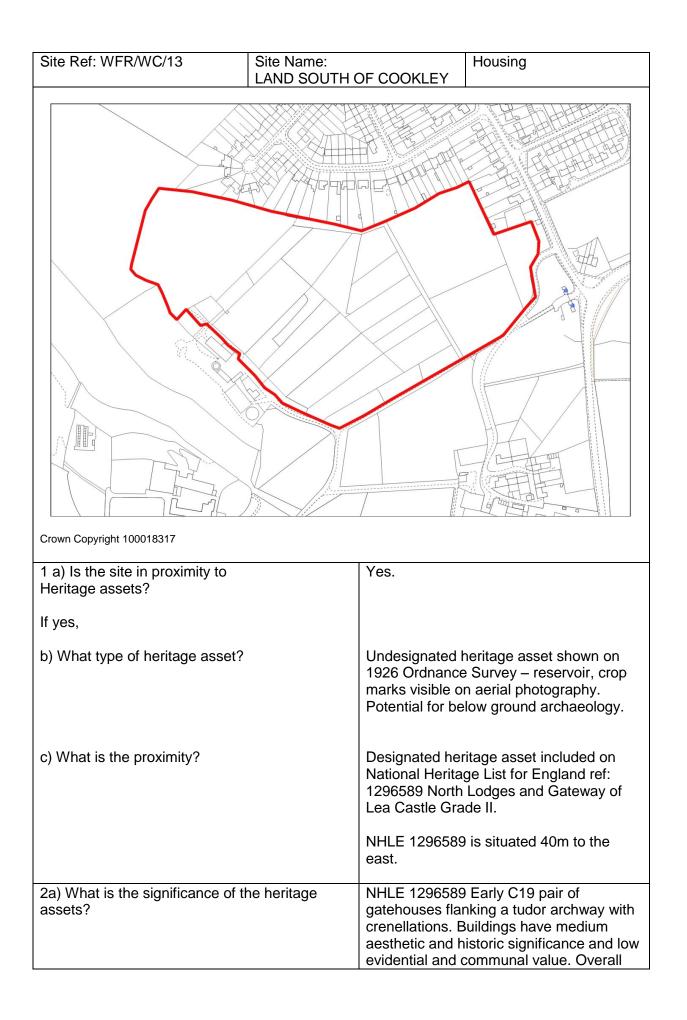


b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	No legible above ground heritage assets to protect. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable.
<ul><li>4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?</li><li>b) If yes, explain further</li></ul>	No.
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Unknown potential for archaeology:
	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.

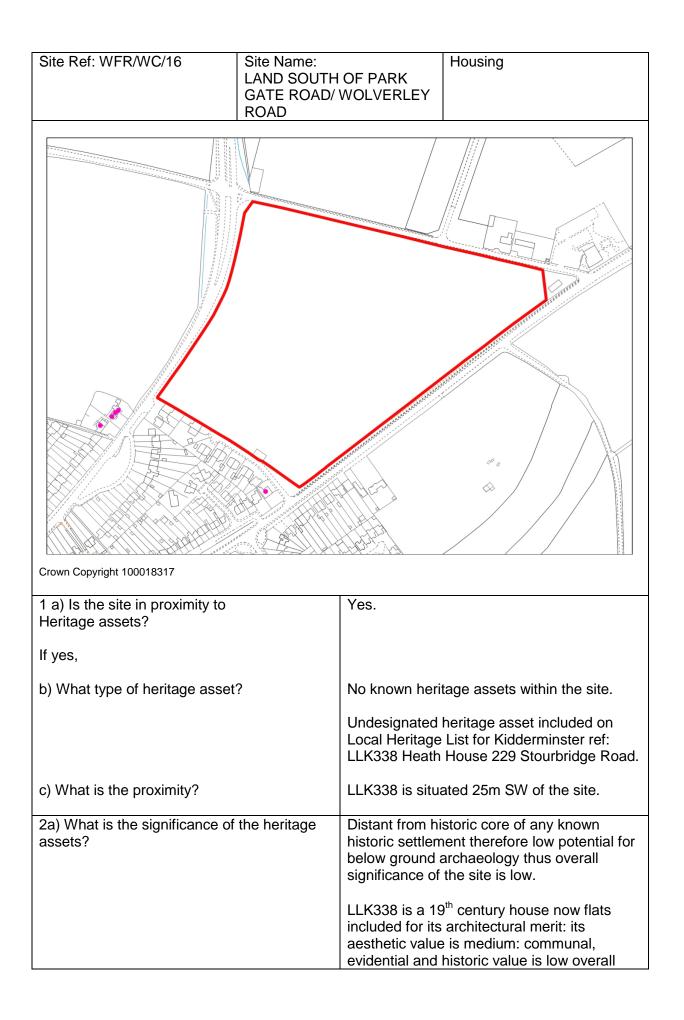


1 a) Is the site in proximity to Heritage assets?	Yes.
If yes,	
b) What type of heritage asset?	Undesignated heritage assets included on the Worcestershire HER:
	Broad House Farm Nurseries WSM51436
	Outfarm WSM51473
	Austcliff Farm WSM53926
c) What is the proximity?	WSM51436 is 12m east of the site
	WSM51473 is 90m north west of the site
	WSM53926 is 75m north of the site
2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?	Distant from historic core of any known historic settlement therefore low potential for below ground archaeology thus overall significance of the site is low.
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	Development on this site would have a significant impact to the setting of Gaymore Farm and the historic character of the dispersed settlement.
	Despite the relatively low density of known assets, this is a large site and although there are no known built heritage assets on site the historic environment potential of the site is unknown.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	No legible above ground heritage assets to protect. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable

<ul><li>4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?</li><li>b) If yes, explain further</li><li>c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?</li></ul>	No. Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.



significance is medium.
Development on this site will affect the setting of the designated heritage asset, as viewed from Bridleway 625B, and its relationship to the parkland of the now demolished Lea Castle which it was built to serve.
Yes. Mitigation possible.
Safeguarding the Historic Environment: Contain development to the western part of the site furthest from the designated heritage assets to protect their setting and views towards them from bridleway 625B.
Not applicable.
No.
Not applicable.
Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.

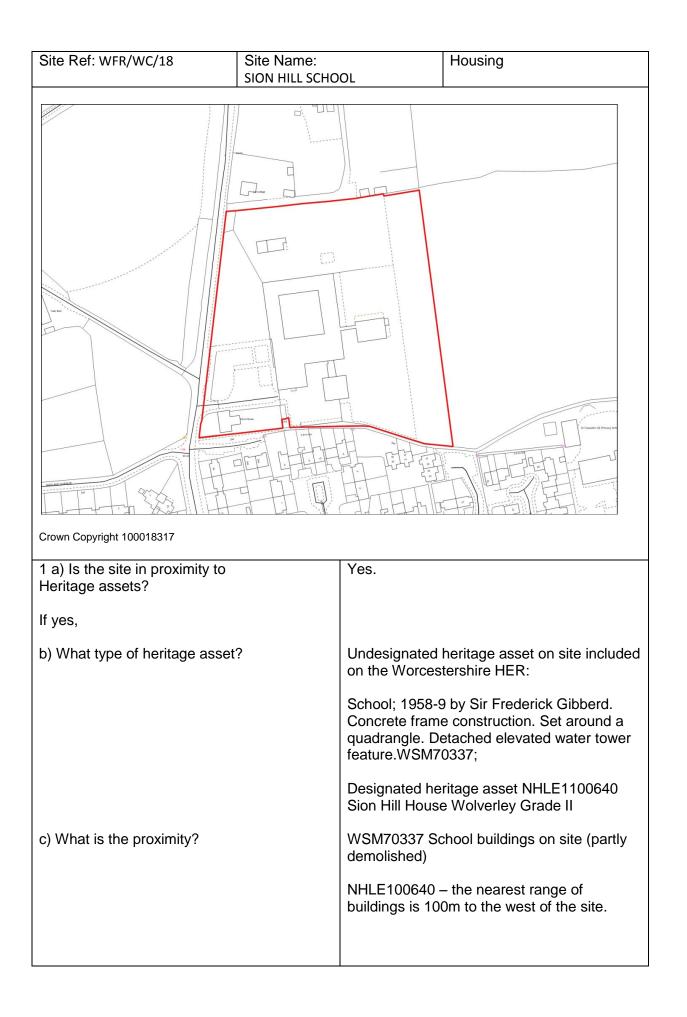


	significance is low.
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	Development on the site will affect the edge of town setting of LLK338.
	No known built heritage assets on site therefore the historic environment potential of the site is unknown.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	No legible above ground heritage assets to protect. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	No.
b) If yes, explain further	
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.

Site Ref: WFR/WC/17	Site Name: Housing _AND AT WOLVERLEY ROAD
Crown Copyright 100018317	
1 a) Is the site in proximity to Heritage assets?	Yes.
If yes,	
b) What type of heritage asset?	No designated or undesignated heritage assets recorded on the site.
	Park, Lea Castle, Wolverley WSM28847;
c) What is the proximity?	Park, Lea Castle, Wolverley WSM28847 lies 8m to the north of the site.
2a) What is the significance of t assets?	he heritage WSM28847 Lea Castle Park:
	Lea Castle estate had remained undisturbed by the expansion of Kidderminster into the early-20th century as recorded (as a park) on the 1st edition of the OS 6 inch. Much of the area defined then as park is still green. It was bounded on the west by the Staffordshire-Worcestershire Canal, the B4189 to the south (south lodge), with an east lodge on the Cookley-Broadwaters road near Lea Castle Farm. An avenue connected

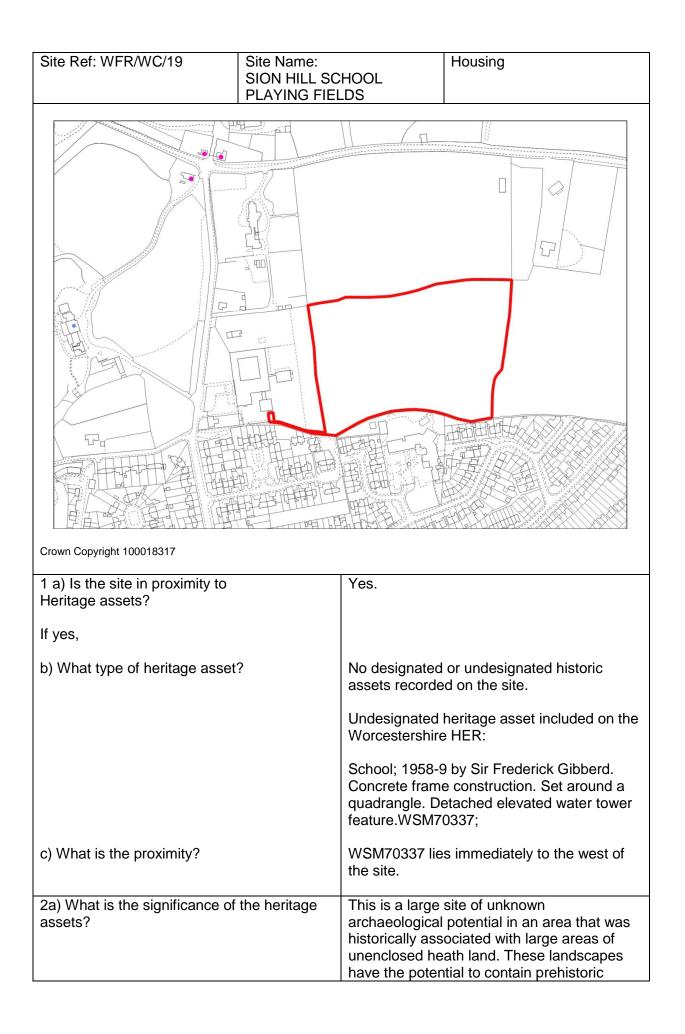
	the house with the south lodge. The house at Cookley is noticed on Isaac Taylor's 1772 map. The early 19th century house was demolished in 1945. This house was a neo- gothic castle which suggests that a picturesque taste would have been applied to the laying-out of the grounds but details cannot be made out from early or mid-19th century printed maps and the grounds today lack any special quality except for a (?) accidental vale between two woods close to the site of the demolished mansion on the north side. The mid 19th century castellated lodges and the brick boundary wall survive. Although the park is still legible 20 <sup>th</sup> century encroachment and a variety of uses has reduced its aesthetic and historic values
	somewhat, although overall significance is considered to be low/medium.
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	This is a large site of unknown archaeological potential in an area that was historically associated with large areas of unenclosed heathland. These landscapes have the potential to contain prehistoric archaeology and flint artefacts.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential and develop an archaeological profile. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	No.
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	No.
b) If yes, explain further	
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.

5) What further work is required?	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for below ground archaeology to inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under-standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.



2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?	<ul> <li>WSM70337 This undesignated school has planning permission for demolition. The Council received advice from the 20<sup>th</sup> century society that it was not of national significance despite being designed by an architect of repute.</li> <li>NHLE1100640 Sion Hill House sits in its own historic parkland and has medium aesthetic and historic value; overall significance is medium.</li> <li>The landscape surrounding the site is mature parkland associated with Sion Hill House</li> </ul>
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	with mature boundary trees. The site is distant from the historic core of any known historic settlement therefore there is low potential for below ground archaeology thus overall significance of the site is low although there may be archaeology which has yet to be discovered.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	WSM70337 Building recording of the school buildings prior to demolition. No other legible above ground heritage assets to protect. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable
<ul><li>4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?</li><li>b) If yes, explain further</li><li>c) Can the Local Plan be amended to</li></ul>	No.
achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.

5) What further work is required?	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for below ground archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under-standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.



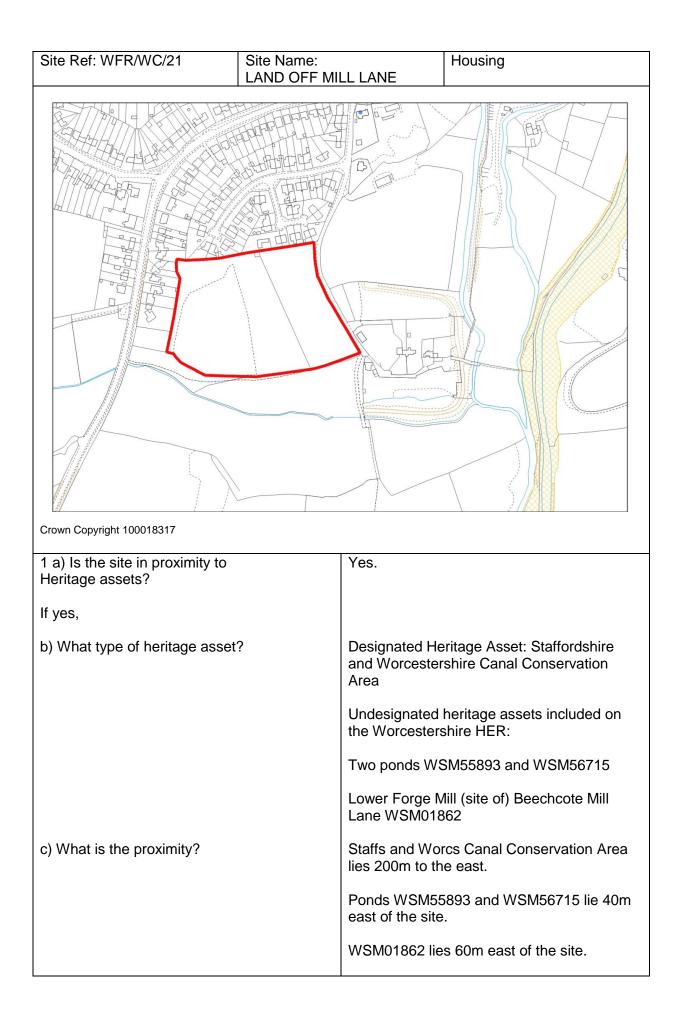
<ul> <li>b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.</li> <li>b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.</li> <li>WSM70337 This undesignated school planning permission for demolition whic currently underway. The Council receive advice from the 20<sup>th</sup> century society the was not of national significance despite being designed by an architect of reput No, as asset will have been demolisher the time any development is brought for overcome the impact/harm?</li> <li>b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan</li> <li>c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?</li> <li>4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?</li> <li>b) If yes, explain further</li> <li>c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?</li> <li>5) What further work is required?</li> <li>Site will require a desk based archaeol assessment to identify potential for belaground archaeology and inform discuss about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment of identify potential of belaground archaeology and inform discuss about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation may be required to endad vance the under-standing of the significance. Archaeological assessment of the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment of the significance. Archaeological assessment of the significance the under-standing of the significance.</li> </ul>	
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3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?       Not applicable.         b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan       Not applicable.         c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?       Not applicable.         4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?       Not applicable.         b) If yes, explain further       c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?       Site will require a desk based archaeol assessment to identify potential for better ground archaeology and inform discuss about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assess and/or mitigation may be required to re and advance the under-standing of the significance. Archaeological assessment	which is eceived y that it spite
overcome the impact/harm?         b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan         c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?         4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?         b) If yes, explain further         c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?         5) What further work is required?         Site will require a desk based archaeol assessment to identify potential for beld ground archaeology and inform discuss about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assess and/or mitigation may be required to re and advance the under-standing of the significance. Archaeological assessment	
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<ul> <li>development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?</li> <li>b) If yes, explain further</li> <li>c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?</li> <li>5) What further work is required?</li> <li>Site will require a desk based archaeole assessment to identify potential for beloground archaeology and inform discuss about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assess and/or mitigation may be required to re and advance the under-standing of the significance. Archaeological assessment</li> </ul>	
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accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings	below cussions of sessment to record their sment to a the nay be of

Site Ref: WFR/WC/20	Site Name: WOLVERLEY CAMP	Housing
Crown Copyright 100018317		
1 a) Is the site in proximity to Heritage assets?	Yes.	
If yes,		
b) What type of heritage asset		ed Heritage Asset: Staffordshire estershire Canal Conservation
		ated heritage assets included on estershire HER:
	Lea Castle	e Park WSM28847
	Wolverley WSM1723	Camp General Hospital 33
c) What is the proximity?	runs north	Worcs Canal Conservation Area -south 25m from the western of the site.
	WSM2884	17 and WSM17233 on site.

2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?	The significance of the Staffordshire and Worcestershire Canal Conservation Area is summarised as follows:
	"The Canal was planned by the famous engineer James Brindley and completed in 1772. It links the Rivers Trent and Severn via the industrial Midlands, and forms an important historic feature running north-south for over fourteen kilometres through the District.
	Associated with the Canal are several bridges, locks, basins, cottages, warehouses and walls, together with the towpath; which form part of its special interest. The principal building materials are red brick, particularly associated with the earlier canal buildings and structures; and all buildings have pitched roofs, generally with grey slates. The corners to buildings are often curved, in order to facilitate turning by wagons. Walls are always capped with semi-circular coping to help reduce wear on ropes and to shed rainwater. Iron metal work (painted black) is a feature of the locks and some narrow bridges. The wider bridges are constructed of red brick and utilize a semi-elliptical arch structure.
	There are many trees and shrubs along the canal side that add to the character of the Conservation Area.
	The Canal is an important leisure resource, adding to its profile. In this respect, the water way is a popular route for leisure boats, with a major complex of basins located at its southern end in Stourport-on-Severn. The towpath is a popular route for walking and cycling.
	The Canal Conservation Area consists of four fairly distinct sections: this site is adjacent to the Northern Section:
	Attractive, well wooded, northern section where it has been cut into sandstone cliffs to maintain its course along the contour, and passes through two locks and a tunnel. Bridge No. 25 is a Listed Building;
	passes through two locks and a tunnel.

	The canal Conservation Area has high evidential, historical, aesthetic and communal value and overall it is of high significance.
	WSM28847 Lea Castle Park:
	Lea Castle estate had remained undisturbed by the expansion of Kidderminster into the early-20th century as recorded (as a park) on the 1st edition of the OS 6 inch. Much of the area defined then as park is still green. It was bounded on the west by the Staffordshire-Worcestershire Canal, the B4189 to the south (south lodge), with an east lodge on the Cookley-Broadwaters road near Lea Castle Farm. An avenue connected the house with the south lodge. The house at Cookley is noticed on Isaac Taylor's 1772 map. The early 19th century house was demolished in 1945. This house was a neo- gothic castle which suggests that a picturesque taste would have been applied to the laying-out of the grounds but details cannot be made out from early or mid-19th century printed maps and the grounds today lack any special quality except for a (?) accidental vale between two woods close to the site of the demolished mansion on the north side. The mid 19th century castellated lodges and the brick boundary wall survive.
	Although the park is still legible 20 <sup>th</sup> century encroachment and a variety of uses has reduced its aesthetic and historic values somewhat, although overall significance is considered to be low/medium.
	WSM 17233 Wolverley Camp General Hospital:
	Hospital built in 1942 accommodation for 500 patients used by US Servicemen until the end of the war. Buildings were brick, asbestos and corrugated iron. Some survival of buildings and foundations. Low aesthetic and communal values, medium evidential and historic values – overall significance is low.
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	The development of this site has the potential to impact adversely on the significance of the adjacent Staffordshire and Worcestershire Canal Conservation Area within its woodland setting.

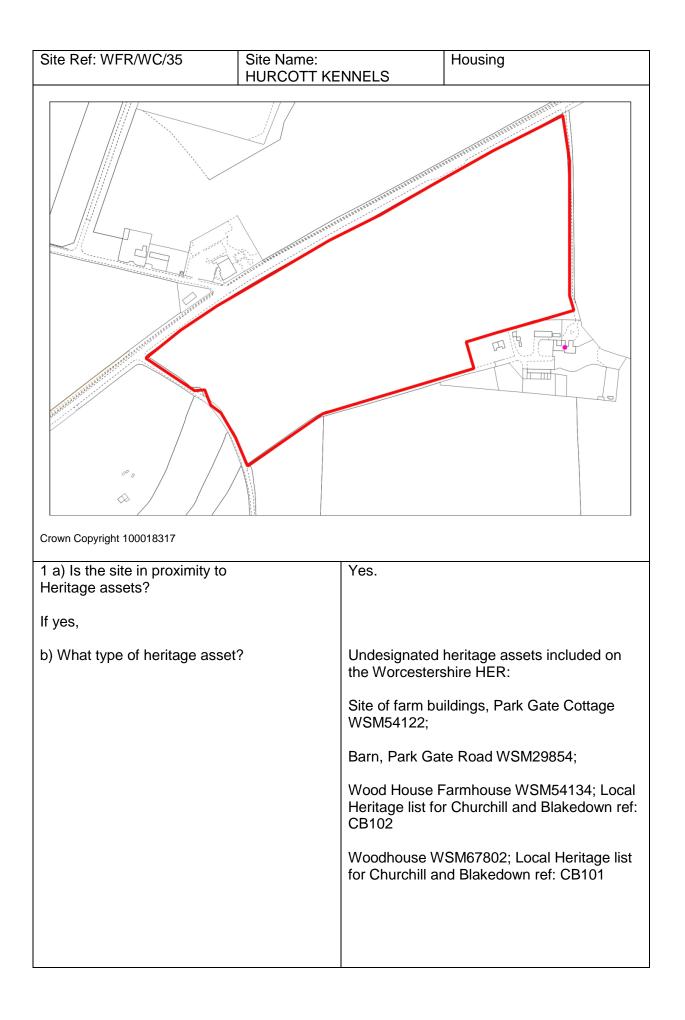
	Relatively low density of known assets on this large site – below ground historic environment potential of the site is unknown.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation possible but difficult to mitigate impact on Canal Conservation Area.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	Building recording will mitigate removal of surviving above ground heritage assets. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional. Site allocations policy to reflect the above.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	No.
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	No.
b) If yes, explain further	
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify above ground and potential for below ground archaeology to inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under-standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.



2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?	The significance of the Staffordshire and Worcestershire Canal Conservation Area is summarised as follows:
	"The Canal was planned by the famous engineer James Brindley and completed in 1772. It links the Rivers Trent and Severn via the industrial Midlands, and forms an important historic feature running north-south for over fourteen kilometres through the District.
	Associated with the Canal are several bridges, locks, basins, cottages, warehouses and walls, together with the towpath; which form part of its special interest. The principal building materials are red brick, particularly associated with the earlier canal buildings and structures; and all buildings have pitched roofs, generally with grey slates. The corners to buildings are often curved, in order to facilitate turning by wagons. Walls are always capped with semi-circular coping to help reduce wear on ropes and to shed rainwater. Iron metal work (painted black) is a feature of the locks and some narrow bridges. The wider bridges are constructed of red brick and utilize a semi-elliptical arch structure.
	There are many trees and shrubs along the canal side that add to the character of the Conservation Area.
	The Canal is an important leisure resource, adding to its profile. In this respect, the water way is a popular route for leisure boats, with a major complex of basins located at its southern end in Stourport-on-Severn. The towpath is a popular route for walking and cycling.
	The Canal Conservation Area consists of four fairly distinct sections: this site is adjacent to the Northern Section:
	Attractive, well wooded, northern section where it has been cut into sandstone cliffs to maintain its course along the contour, and passes through two locks and a tunnel. Bridge No. 25 is a Listed Building;

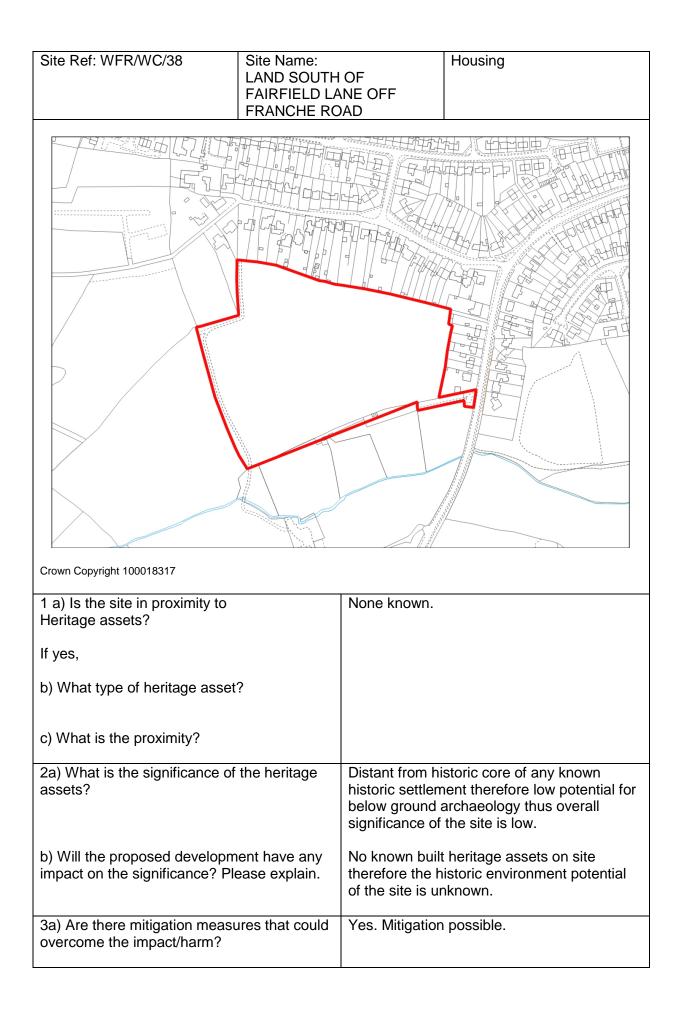
	The canal Conservation Area has high evidential, historical, aesthetic and communal value and overall it is of high significance. The two ponds WSM55893 and WSM56715 have unknown archaeological potential. Lower Forge Mill (site of) Beechcote Mill Lane WSM01862 has historic significance and some evidential significance but owing to the loss of most of the buildings aesthetic and communal values are low. Overall
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	significance is thus low. This is a sensitive south-sloping site development on which may impact on the setting of Beechcote WSM01862 and views from the Staffordshire and Worcestershire Canal.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable.
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	No.
b) If yes, explain further	
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for below ground archaeology to inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record

and advance the under-standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.

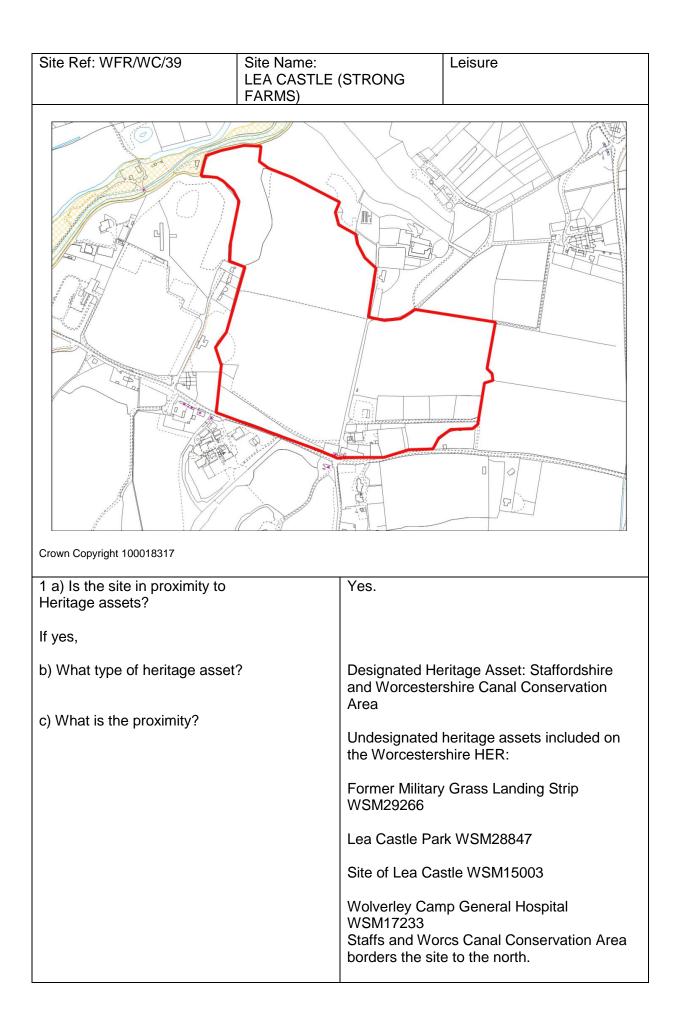


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	Undesignated heritage assets not recorded on the Worcestershire HER:
	The Park Gate Inn
	Site of cottages on Hurcott Lane now demolished
c) What is the proximity?	WSM54122 lies 100m NW of the site.
	WSM29854 lies 90m NW of the site.
	WSM54134 lies 400m E of the site.
	WSM67802 lies 30m S of the site.
	The Park Gate Inn lies 25m N of the site boundary with Stourbridge Road
	Site of now demolished cottages lies on the southern boundary of the site.
2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?	The following undesignated heritage assets have low/medium aesthetic and historic values:
	WSM54122; WSM289854; WSM54134; WSM67802; Park Gate Inn.
	The site of the demolished cottage has potential to yield archaeological evidence.
	Overall these assets have a medium significance within the landscape in terms of their legibility and inter-visibility.
	The site is distant from historic core of any known historic settlement therefore there is low potential for below ground archaeology thus overall significance of the site is low, however it is a highly visible site and within the wider landscape the site has a higher significance in terms of its contribution to the degree of isolation experienced by Woodhouse and Woodhouse Farmhouse
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	Development on this site will impact mainly on the setting of Woodhouse and The Park Gate Inn and may restrict inter-visibility between these undesignated heritage assets.
	This is a large site and although there are no known built heritage assets on site the historic environment potential of the site is

	unknown.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	No legible above ground heritage assets to protect. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	No.
b) If yes, explain further	
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.



b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	No legible above ground heritage assets to protect. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable.
<ul><li>4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?</li><li>b) If yes, explain further</li></ul>	No.
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.

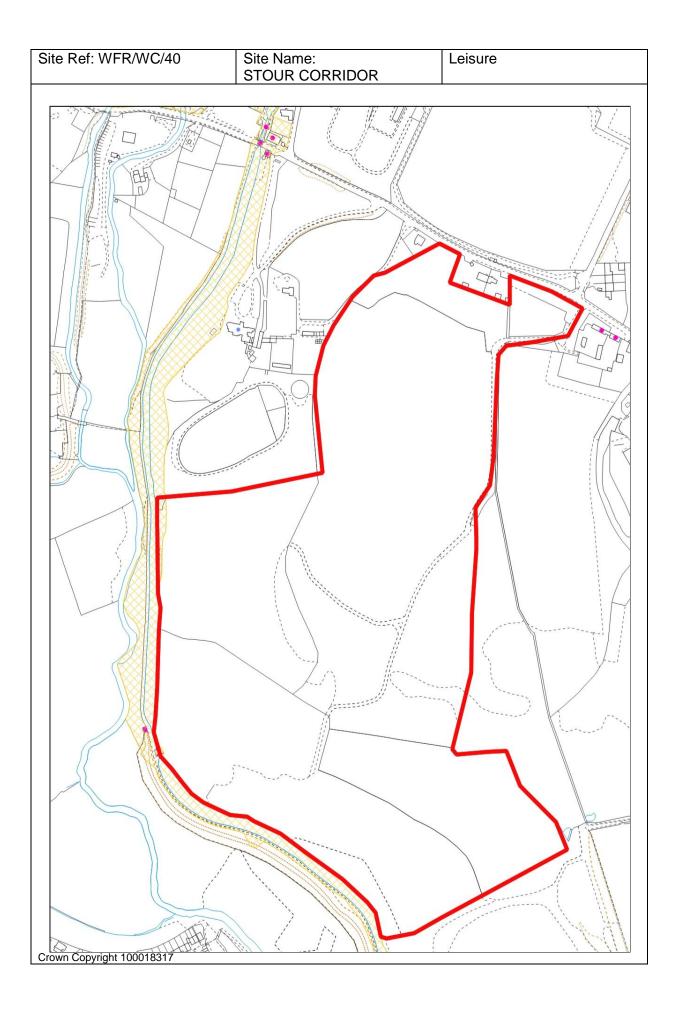


	WSM 29266, WSM28847 and WSM17233 are within the site.
	WSM15003 is 40m to the North east of the site.
2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?	The significance of the Staffordshire and Worcestershire Canal Conservation Area is summarised as follows:
	"The Canal was planned by the famous engineer James Brindley and completed in 1772. It links the Rivers Trent and Severn via the industrial Midlands, and forms an important historic feature running north-south for over fourteen kilometres through the District.
	Associated with the Canal are several bridges, locks, basins, cottages, warehouses and walls, together with the towpath; which form part of its special interest. The principal building materials are red brick, particularly associated with the earlier canal buildings and structures; and all buildings have pitched roofs, generally with grey slates. The corners to buildings are often curved, in order to facilitate turning by wagons. Walls are always capped with semi-circular coping to help reduce wear on ropes and to shed rainwater. Iron metal work (painted black) is a feature of the locks and some narrow bridges. The wider bridges are constructed of red brick and utilize a semi-elliptical arch structure.
	There are many trees and shrubs along the canal side that add to the character of the Conservation Area.
	The Canal is an important leisure resource, adding to its profile. In this respect, the water way is a popular route for leisure boats, with a major complex of basins located at its southern end in Stourport-on-Severn. The towpath is a popular route for walking and cycling.
	The Canal Conservation Area consists of four fairly distinct sections: this site is adjacent to the Northern Section:
	Attractive, well wooded, northern section

where it has been cut into sandstone cliffs to
maintain its course along the contour, and
passes through two locks and a tunnel.
Bridge No. 25 is a Listed Building;
The canal Conservation Area has high evidential, historical, aesthetic and communal value and overall it is of high significance.
WSM28847 Lea Castle Park:
Lea Castle estate had remained undisturbed by the expansion of Kidderminster into the early-20th century as recorded (as a park) on the 1st edition of the OS 6 inch. Much of the area defined then as park is still green. It was bounded on the west by the Staffordshire-Worcestershire Canal, the B4189 to the south (south lodge), with an east lodge on the Cookley-Broadwaters road near Lea Castle Farm. An avenue connected the house with the south lodge. The house at Cookley is noticed on Isaac Taylor's 1772 map. The early 19th century house was demolished in 1945. This house was a neo- gothic castle which suggests that a picturesque taste would have been applied to the laying-out of the grounds but details cannot be made out from early or mid-19th century printed maps and the grounds today lack any special quality except for a (?) accidental vale between two woods close to the site of the demolished mansion on the north side. The mid 19th century castellated lodges and the brick boundary wall survive.
Although the park is still legible 20 <sup>th</sup> century encroachment and a variety of uses has reduced its aesthetic and historic values somewhat, although overall significance is considered to be low/medium.
WSM 17233 Wolverley Camp General Hospital:
Hospital built in 1942 accommodation for 500 patients used by US Servicemen until the end of the war. Buildings were brick, asbestos and corrugated iron. Some survival of buildings and foundations. Low aesthetic and communal values, medium evidential and historic values – overall significance is low.

b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	Former Military Grass Landing Strip WSM29266: no buildings associated with this feature, site has unknown archaeological potential. The development of the northern part of this site has the potential to impact adversely on the significance of the adjacent Staffordshire and Worcestershire Canal Conservation Area within its woodland setting. This is a site highly sensitive to development due to its intact rural parkland character, topography and impact on mature woodland which form the setting for the Conservation
	Area.
	Development on this site has potential to affect below ground historic environment the significance of which is unknown.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation possible but difficult to mitigate impact on Canal Conservation Area.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	Building recording will mitigate removal of surviving above ground heritage assets. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional. Site allocations policy to reflect the above.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	No.
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	No.
b) If yes, explain further	
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.

5) What further work is required?	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify above ground and potential for below ground archaeology to inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under-standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.



1 a) Is the site in proximity to Heritage assets?	Yes.
If yes,	
b) What type of heritage asset?	Designated heritage assets:
	Staffordshire and Worcestershire Canal Conservation Area;
	NHLE1172846 Wolverley Court Grade II
	Undesignated heritage asset included on the local heritage list for Wolverley and Cookley Ref: LLWC53 Wolverley Court Lock Bridge;
c) What is the proximity?	Staffs and Worcs Canal Conservation Area immediately adjacent to the west.
	NHLE1172846 is sited 90m to west of site.
	LLWC53 is sited 10m to west of site.
2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?	The significance of the Staffordshire and Worcestershire Canal Conservation Area is summarised as follows: "The Canal was planned by the famous engineer James Brindley and completed in 1772. It links the Rivers Trent and Severn via the industrial Midlands, and forms an important historic feature running north-south for over fourteen kilometres through the District. Associated with the Canal are several bridges, locks, basins, cottages, warehouses and walls, together with the towpath; which form part of its special interest. The principal building materials are red brick, particularly associated with the earlier canal buildings and structures; and all buildings have pitched roofs, generally with grey slates. The corners to buildings are often curved, in order to facilitate turning by wagons. Walls are
	always capped with semi-circular coping to help reduce wear on ropes and to shed rainwater. Iron metal work (painted black) is a feature of the locks and some narrow bridges. The wider bridges are constructed of red brick and utilize a

semi-elliptical arch structure.
There are many trees and shrubs along the canal side that add to the character of the Conservation Area.
The Canal is an important leisure resource, adding to its profile. In this respect, the water way is a popular route for leisure boats, with a major complex of basins located at its southern end in Stourport-on-Severn. The towpath is a popular route for walking and cycling.
The Canal Conservation Area consists of four fairly distinct sections:
Attractive, well wooded, northern section where it has been cut into sandstone cliffs to maintain its course along the contour, and passes through two locks and a tunnel. Bridge No. 25 is a Listed Building; Urban section past the carpet mills through the old industrial heart of Kidderminster; Section parallel to the lower reaches of the River Stour in more open landscape; and Section within the Stourport-on-Severn Town Centre where the Canal joins the River Severn via a series of basins. This part of the Canal is covered by separate Conservation Area designations."
communal value and overall it is of high significance.
Wolverley Court NHLE1172846 is a large Grade II listed building built c1600 for the Attwood family and refronted and remodelled c.1820-30. It has considerable historic and aesthetic value and some communal and evidential value: overall significance is medium/high.
Wolverley Court Lock Bridge LLWC53 is a red brick bridge over the Staffs and Worcs Canal at the site of a lock and in an isolated location.

b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	The site is on rising land to the east of the canal and development on it may thus affect views towards and out of the Conservation Area and thus its significance in the wider landscape. The site surrounds Wolverley Court to the south and east such that development on it will impact on the setting of the listed building within the wider landscape. The site is adjacent to Wolverley Court Lock Bridge from which views east will be impacted by development on the site.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes, however mitigation of potential visual impact on the landscape unlikely to outweigh the harm caused.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	Site allocations policy to reflect the above.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	This is a site set to the east of the canal and the valley of the River Stour corridor. It is a site highly sensitive to development due to its intact rural character, impact on the setting of mature woodland character and impact on the setting of the Staffordshire and Worcestershire Canal, and River Stour corridor. Developing a site of this scale at this location will impose substantial harm to landscape character as well as impacting on views to and from Wolverley Court and Wolverley Court Lock Bridge.
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	No.
b) If yes, explain further	
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	If development is deemed to be acceptable in principle then the site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify the potential for archaeology (including palaeo-environmental deposits) and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment

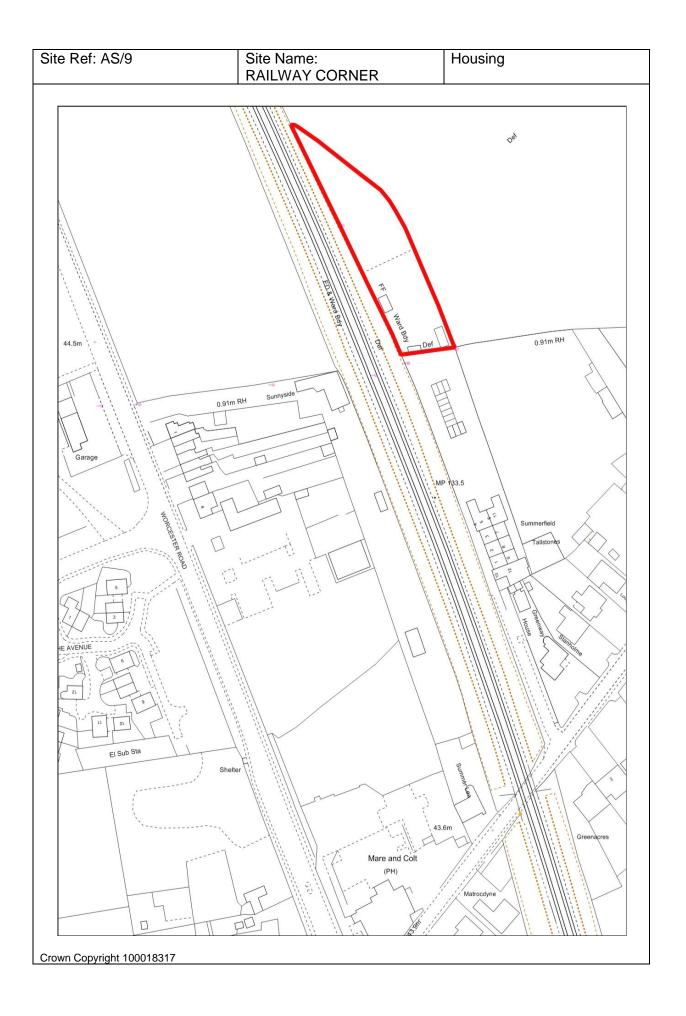
and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the understanding of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.

## Appendix B4

## Heritage Impact Assessments for those sites excluded from the Wyre Forest District Council Local Plan Pre-Submission Publication October 2018

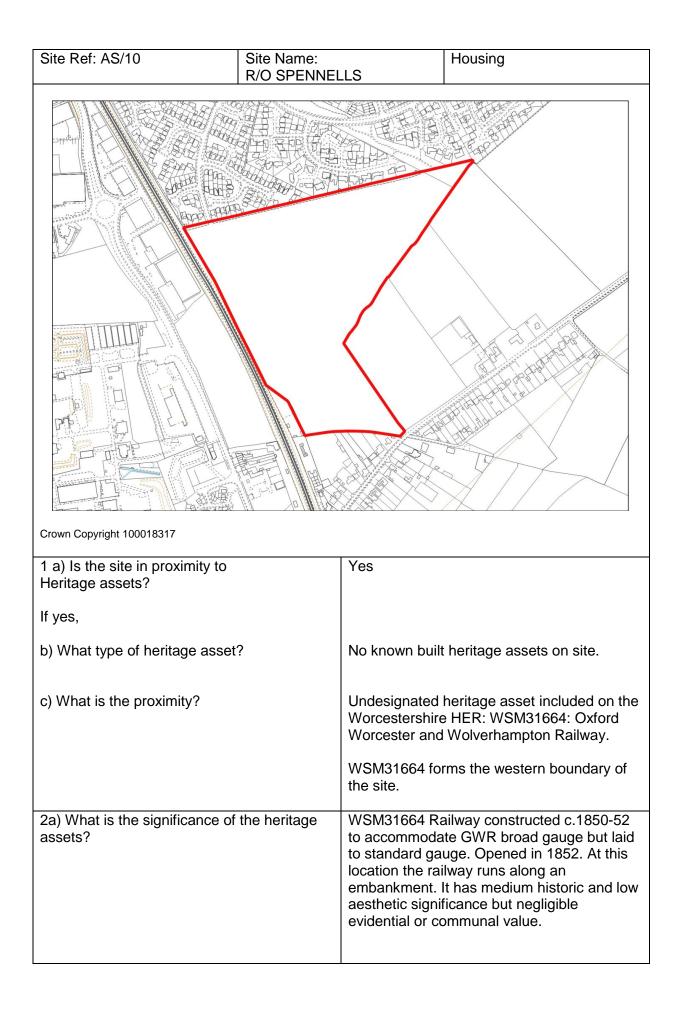
## **Kidderminster East**

HELAA REF	LOCATION	Type of land use
AS/9	Railway Corner	Housing
AS/10	R/O Spennells	Housing
OC/4	R/O Baldwin Rd	Housing
OC/13S	Land at Stone Hill South	Housing
WFR/CB/6	Land North of Birmingham Rd	Employment
WFR/CB/7	Land South of Birmingham Rd	Employment
WFR/ST/1	Captains and The Lodge	Housing
WFR/ST/2	Land off Stanklyn Lane	Housing
WFR/ST/3	Land North of Stone Hill	Housing
WFR/ST/4	Land West of Stanklyn Lane	Housing
WFR/ST/6	Heath Lane Stone	Travelling Showpeople
WFR/ST/10	Extension to land at Stone Hill N	Housing

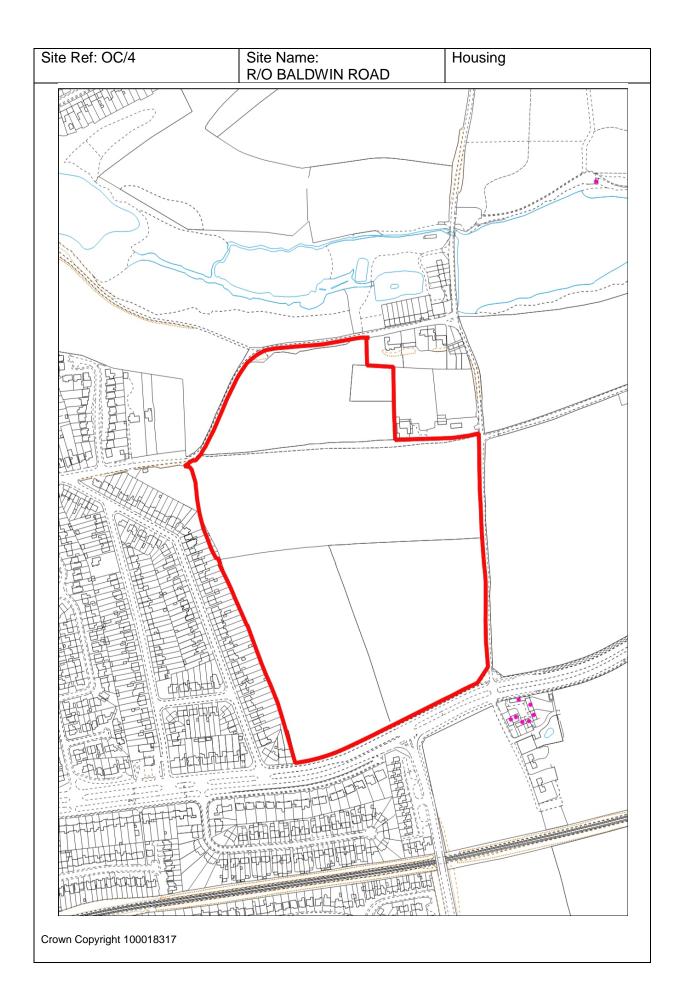


1 a) Is the site in proximity to Heritage assets?	Yes
If yes,	
b) What type of heritage asset?	No known built heritage assets on site.
c) What is the proximity?	Undesignated heritage asset included on the Worcestershire HER: WSM31664: Oxford Worcester and Wolverhampton Railway.
	WSM31664 forms the western boundary of the site.
2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?	WSM31664 Railway constructed c.1850-52 to accommodate GWR broad gauge but laid to standard gauge. Opened in 1852. At this location the railway runs along an embankment. It has medium historic and low aesthetic significance but negligible evidential or communal value.
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	No known built heritage assets on site therefore the historic environment potential of the site is unknown.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation Possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	No legible above ground heritage assets to protect. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable.
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	No
b) If yes, explain further	
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.

5) What further work is required?	Unknown potential for archaeology: Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the understanding of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.



b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	Distant from historic core of any known historic settlement therefore low potential for below ground archaeology thus overall significance of the site is low. No known built heritage assets on site therefore the historic environment potential of the site is unknown.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	No legible above ground heritage assets to protect. Historic hedges and field boundaries lost. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable.
<ul><li>4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?</li><li>b) If yes, explain further</li></ul>	No.
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to	
achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Historic field boundaries and hedges lost - Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.

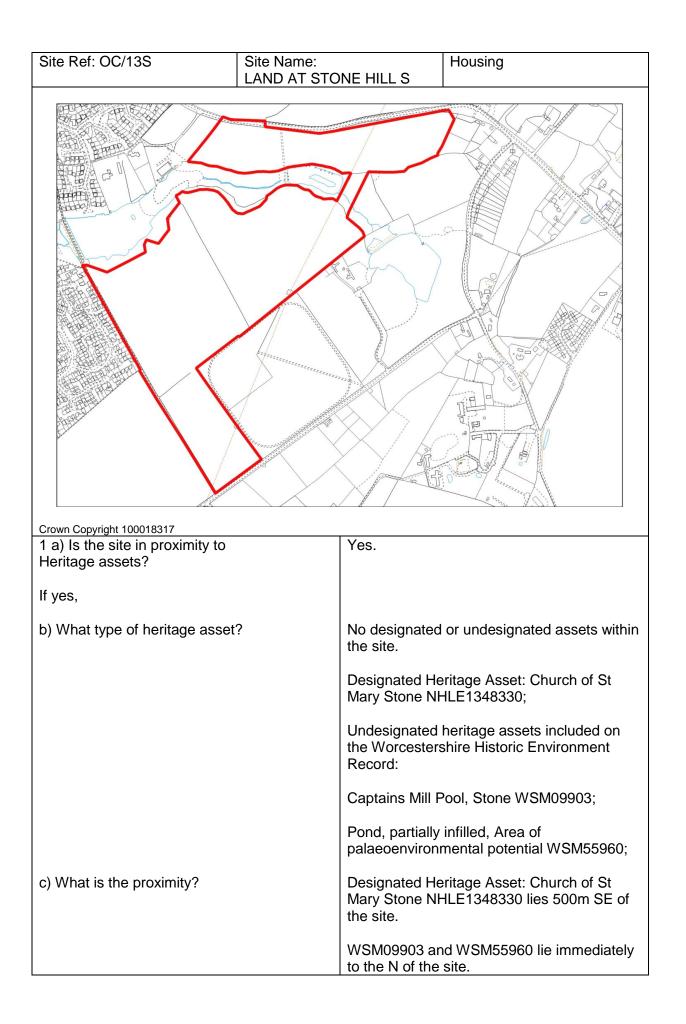


1 a) Is the site in proximity to Heritage assets?	Yes.
If yes,	
b) What type of heritage asset?	Undesignated heritage assets included on Worcestershire HER:
	WW2 Stronghold/Strongpoint WSM28622
	Area of palaeo-environmental potential to north.
	Hurcott Mill: WSM08170;
	Hodge Hill Farmhouse, Hodge Hill Farm, Hurcott WSM39623;
	Farm buildings associated with Hodge Hill Farm, Hurcott WSM39624
	Field Named Battle Field Near Hodge Hill Farm, Kidderminster WSM33860
c) What is the proximity?	WSM28622 within site boundary.
	Hurcott Mill: WSM08170 lies 25m to the NE of the site.
	WSM39623 lies 50m SE of the site.
	WSM39624 lies 20m to the east of the site.
	WSM33860 lies 15m to the east of the site.
2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?	WW2 Strongpoint WSM28622: The details of this feature are not known but the 1940 Defence Map for Kidderminster from which it was identified implies trenchworks around the summit of the hill to cover the approaches to Kidderminster from the east. There is no indication of them now
	WSM08170: Hurcott Mill was in operation as a paper mill in 1832 and the associated pool has existed in its present form since 1822. The mill was destroyed by fire in 1974 and rebuilt as flats. It forms the principal building within the village of Hurcott. It has medium aesthetic and historic value, low communal and evidential value. Overall significance is medium/low.
	Hodge Hill Farmhouse, Hodge Hill Farm, Hurcott WSM39623 is an 18 <sup>th</sup> century brick

	1
	farmhouse of medium aesthetic and historic value and low communal and evidential value, overall significance low/medium.
	Farm buildings associated with Hodge Hill Farm, Hurcott WSM39624 are well- preserved set of barns forming L shaped courtyard around farmhouse. They are of medium aesthetic and historic significance and low evidential and communal significance. Now converted to residential.
	Field Named Battle Field Near Hodge Hill Farm, Kidderminster WSM33860. The significance of the site is not yet understood.
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	Development on this site may disturb buried trenches related to WSM28622 and there is also potential for discovery of buried ordnance on the site. There is potential for total loss of the archaeological feature.
	Development on the northern most field of this site is site has potential to affect the setting of Hurcott Mill and Hurcott Village.
	Development on this site may affect the setting of WSM39623 and WSM39624 Hodge Hill Farm House and Barns as a farmstead isolated from the urban area.
	Distant from historic core of any known historic settlement however potential for additional below ground archaeology exists due to site of potential battlefield on adjacent land.
	Potential for disturbance of palaeo- environmental deposits at the northern part of the site.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	No legible above ground heritage assets to protect within the site, however development may disturb asset WSM28622. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.

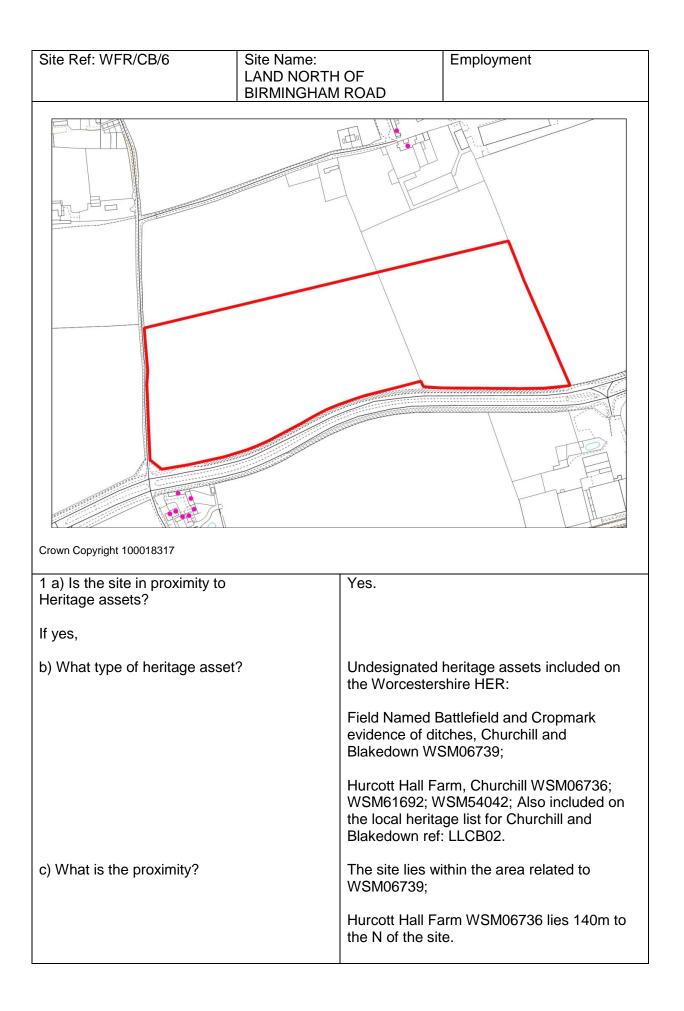
	Avoid development on site of trenches if/when location of these is confirmed by archaeological investigations.
	<b>POTENTIAL FOR BURIED ORDNANCE ON</b> <b>THE SITE</b> as identified within WSM28622.
	Any new development should, in terms of form, scale and massing respect the orientation and setting of the farmstead and historic views from and towards the farmstead. Avoidance of development at SE corner of the site at junction of A456 and Hurcott Lane will maintain the rural aspect of the setting of Hodge Hill Farm.
	This is a sensitive landscape especially in the northern half (northern two fields of four), which forms part of the setting for Hurcott Village, Mill and the Hurcott Brook Valley. Hurcott Road and Hurcott Lane are also sensitive to development. The northern half should therefore be retained as informal open space to protect the setting of the above landscape assets and contribute towards the wider, high-value GI network. The southern two fields have capacity for some development, although buffering Hurcott will be a priority to protect its character and contribute towards the north- south GI corridor.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance.	No.
b) If yes, explain further	
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be

incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.



2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?	NHLE1348330 is a Victorian Grade II Parish Church extended with tower constructed 1899. The building has medium aesthetic, historic and communal value, thus overall significance is medium. Its setting is within an isolated hamlet to the east of the main road, on a sloping hillside and thus its setting is an important part of its significance.
	Captains Mill Pool, Stone WSM09903:
	Mill Pool for Spennell's Corn Mill. Leat shown on plan dated to 1841, and is thus of historic value and has low/medium significance.
	Pond, partially infilled, Area of palaeo- environmental potential WSM55960:
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	Development on this site has potential to adversely impact on the rural setting of St Mary's Church Stone.
	There could be some potential for surviving environmental remains, however this is unknown and thus the significance is not fully understood.
	Distant from historic core of any known historic settlement although within an area of former heath land enclosed in the 18th century. The potential for early prehistoric flint artefacts and activity exists.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes Mitigation possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	The potential for early prehistoric flint artefacts and activity should be investigated through a programme of archaeological works that will need to include field walking and trial trenching.
	Site allocations policy to reflect the above.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable.
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	Yes.
b) If yes, explain further	The northern part of this site between the Brook/woodland corridor and A448 should be buffered with only low density development set back from the road to maintain the visual

	rural character of the western approach towards Kidderminster. The setting of Captain's Pool and woodland corridor are sensitive to encroachment and should be buffered.
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Site allocations policy to reflect the above.
5) What further work is required?	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. The potential for early prehistoric flint artefacts and activity should be investigated through a programme of archaeological works that will need to include field walking and trial trenching. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under-standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact.



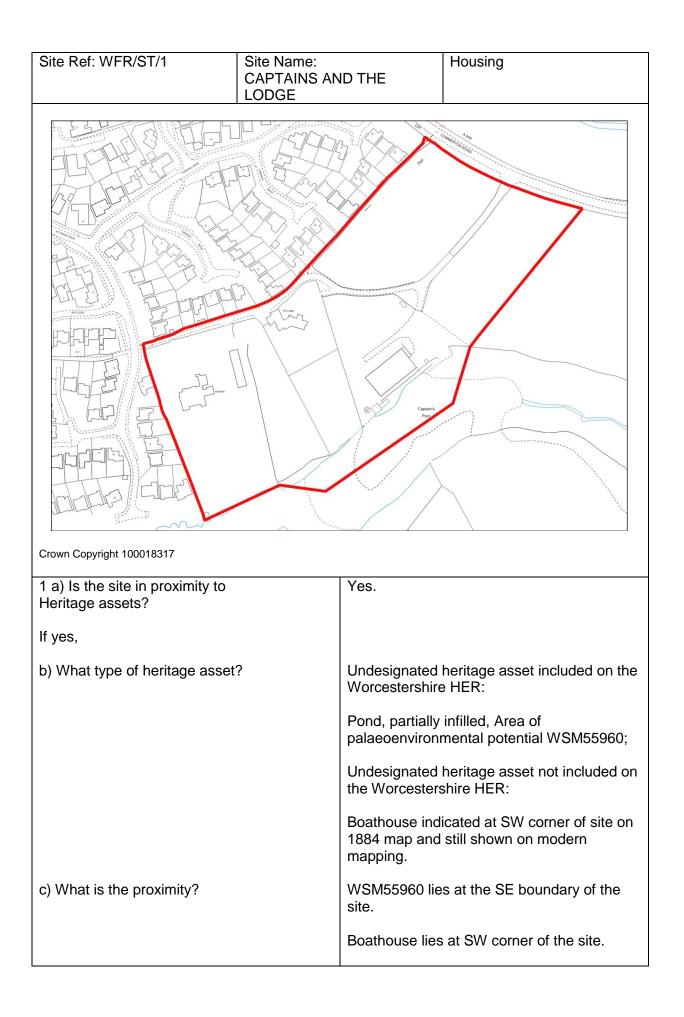
2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?	Distant from historic core of any known historic settlement however potential for below ground archaeology exists due to site of potential battlefield on the site. WSM06739: The site is contained within an area that has the historic fieldname 'Battlefield' and a record of possible ditches evidenced by archaeological crop marks. The site should be considered as one of high archaeological potential that will require below ground investigations
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	WSM06736: This site has 14 <sup>th</sup> century origins although the present house dates from 1855 and is included for aesthetic and historic value contributing to a medium significance. The site should be considered as one of high
	archaeological potential that will require below ground investigations. Development on this site will affect the setting of Hurcott Hall to the north.
	Development on this site may disturb the remains of Lord Foley's Irrigation Scheme, which if still operational may impact on other arable land within the vicinity.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes, however this is likely to be limited.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	Screen planting to the northern boundary could reduce the visual impact of development on this site on the setting of Hurcott Hall to the north.
	If following further investigations the site is found to have been the battlefield the sites designation may be affected, related to the significance of what is discovered.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	The NPPF allows for a balanced judgement to be made on the desirability of development versus the level of harm caused to undesignated heritage assets.

<ul><li>4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?</li><li>b) If yes, explain further</li><li>c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?</li></ul>	No. Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of adjacent built heritage assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.
	1

Site Ref: WFR/CB/7	Site Name: LAND SOUTH OF BIRMINGHAM ROAD	Employment
1 a) Is the site in proximity to Heritage assets?	Yes.	
If yes,		
b) What type of heritage asset	? Undesignate Worcestersh	ed heritage assets included on hire HER:
	Oxford Word Railway WS	cester and Wolverhampton M31664;
	Hodge Hill F Hurcott WSI	armhouse, Hodge Hill Farm, M39623;
		gs associated with Hodge Hill htt WSM39624;
		d Battle Field Near Hodge Hill rminster WSM33860;
	Lord Foley's	Irrigation Scheme WSM16506;

c) What is the proximity?	WSM39623 lies 20m to the west of the site.
	WSM39624 lies immediately to the west of the site.
	WSM33860 lies within the site boundary.
	WSM31664 forms the southern boundary of the site.
	WSM16505 may lie within the site – it is believed to have served the fields to the south of the railway line.
2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?	WSM31664 Railway constructed c.1850-52 to accommodate GWR broad gauge but laid to standard gauge. Opened in 1852. At this location the railway runs along an embankment. It has medium historic and low aesthetic significance but negligible evidential or communal value.
	Hodge Hill Farmhouse, Hodge Hill Farm, Hurcott WSM39623 is an 18 <sup>th</sup> century brick farmhouse of medium aesthetic and historic value and low communal and evidential value, overall significance low/medium.
	Farm buildings associated with Hodge Hill Farm, Hurcott WSM39624 are well- preserved set of barns forming L shaped courtyard around farmhouse. They are of medium aesthetic and historic significance and low evidential and communal significance. Now converted to residential.
	Field Named Battle Field Near Hodge Hill Farm, Kidderminster WSM33860. The significance of the site is not yet understood.
	Lord Foley's Irrigation Scheme WSM16506: The original system was constructed around 1680 to convey waters from the high ground of the Clent Hills to the sandy arable areas of the Blakedown/Kidderminster areas. This improvement was made by Lord Foley under the direction of Mr. Pratt. This feature covers a vast area of fields under pasture and cultivation. The channel systems are clearly seen on LiDAR imagery. There could be some potential for remaining environmental deposits within this area.
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	Development on this site will inevitably compromise the setting of Hodge Hill Farm

Di hi be of3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local planc) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?4a) Are there any opportunities for	rom the urban area. Distant from historic core of any known historic settlement however potential for below ground archaeology exists due to site of potential battlefield on the site. Development on this site may disturb the emains of Lord Foley's Irrigation Scheme, which if still operational may impact on other trable land within the vicinity.
re will ar3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?Neb) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local planNec) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?Ne4a) Are there any opportunities forNe	emains of Lord Foley's Irrigation Scheme, which if still operational may impact on other arable land within the vicinity.
overcome the impact/harm?b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local planc) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?4a) Are there any opportunities for	lo.
mitigation could be achieved through the local planNoc) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?No4a) Are there any opportunities forNo	
benefits that justify the development?4a) Are there any opportunities for	
	lone known.
development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	lo.
b) If yes, explain further	
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to No achieve the enhancements?	lot applicable.
as ar th m th as re st as in su	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and nitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be equired to record and advance the under- tanding of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement ubmitted with the planning application to dentify the significance of adjacent built

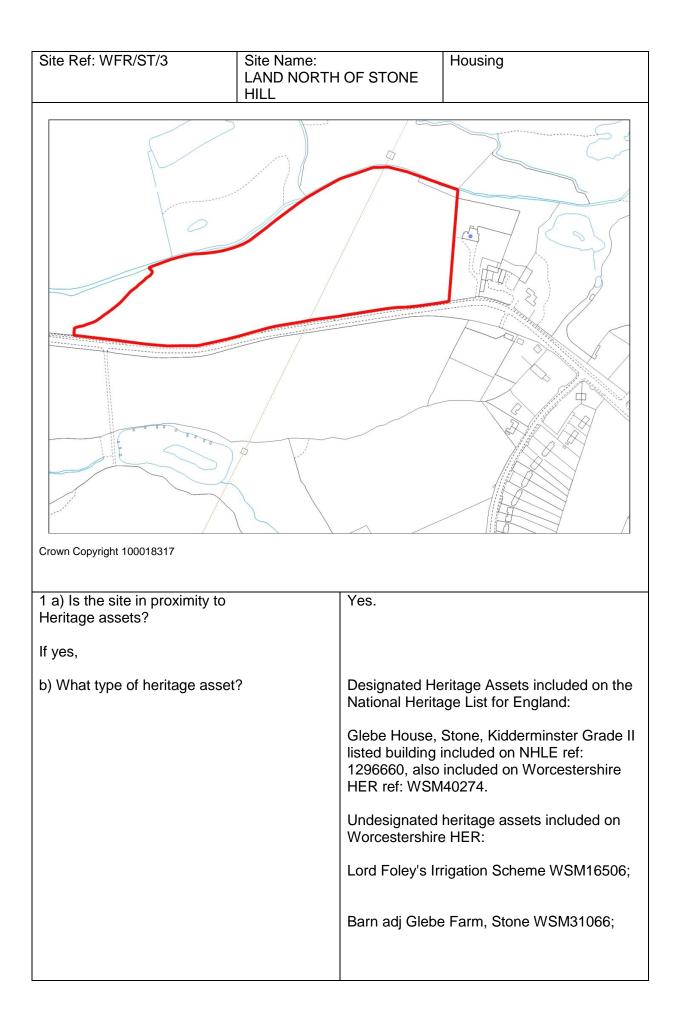


2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?	WSM55960 Area of marsh and stream shown on 1st Edition OS map. There could be some potential for surviving environmental remains, however this is unknown. Demolition of boathouse will lead to total loss of undesignated heritage asset of unknown significance.
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	Distant from historic core of any known historic settlement therefore low potential for below ground archaeology thus overall significance of the site is low.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes mitigation possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	Yes. Mitigation possible.
	Building recording of above ground heritage assets.
	In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.
	Site allocations policy to reflect above.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable.
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	Yes.
b) If yes, explain further	Area of existing pool to remain undeveloped and opportunity for Green Infrastructure route around its perimeter.
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in

the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact.

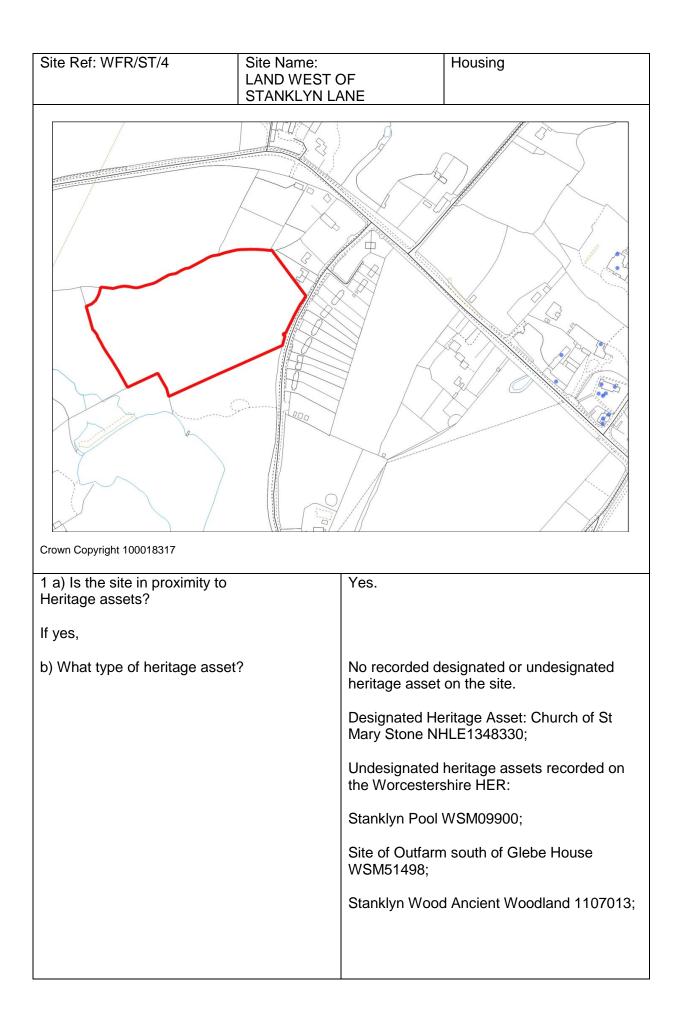
Site Ref: WFR/ST/2	Site Name: LAND OFF ST LANE	ANKLYN	Housing
Frown Copyright 100018317			
1 a) Is the site in proximity to Heritage assets?		None known.	
If yes,			
b) What type of heritage asset?	?		
c) What is the proximity?			
2a) What is the significance of assets?	the heritage	historic settlem	storic core of any known nent therefore low potential for archaeology thus overall the site is low.
b) Will the proposed developme impact on the significance? Ple			t heritage assets on site istoric environment potential hknown.
3a) Are there mitigation measu overcome the impact/harm?	res that could	Yes. Mitigation	n possible.

b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	No legible above ground heritage assets to protect. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable.
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	Yes.
b) If yes, explain further	Some historic field boundaries remain and these could be integrated into the development site providing opportunities for Green Infrastructure and influencing the orientation and positioning of built development.
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.



c) What is the proximity?	<ul><li>NHLE 1296660 and WSM40274 lies immediately to the east of the site and shares the site boundary.</li><li>WSM16506 forms the north boundary of the site.</li><li>WSM31066 lies 40m to the east of the site.</li></ul>
2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?	Glebe House NHLE 1296660 dates from the early C18 and has medium aesthetic and historic values and has overall medium significance.
	Lord Foley's Irrigation Scheme WSM16506: The original system was constructed around 1680 to convey waters from the high ground of the Clent Hills to the sandy arable areas of the Blakedown/Kidderminster areas. This improvement was made by Lord Foley under the direction of Mr. Pratt. This feature covers a vast area of fields under pasture and cultivation. The channel systems are clearly seen on LiDAR imagery. There could be some potential for remaining environmental deposits within this area.
	Barn adj Glebe Farm, Stone WSM31066 has medium local significance by virtue of its aesthetic and historic values.
	The site is of unknown archaeological potential, but should be viewed in the context of its archaeological setting, that should it be taken forward to development will require assessment.
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	Development on this site has potential to adversely impact on the rural setting of Glebe House and farmstead barns.
	Development on this site may disturb the Irrigation Scheme, which if still operational may impact on other arable land within the vicinity.
	This is a highly sensitive rural landscape that should remain undeveloped to protect the open-ness of the Green Belt and maintain the setting and separation of Kidderminster and Stone. Development on this site could lead to a ribbon-development affect along the main road between Kidderminster and Stone.

overcome the impact/harm?	No.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	
benefits that justify the development?	None known.
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?N	No.
b) If yes, explain further	
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to N achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.
as ai th m th as re st as in st as in st ast a	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be ncorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to dentify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings. A separate assessment of impact on the setting of designated heritage assets is also required.

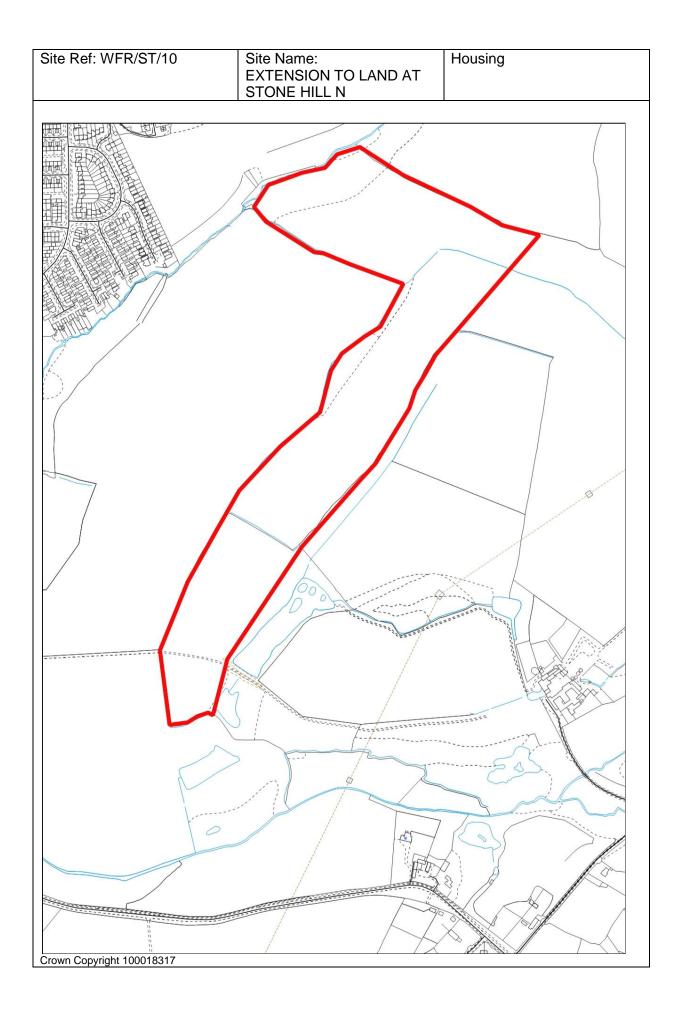


c) What is the proximity?	Church of St Mary Stone NHLE1348330 lies 400m east of the site;
	Stanklyn Pool WSM09900 lies 30m to the south of the site.
	Site of Outfarm south of Glebe House WSM51498 lies70m north of the site.
	Stanklyn Wood Ancient Woodland 1107013 lies immediately adjacent to the site to the west.
2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?	The site itself is of unknown archaeological potential, but should be viewed in the context of its archaeological setting, that should it be taken forward to development will require assessment.
	NHLE1348330 is a Victorian Grade II Parish Church extended with tower constructed 1899. The building has medium aesthetic, historic and communal value, thus overall significance is medium. Its setting is within an isolated hamlet to the east of the main road, on a sloping hillside and thus its setting is an important part of its significance.
	WSM09900 is a large pool with substantial dam likely to have been constructed for industrial purposes rather than for landscaping of an estate. Smaller than shown on 1 <sup>st</sup> edition Ordnance Survey. Good potential for undisturbed environmental remains. Significance of the pool has yet to be fully established.
	WSM51498 is now demolished and thus the significance of any buried archaeology is unknown.
	Ancient Woodland 1107013 is woodland that has existed since 1600AD and is thus rich in natural history as well as forming an important component of the significance of the setting of heritage assets.
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	Development on this site has potential to adversely impact on the rural setting of St Mary's Church Stone and Stanklyn Pool.
	Development on this site will have an adverse impact on the adjacent Ancient Woodland and remove the visual relationship and separation of the woodland from the

	hamlet of Stone.
	This is a highly sensitive rural landscape in the setting of Stone that should remain undeveloped to protect the open-ness of the Green Belt and maintain the setting and separation of Kidderminster and Stone. The woodland corridor and setting of Stanklyn Lane are vulnerable to development on this site.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	No.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not known.
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	No.
b) If yes, explain further	
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	
5) What further work is required?	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for on-site archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings. A separate assessment of impact on the setting of designated heritage assets is also required.

Site Ref: WFR/ST/6	Site Name: HEATH LANE STONE	Travelling Showpeople	
<u> </u>			
Crown Copyright 100018317 1 a) Is the site in proximity to	Yes.		
Heritage assets?			
b) What type of heritage asse		ed designated or undesignated sset on the site.	
		ated heritage assets recorded on stershire HER:	
		ldings Summerfield Training nent Stanklyn Lane Stone 2	
c) What is the proximity?	WSM2864	2 150m to north west of site.	
2a) What is the significance of assets?	historic set below grou	m historic core of any known ttlement therefore low potential for und archaeology thus overall the site is low.	
		2 – some huts and concrete bases remain. They have low aesthetic	

<ul> <li>value and medium historic value, negligible evidential or communal value overall significance is low.</li> <li>Development within the setting of these assets is unlikely to affect their significance.</li> <li>No known built heritage assets on site therefore the historic environment potential</li> </ul>
of the site is unknown.
No.
Not applicable.
No
Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.



1 a) Is the site in proximity to Heritage assets?	Yes.
If yes,	
b) What type of heritage asset?	Undesignated heritage assets included on Worcestershire HER:
	Lord Foley's Irrigation Scheme WSM16506;
	Dunclent Deer Park WSM06735;
c) What is the proximity?	WSM16506 and WSM06735 fall within the boundaries of the site.
2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?	Lord Foley's Irrigation Scheme WSM16506: The original system was constructed around 1680 to convey waters from the high ground of the Clent Hills to the sandy arable areas of the Blakedown/Kidderminster areas. This improvement was made by Lord Foley under the direction of Mr. Pratt. This feature covers a vast area of fields under pasture and cultivation. The channel systems are clearly seen on LiDAR imagery. There could be some potential for remaining environmental deposits within this area.
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	Deer Park WSM06735 was in the area of Dunclent Farm however the precise boundaries are not known. Development on this site may disturb the Irrigation Scheme, which if still operational
	may impact on other arable land within the vicinity.
	Development of this site would represent a major encroachment into a sensitive rural landscape with consequent loss of former Deer Park in the wider landscape setting.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	No.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	None known.

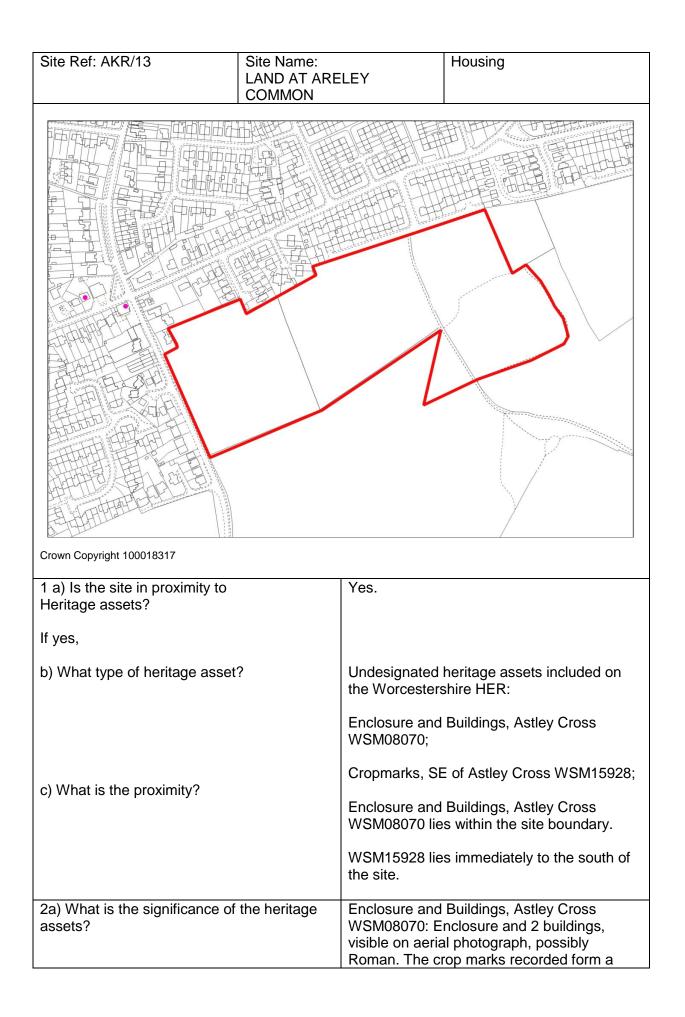
<ul><li>4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?</li><li>b) If yes, explain further</li><li>c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?</li></ul>	No. Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings. A separate assessment of impact on the setting of designated heritage assets is also required.

## Appendix B5

## Heritage Impact Assessments for those sites excluded from the Wyre Forest District Council Local Plan Pre-Submission Publication October 2018

## **Stourport Sites**

HELAA REF	LOCATION	Type of land use
AKR/13	Land at Areley Common	Housing
AKR/15	Rectory Lane	Housing
LI/2	Wyre Forest Golf Club Kingsway	Housing
LI/5	Burlish Crossing	Housing
LI/6/7	Lickhill Road North	Housing
MI/12	Robbins Depot	Housing
MI/17	Stourport Manor	Housing
MI/20	Land at Wilden Top	Housing
MI/35	106 Minster Rd Stourport	Mixed Use



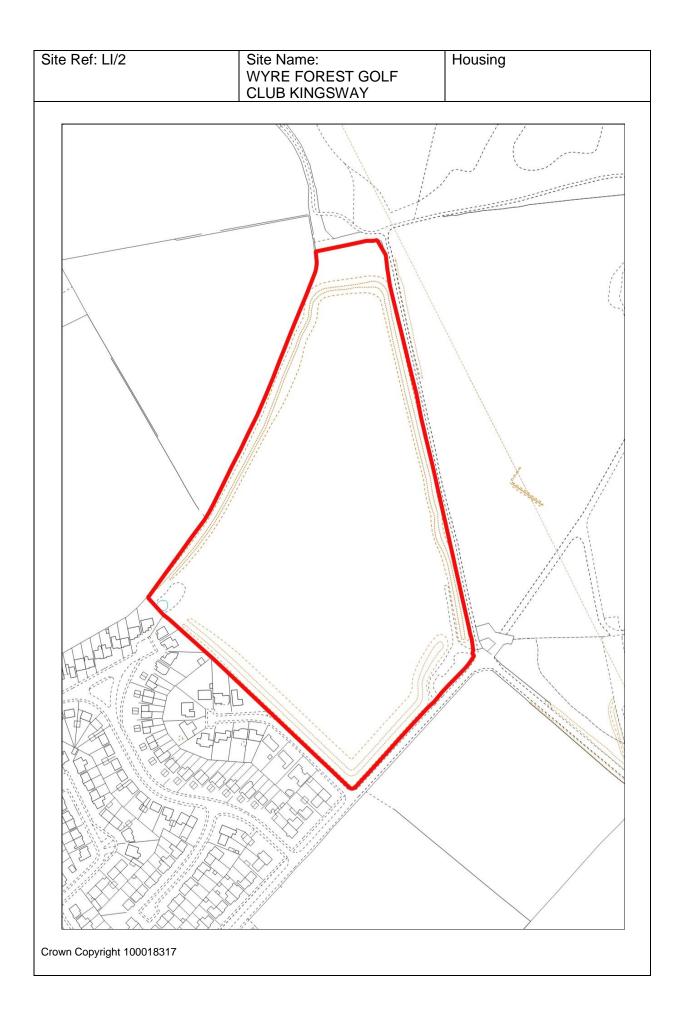
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	<ul> <li>small rectilinear enclosure, usually dated to the Iron Age or Roman period on the basis of their form. There is thus potential for archaeology of high historic significance. Cropmarks, SE of Astley Cross WSM15928: There is a clear double ditch line on a different alignment to current fields and other less definite features. There is thus potential for archaeology of high significance.</li> <li>Moderate to high potential for below ground archaeology thus overall significance of the site is medium to high.</li> <li>Although there are no known built heritage assets on site the historic environment potential of the site is moderate to high and thus development may affect below ground archaeology.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?</li> <li>b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan</li> </ul>	Yes. Mitigation possible. No legible above ground heritage assets to protect. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional and due to the potential for archaeology of high significance its loss considered against any benefits for the development (the discovery of highly significant archaeology could result in the designation of the site).
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not known.
<ul><li>4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?</li><li>b) If yes, explain further</li><li>c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?</li></ul>	No. Not applicable.

5) What further work is required?	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.

Site Ref: AKR/15	Site Name: RECTORY LANE	Housing
		I
Crown Copyright 100018317		
1 a) Is the site in proximity to Heritage assets?	Y	es.
If yes,		
b) What type of heritage asset	? N	o known heritage assets on the site.
	D	esignated heritage assets:
		udor Rose Cottage Dunley NHLE1082713 rade II;
		hurch of St. Bartholomew, Areley Kings, tourport NHLE1209472 Grade II*;
		ndesignated heritage assets included on e Worcestershire HER:
		roomy Hill, Areley Kings, Stourport /SM34615;
c) What is the proximity?	N	HLE1082713 lies 560m SW of the site. HLE1209472 lies 600m NW of the site. /SM34615 lies 400m to the N of the site.

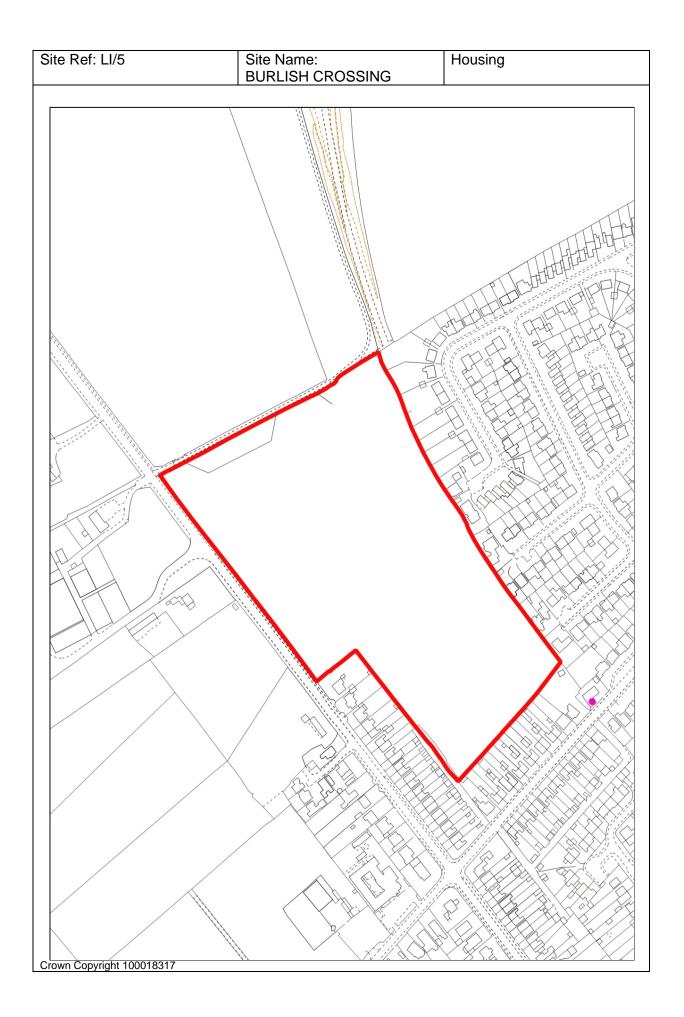
<ul> <li>2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?</li> <li>b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.</li> </ul>	Tudor Rose Cottage, Dunley Road, Dunley NHLE1082713 is a Grade II listed isolated C17 timber-framed house. It has medium aesthetic and historic value and low evidential communal and evidential value, thus the overall significance is medium. Church of St. Bartholomew, Areley Kings, Stourport NHLE1209472 Grade II* dates from Norman times with C14, C15 and C18 elements remaining, rebuilt 1885-6. Upper courses of tower are C15. Church has high historic, communal and aesthetic values, and thus its significance is high. As the most historic surviving building in the area with uninterrupted views north and west from the churchyard its hilltop setting is significant. Broomy Hill, Areley Kings, Stourport WSM34615 also occupies a hilltop setting with uninterrupted views to the south across the site, which contribute to its historic significance. Development on this site will be a significant encroachment into the rural landscape. The current urban edge of Areley Kings is adjacent to Rectory lane and is mix of two storey houses and bungalows set back from the hedgerow and scattered mature trees. The overall visual signature is relatively low and contained behind a low ridgeline. Development of this site which extends over the ridge onto a north-west facing slope in open country will impose a substantial visual impact on the surrounding valley landscape character. Thus the visually isolated setting of the designated and undesignated heritage assets will also be similarly compromised from the north and west directions.
	No known built heritage assets on site therefore the historic environment potential of the site is unknown.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	No legible above ground heritage assets to protect. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully

	understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional. Development on this site may result in harm to the setting of the Church of St. Bartholomew, Areley Kings, Stourport NHLE1209472 Grade II*. It is not clear what mitigation could be provided which will retain the existing open valley aspect from the churchyard to the west.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Public benefits of the development to be assessed against the harm to the designated heritage asset as per the relevant paragraph of the NPPF.
<ul><li>4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?</li><li>b) If yes, explain further</li><li>c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?</li></ul>	No.
5) What further work is required?	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.



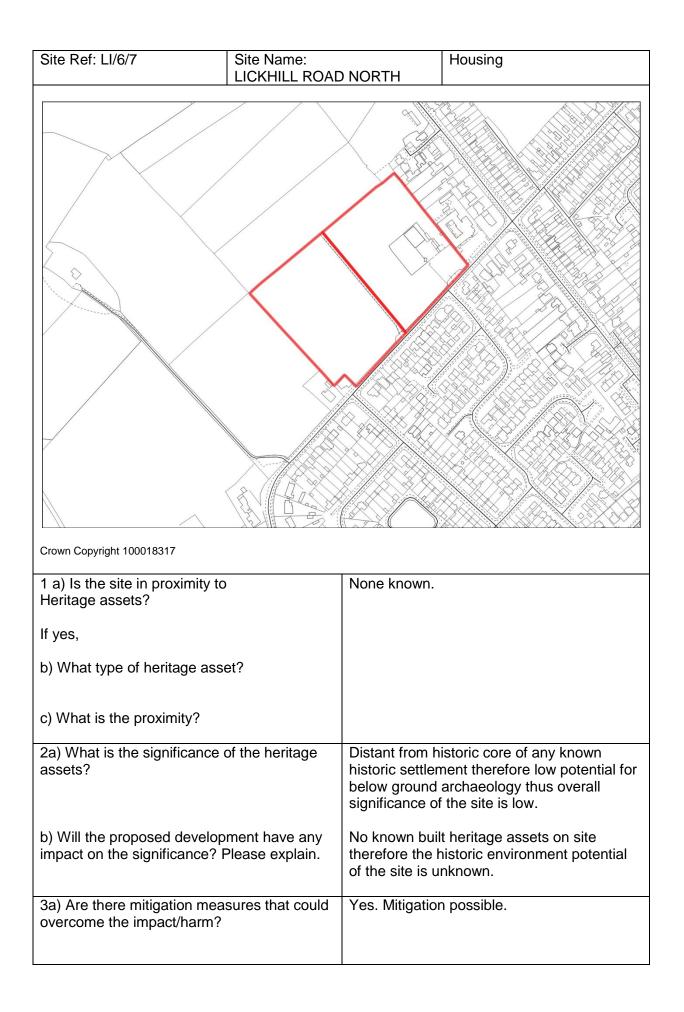
1 a) Is the site in proximity to Heritage assets?	Yes.
If yes,	
b) What type of heritage asset?	Undesignated heritage assets included on the Worcestershire HER:
	Site of Landing Ground, Burlish, Stourport WSM27584;
c) What is the proximity?	Prisoner of War Camp, Burlish, Stourport WSM31377;
	WSM27584 & WSM31377 are within the site.
2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?	WSM27584: Grass airfield with a small hangar to allow light liaison aircraft to land and take off in connection with the two adjoining United States General Hospitals. The light aircraft (e.g. Piper Cub types) used the right side of the field. Although there is no physical evidence of the landing strip and hangar the site has some historic value and its significance, although low, is related to its wartime use. WSM31377: The 1999 aerial photography clearly shows the position of tracks and roads around the camp. The site has some historic value related to its former use, although significance is low.
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	Development on this site has potential to affect below ground historic environment. The extent of survival of archaeological evidence is unknown and thus its significance is also unknown.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	No.

4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	Yes.
b) If yes, explain further	The outputs of any archaeological assessment and fieldwork could be made publicly accessible by the provision of on-site interpretation adjacent to green infrastructure on the site.
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	No.
5) What further work is required?	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for below ground archaeology to inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under-standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them.

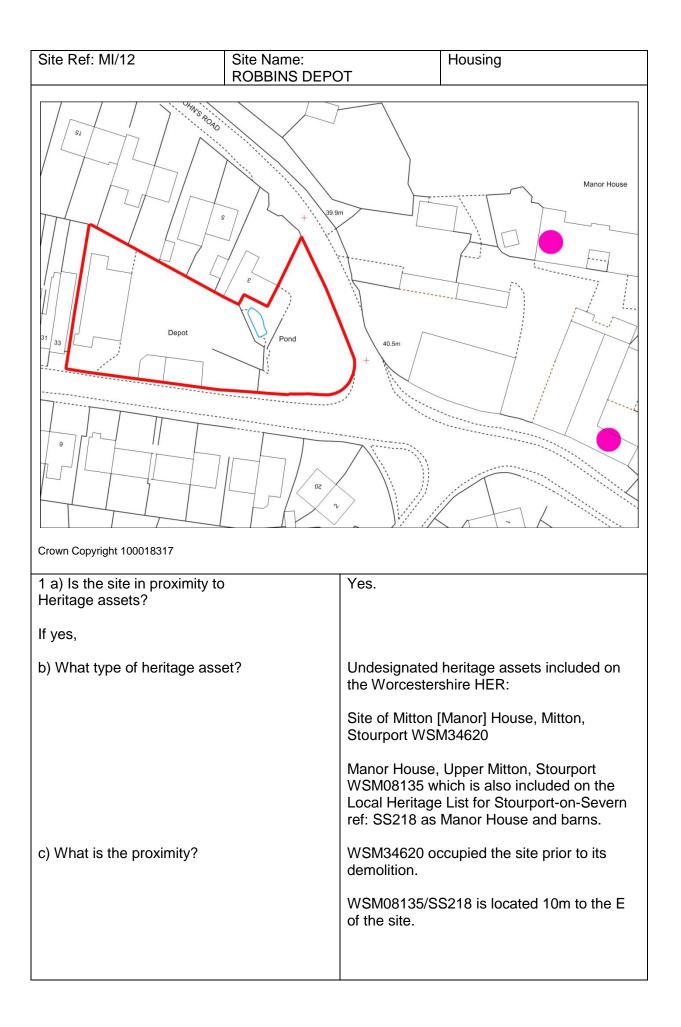


1 a) Is the site in proximity to Heritage assets?	Yes
If yes,	
b) What type of heritage asset?	No known built heritage assets on site.
	Undesignated heritage asset included on the Worcestershire HER:
	WSM12004 Site of the southern section of the Severn Valley Railway (GWR).
c) What is the proximity?	WSM12004 forms the eastern boundary of the site.
2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?	WSM12004: The railway was authorised by the Severn Valley Railway Act which received Royal Assent on 20/08/1853. This authorised the building of a railway from a junction with the Oxford, Worcester and Wolverhampton Railway south of Hartlebury and terminating at Shrewsbury. Further acts were passed in 1855 which authorised changes to the route and obviated the need for another station at Hartlebury. The SVR Board accepted a tender from Peto, Brassey and Betts to construct the line. The Great Western Railway was authorised by the Oxford, Worcester and Wolverhampton to operate the line and these powers passed to the West Midland Railway in 1860. Construction of the line commenced in 1859 with the foundation stone for the Victoria Bridge over the River Severn being laid on 24/11/1859. It was cast and erected by the Coalbrookdale Company. The formal opening of the line was on 31/01/1862.
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	No known built heritage assets on site therefore the historic environment potential of the site is unknown.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation Possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how	No legible above ground heritage assets to

c) If mitigation is not possible, are there	<ul> <li>protect. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.</li> <li>Site allocation policy to reflect the above.</li> <li>Not applicable.</li> </ul>
benefits that justify the development?	
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	Yes.
b) If yes, explain further	Eastern boundary of the site could form a Green Infrastructure following the route of the undesignated heritage asset. Interpretation panel could provide information about the part of this historic route now lost to redevelopment – eg: historic aerial views of the site with steam train passing are available on the internet.
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Yes. Site allocation policy can consider the above.
5) What further work is required?	Unknown potential for archaeology: Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the understanding of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.

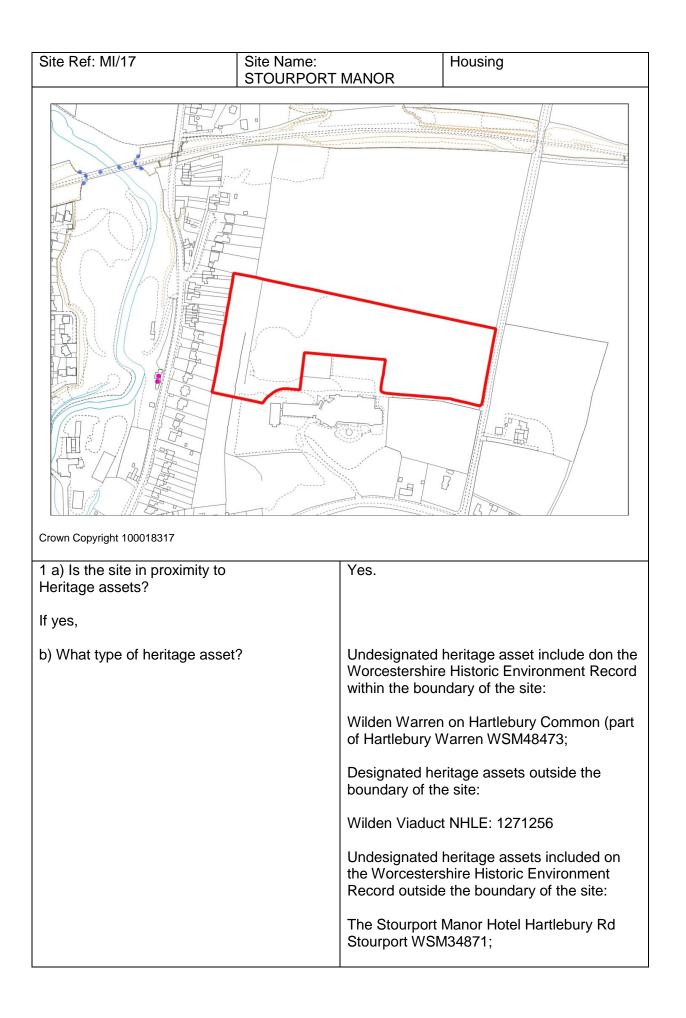


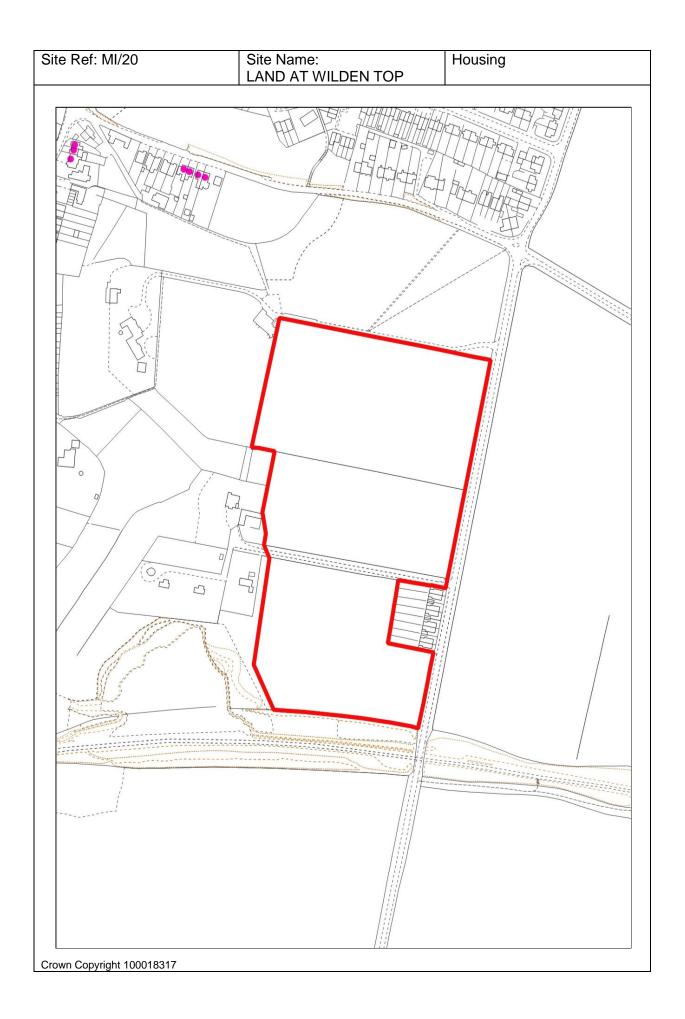
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	No legible above ground heritage assets to protect. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable.
<ul><li>4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?</li><li>b) If yes, explain further</li></ul>	No.
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Unknown potential for archaeology: Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.



2a) What is the significance of the heritage	The site has potential for below ground
assets?	archaeology as it formed part of the formal gardens associated with WSM34620 and shown on 1884 Ordnance Survey.
	WSM08315/SS218 is a late-18th century farmhouse and barns, referred to as "Manor House" on 1884 Ordnance Survey and shown on the 1838 tithe map. It is included for its historic and aesthetic (architectural) interest and as a group has medium significance.
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	No known surviving heritage assets on site therefore the historic environment potential of the site is unknown.
	Development on the site has potential to affect the setting of WSM08315/SS218 Mitton Manor House.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	No legible above ground heritage assets to protect. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.
	Avoid development on NE triangle corner of site which would otherwise be in very close proximity to the adjacent WSM08315/SS218.
	Site allocations policy to reflect the above.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable.
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	Yes.
b) If yes, explain further	Site has pond which may be an historic garden feature surviving from Mitton House now demolished. Opportunity exists to retain and enhance this landscape feature in any future development.
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Site allocations policy to reflect the above.

5) What further work is required?	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.





1 a) Is the site in proximity to Heritage assets?	Yes.
If yes,	
b) What type of heritage asset?	Undesignated heritage asset included on the Worcestershire Historic Environment Record:
	Wilden Warren on Hartlebury Common (part of Hartlebury Warren WSM48473;
	The Heath WSM54138;
	Site of the southern section of the Severn Valley Railway (GWR) WSM12004;
	Undesignated heritage assets not previously identified:
	1-8 Wilden Top Road - row of housing constructed between 1884 and 1903
c) What is the proximity?	The site forms part of Wilden Warren on Hartlebury Common (part of Hartlebury Warren WSM48473;
	The Heath WSM54138 lies 10m to the W of the site;
	Site of the southern section of the Severn Valley Railway (GWR) WSM12004 forms the southern boundary of the site;
	1-8 Wilden Top Road are surrounded by the site to N, W and S.
2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?	Wilden Warren on Hartlebury Common (part of Hartlebury Warren WSM48473:
	The warren was part of Hartlebury Heath although no above ground evidence remains on this site. Footpaths 365-21 and 365-20 cross and bound the site.
	The Heath WSM54138:
	The Heath is a partially extant farmstead with associated buildings converted for residential use. Built between 1840 and 1884. It has some aesthetic and historic values, however overall significance is low.
	Severn Valley Railway WSM12004:
	The railway was authorised by the Severn

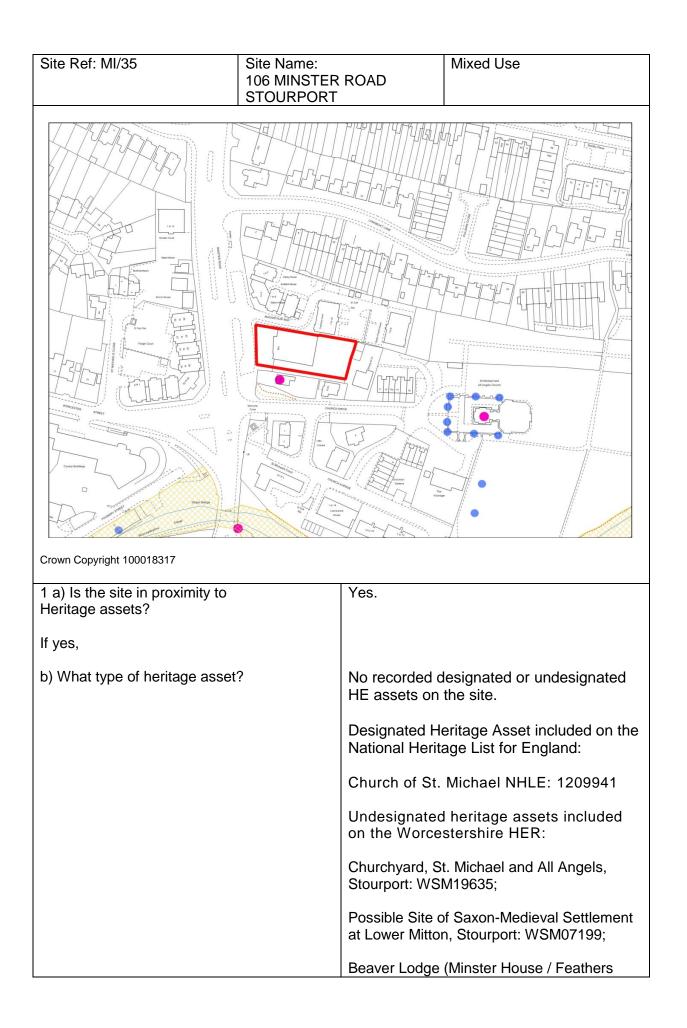
	Valley Railway Act which received Royal Assent on 20/08/1853. This authorised the building of a railway from a junction with the Oxford, Worcester and Wolverhampton Railway south of Hartlebury and terminating at Shrewsbury. Further acts were passed in 1855 which authorised changes to the route and obviated the need for another station at Hartlebury. The SVR Board accepted a tender from Peto, Brassey and Betts to construct the line. The Great Western Railway was authorised by the Oxford, Worcester and Wolverhampton to operate the line and these powers passed to the West Midland Railway in 1860. Construction of the line commenced in 1859 with the foundation stone for the Victoria Bridge over the River Severn being laid on 24/11/1859. It was cast and erected by the Coalbrookdale Company. The formal opening of the line was on 31/01/1862.
	The railway at this location has been taken over as a linear country park and public right of way.
	The significance of the surviving infrastructure and earthworks is primarily based on its historic value; individual structures along the route are designated or included on local heritage lists for their aesthetic qualities.
	No's 1-8 Wilden Top Road are a row of undesignated Victorian semi-detached houses, constructed between 1884 and 1903 and have a limited degree of aesthetic and historic value, contributing to an overall low significance.
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	This is a highly sensitive landscape within the context of the former northern extent of Hartlebury Heath. Developing this site will encroach into an otherwise rural landscape, impact on the setting of The Heath WSM54138 and 1-8 Wilden Top Road.
	The development of this site may impose substantial harm to its historic landscape character.
	No known built heritage assets on site therefore the historic environment potential of the site is unknown.

3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	No legible above ground heritage assets to protect. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable.
<ul><li>4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?</li></ul>	No.
<ul><li>b) If yes, explain further</li><li>c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?</li></ul>	Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.

c) What is the proximity?	Wilden Viaduct NHLE: 1271256 is situated 200m NW of the site;
	The Stourport Manor Hotel Hartlebury Rd Stourport WSM34871 is immediately to the S of the site;
2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?	Wilden Warren on Hartlebury Common (part of Hartlebury Warren WSM48473:
	The warren was part of Hartlebury Heath although no above ground evidence remains on this site.
	Wilden Viaduct NHLE: 1271256:
	Railway viaduct. Built 1859-60 by the Severn Valley Railway, engineers John Fowler and Henry Bridgeman. Coursed red sandstone and red brick. There are five segmental arches in total, extending for about 70m over the River Stour, a footpath and water meadows. The widest and most elaborate span, located to the centre of the structure, is a skew arch of approximately 20m on the skew and 8m on the square. This span has sandstone facing, sandstone voussoirs and brick intrados. Immediately joining both ends are massive curved abutments faced in sandstone. The arches have spans of approximately 7.6m; spandrels faced with sandstone and brick extrados and intrados, and are supported by sandstone piers having projecting sandstone imposts immediately below the springing line. The entire structure is surmounted on both sides by low sandstone parapets. Approximate height above the river is 20m. It is likely that the stone was quarried in the outcrop adjacent to the railway line some 500m to the east of the viaduct. History: The viaduct was built as a part of the Severn Valley Railway, which was constructed from Hartlebury to Shrewsbury and opened in 1862. It was worked by the West Midland Railway until taken over by the Great Western Railway in 1872. The line at this point was closed in 1981 and is now a footpath.
	Is now a rootpath. Included as a handsome and unaltered
	Severn Valley Railway viaduct dating from 1860 and designed by John Fowler.

	The viaduct has high significance due to its aesthetic, historic and communal values.
	The Stourport Manor Hotel Hartlebury Rd Stourport WSM34871:
	The original building was a private house built for Enoch Baldwin. Converted into a hotel in 1974/5 and then known as Mount Olympus. By 1997 it had become the Stourport Manor Hotel. It was the location of a Women's Land Army Hostel during the Second World War. It thus has communal, aesthetic and historic values leading to a medium local significance.
	The original house and gardens have been incorporated into a larger hotel complex which has little significance.
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	No known built heritage assets on site therefore the historic environment potential of the site is unknown.
	The viaduct derives most of its significance from its aesthetic and historic qualities. It derives some significance from its setting spanning the River Stour. Although elevated, development on the site will not affect the immediate setting of viaduct in which it is best appreciated.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	No legible above ground heritage assets to protect. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.
	Consider the height of any development that will be visible from the valley of the River Stour, and reduce the height of development on the northern and western boundaries of the site.
	Site allocations policy can consider this.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable.

<ul><li>4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?</li><li>b) If yes, explain further</li></ul>	No.
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.



	Form) Stourports WSM61610 8 WSME2060
	Farm), Stourport: WSM61619 & WSM53969;
	Site of Smithy, Worcester Street, Stourport: WSM19642;
	Undesignated heritage asset included on Local Heritage List for Stourport-on-Severn:
c) What is the proximity?	107 Minster Road Ref: SS156; NHLE: 1209941 lies 65m to the SE of the Site.
	WSM19635 lies 45m to the E of the site.
	WSM07199 lies 25m to the S of the site.
	WSM61619 &WSM53969 was located 50m to the W of the site.
	WSM19642 was located 75m to the SW of the site.
	SS156 is located immediately to the S of the site.
2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?	Church of St. Michael NHLE: 1209941 is the remains of church, begun in 1881 but unfinished when consecrated in 1910. Never subsequently completed, and partially demolished in 1980. By George Gilbert Scott, continued after his death by his son, John Oldrid Scott. Sandstone facing over brick core. What survives is the footings for the west wall, and substantial parts of the north and south walls, including the south porch. This is steeply gabled, with crocketted niches to either side and above the cusped archway, with decorated spandrels in the angles. Coped gables capped by cross as finial. Vaulted ceiling, and Decorated inner arch with clustered shafts. Original door with ironwork. 2 windows with Decorated style tracery survive to either side of this, and the lower embrasures for 2 others to the east. North door with original ironwork survives in heavily buttressed north wall. Polygonal stair turrets to NE and SE. Inside, the remains of shafts for aisle arcading, and of an arch to the south chancel aisle. The church was the 3rd to be built, replacing one of brick built in 1782, itself apparently replacing a medieval building.

	The church is included for its historic and aesthetic (architectural) values contributing to a medium significance.
	Churchyard, St. Michael and All Angels, Stourport WSM19635 is a post-medieval churchyard. Main southern section is pre late-19th century and was associated with the 1782 church. It has historic and evidential value contributing to a medium significance due to its association with NHLE 1209941.
	WSM07199 lies 25m to the S of the site and thus there is potential for archaeological remains on this site. The site has potentially high evidential value and its significance is medium.
	WSM61619 &WSM53969 was located 50m to the W of the site, however the site has been redeveloped.
	WSM19642 was located 75m to the SW of the site however the site has been redeveloped.
	SS156 is located immediately to the S of the site and is included as a good example of inter-war suburban architecture. It has some local historic and aesthetic value contributing towards a low/medium significance.
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	The site is of unknown archaeological potential that should it be taken forward to development will require assessment through a programme of archaeological works.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	No legible above ground heritage assets to protect. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable.

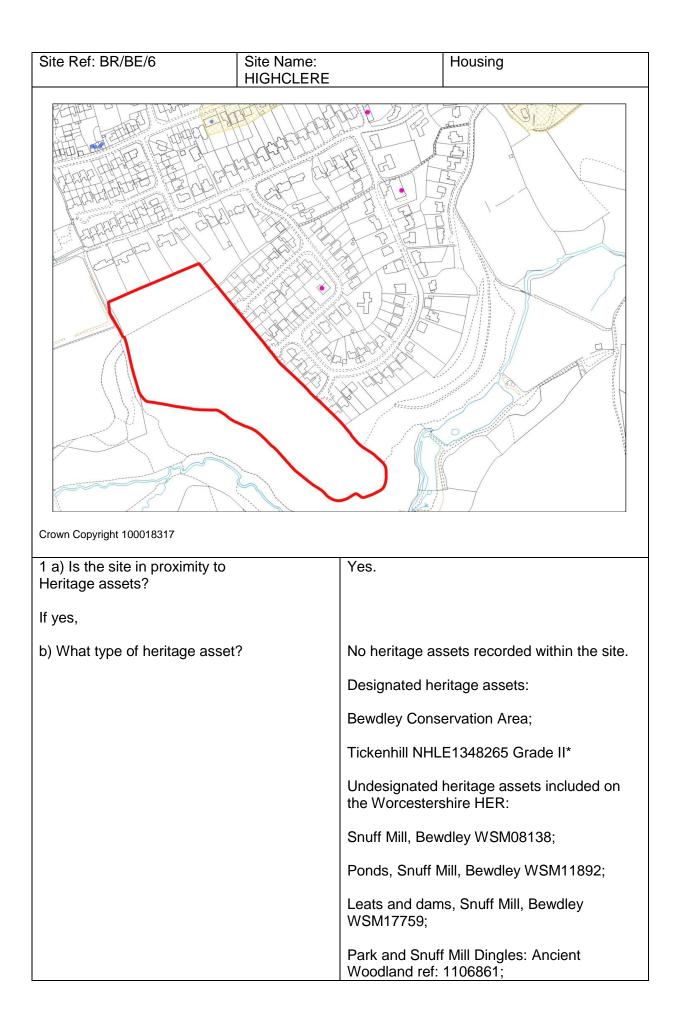
<ul><li>4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?</li><li>b) If yes, explain further</li></ul>	No.
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.

## Appendix B6

## Heritage Impact Assessments for those sites excluded from the Wyre Forest District Council Local Plan Pre-Submission Publication October 2018

## **Bewdley Sites**

HELAA REF		Type of land use
BR/BE/6	Highclere	Housing
BR/BE/10	The Lakes Dry Mill Lane	Housing
BR/BE/15	Snuff Mill Walk	Housing
WA/BE/4	Northwood Lane	Housing
WA/BE/6	Land North of Habberley Road	Housing
WA/BE/14	Crundalls/Hoarstone Lane	Housing
WA/KF/1	Grey Green Lane	Housing



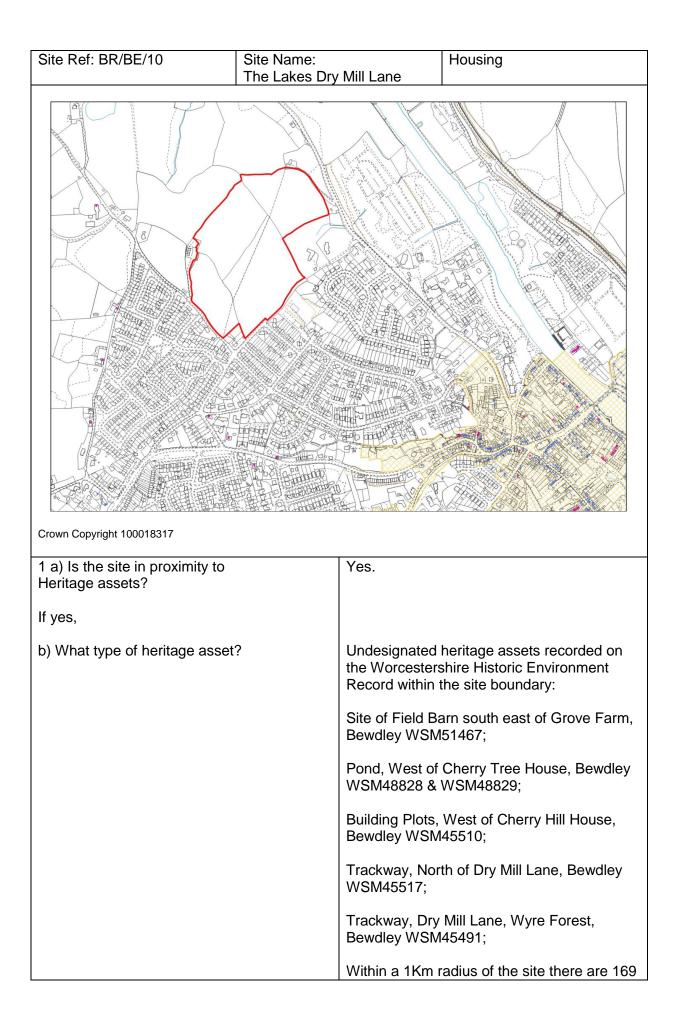
c) What is the proximity?	Undesignated heritage assets included on the WFDC Local Heritage List for Bewdley: High Clere House ref: LLB21; Bewdley Conservation Area lies 170m to the N of the site. Tickenhill NHLE1348265 lies 475m to the NE of the site.
	Snuff Mill WSM08138 lies 200m to the E of the site. Ponds WSM11892 lie 40m to the E of the site.
	Leats and Dams WSM17759 lies 40m to the E of the site.
	High Clere House LLB21 lies 100m NE of the site.
2a) What is the significance of the heritage	Bewdley Conservation Area:
assets?	The CA was designated in 1968 and reviewed in 1976, and is 42.8 hectares (105.7 acres) in extent. It comprises the town centre, adjoining residential streets, part of the River Severn, adjoining river frontages and other landscape features, and part of the old settlement of Wribbenhall.
	The surviving built component of the Conservation Area dates primarily from the fifteenth to the nineteenth centuries, although settlement in the area predates this period.
	The Conservation Area is at the heart of the town of Bewdley that is itself set in and hidden by unspoilt undulating countryside. The Area includes a large proportion of the town and in places abuts open countryside; hence the rural setting of the town is an important component of its character and in turn that of the Conservation Area. Much of this countryside was recognised in the Worcestershire County Development Plan during the 1950s as being an Area of Great Landscape Value, and has been recognised in successive Local Plans as having high local landscape quality. To the west, north and south lie the Wyre Forest and its outliers, which are recognised as being of national importance to nature conservation. The urban fringe to the east of the river is

entirely allocated as Green Belt. It is important to conserve the rural setting of the
town and Conservation Area, and in so doing
to recognise the interrelationships between
the Area and overall setting.
The River Severn is a significant feature
forming a valley through the centre of the
Conservation Area and Town. Here the
channel varies in width between approximately 40 and 55 metres. The
riverbanks are, for the most part in this
location, revetted with natural sandstone
blocks that historically formed quaysides.
Importantly, the River brings the countryside into the town, particularly as to the north and
south, the town is pinched inwards in plan
towards the River. In addition, there is only
one bridge over the River in the town centre and Conservation Area, meaning views
upstream and downstream from the bridge
itself and adjoining quaysides towards the
countryside are uninterrupted and
continuous.
The Conservation Area has considerable
architectural and historic interest. The town's
origins as a principal crossing point of the River Severn during medieval times and as
an inland port established it as a thriving
centre for trade, which continued until the
late 18th and early 19th centuries. Its prosperity is reflected in many buildings,
particularly those constructed during the late
middle ages and Georgian periods; which
have stamped a clear and unmistakable character on the town, and generally
comprise a clear lead for new development
to follow. The construction of the railway
station during the mid. 19th century brought
Victorian architectural influences, particularly to parts of Wribbenhall.
Tickenhill NHLE1348265 Grade II*:
This Royal Manor House dates from the C15
and was partly demolished and rebuilt in
1738. It was formerly surrounded by a
hunting forest. Its considerable aesthetic and historic values contribute to it being of high
significance.
Snuff Mill, Bewdley WSM08138:
Originally a corn mill, mentioned 1336 it

	became a snuff mill in the 18th century and remained so until 1870. Subsequently a horn-comb cutting and polishing mill. Collapsed some time after 1931, ruins still stand but most of the machinery is gone. Dam broken and pool drained in 1951. Sufficient upstanding ruins remain to identify the building which has medium to high historic and low aesthetic value: overall significance is medium.
	Ponds, Snuff Mill, Bewdley WSM11892:
	The ponds were constructed to serve the mill and although reduced in size they possess considerable historic significance and have excellent potential for environmental deposits.
	Leats and dams, Snuff Mill, Bewdley WSM17759:
	These were constructed to serve the mill and possess considerable historic significance with excellent potential for environmental deposits.
	Park and Snuff Mill Dingles: Ancient Woodland ref: 1106861:
	The ancient woodland in Park Dingle and Snuff Mill Dingle represents (along with the strip of Woodland by Winterdyne on the banks of the River Severn) the last remaining fragment of the woodland that surrounded the town in c.1600. It is therefore of considerable historic significance.
	High Clere House LLB21:
	This Arts & Crafts house constructed in early 1920s has a large hipped roof, with shortened side hips. Single dormer windows to front and rear roofs, with elongated roof. Arched windows, with simple hooded moulds. Included for historic and architectural (aesthetic value): medium significance.
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	Development on this site has potential to impact negatively on the setting of both designated and undesignated heritage assets. This is an extremely sensitive site in the setting of Snuffmill Dingle and an area of distinctive rural historic landscape character

	associated with 17th-19th century pastoral
	farming and traditional orchards; an assarted landscape following woodland clearances.
	Development of this site has potential to impose substantial harm to the historic setting of the town of Bewdley.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation possible for unknown below ground heritage assets.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	No legible above ground heritage assets to protect. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.
	Mitigation of impact on adjacent heritage assets and the setting of the town will be more difficult to achieve, as the site is elevated above the ancient woodland and development on it will be highly conspicuous within the setting of the town. If development is considered feasible it should be low-rise and subservient in form and massing to the existing development in Highclere.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	The benefits of development on this site must be weighed against the harm caused to the setting of designated and undesignated heritage assets in accordance with the NPPF.
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	No.
b) If yes, explain further	
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be

required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.



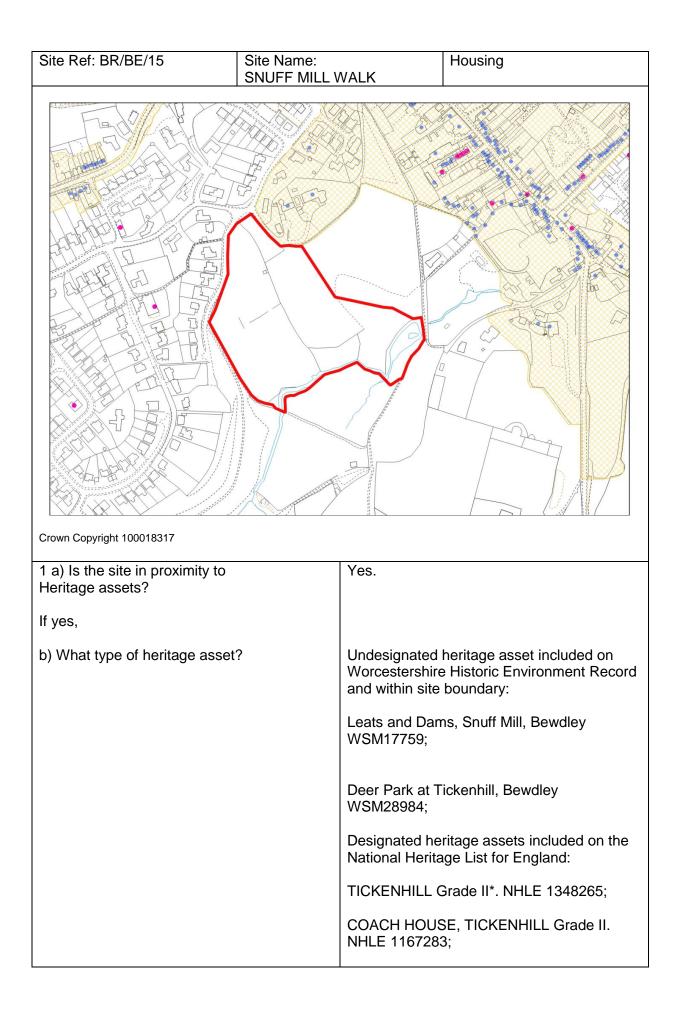
	Worcestershire HER records for buildings. Designated heritage assets:
	Severn Heights Grade II NHLE 1166700;
	Bewdley Conservation Area; This contains approximately 450 historic properties covered by 250 entries on the National Heritage List for England.
	The most significant structures are the Grade I Severn Bridge; Grade II* St. Anne's Church; four Grade II* buildings in High Street; Grade II* Tickenhall Manor off Park Lane and four Grade II* buildings in Wribbenhall facing the River.
	Within a 1Km radius of the site there are 100 Worcestershire HER records for monuments.
c) What is the proximity?	Site of Field Barn south east of Grove Farm, Bewdley WSM51467;
	Pond, West of Cherry Tree House, Bewdley WSM48828 WSM48829;
	Building Plots, West of Cherry Hill House, BewdleyWSM45510;
	Trackway, North of Dry Mill Lane, Bewdley WSM45517;
	Trackway, Dry Mill Lane, Wyre Forest, Bewdley WSM45491;
	All of the above undesignated heritage assets lie within the site boundary.
	Severn Heights Grade II NHLE 1166700 is situated 110m to the N of the site.
	Bewdley Conservation Area is 400m to the SE of the site at its closest point.
2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?	Site of Field Barn south east of Grove Farm, Bewdley WSM51467:
	Site of Field Barn south east of Grove Farm, Bewdley. Demolished 19th century. The asset thus has historic and some evidential value but no communal or aesthetic value; overall significance is unknown.
	Pond, West of Cherry Tree House, Bewdley WSM48828 &WSM48829:

Pond seen on 1st, 5th and modern OS maps and LiDAR imagery. The area is under partial tree cover in a region of pasture/cultivation, therefore there could be some potential for environmental deposits. Its overall significance is unknown. Building Plots, West of Cherry Hill House, BewdleyWSM45510: Lidar indicator is unclear and further research is required. Significance is unknown. Trackway, North of Dry Mill Lane, Bewdley WSM45517: Sunken trackway, at location the feature is a wide V shaped hollow, possibly periglacial in origin. Significance is unknown. Trackway, Dry Mill Lane, Wyre Forest, Bewdley WSM4549: Possible sunken trackway, very slight hollow at location. Significance is unknown. Severn Heights Grade II NHLE 1166700: The building has aesthetic, historic and communal value (former pub) contributing to a medium significance. It is isolated, albeit adjacent to the B4194 Dowles Road. This physical isolation reinforces the significance of the building as one of the very few structures left in Dowles which has now all but disappeared. This isolation can in the main be attributed to the hamlet being situated within Shropshire until 1895. It was thus protected from encroachment from urban development as Bewdley grew following the construction of the railway in the 1860's. Bewdley Conservation Area:
The CA was designated in 1968 and reviewed in 1976, and is 42.8 hectares (105.7 acres) in extent. It comprises the town centre, adjoining residential streets, part of the River Severn, adjoining river frontages and other landscape features, and part of the old settlement of Wribbenhall.

The surviving built component of the Conservation Area dates primarily from the fifteenth to the nineteenth centuries, although settlement in the area predates this period.
The Conservation Area is at the heart of the town of Bewdley that is itself set in and hidden by unspoilt undulating countryside. The Area includes a large proportion of the town and in places abuts open countryside; hence the rural setting of the town is an important component of its character and in turn that of the Conservation Area. Much of this countryside was recognised in the Worcestershire County Development Plan during the 1950s as being an Area of Great Landscape Value, and has been recognised in successive Local Plans as having high local landscape quality. To the west, north and south lie the Wyre Forest and its outliers, which are recognised as being of national importance to nature conservation. The urban fringe to the east of the river is entirely allocated as Green Belt. It is important to conserve the rural setting of the town and Conservation Area, and in so doing to recognise the interrelationships between the Area and overall setting.
The River Severn is a significant feature forming a valley through the centre of the Conservation Area and Town. Here the channel varies in width between approximately 40 and 55 metres. The riverbanks are, for the most part in this location, revetted with natural sandstone blocks that historically formed quaysides. Importantly, the River brings the countryside into the town, particularly as to the north and south the town is pinched inwards in plan towards the River. In addition, there is only one bridge over the River in the town centre and Conservation Area, meaning views upstream and downstream from the bridge itself and adjoining quaysides towards the countryside are uninterrupted and continuous.
The Conservation Area has considerable architectural and historic interest. The town's origins as a principal crossing point of the River Severn during medieval times and as an inland port established it as a thriving centre for trade, which continued until the late 18th and early 19th centuries. Its

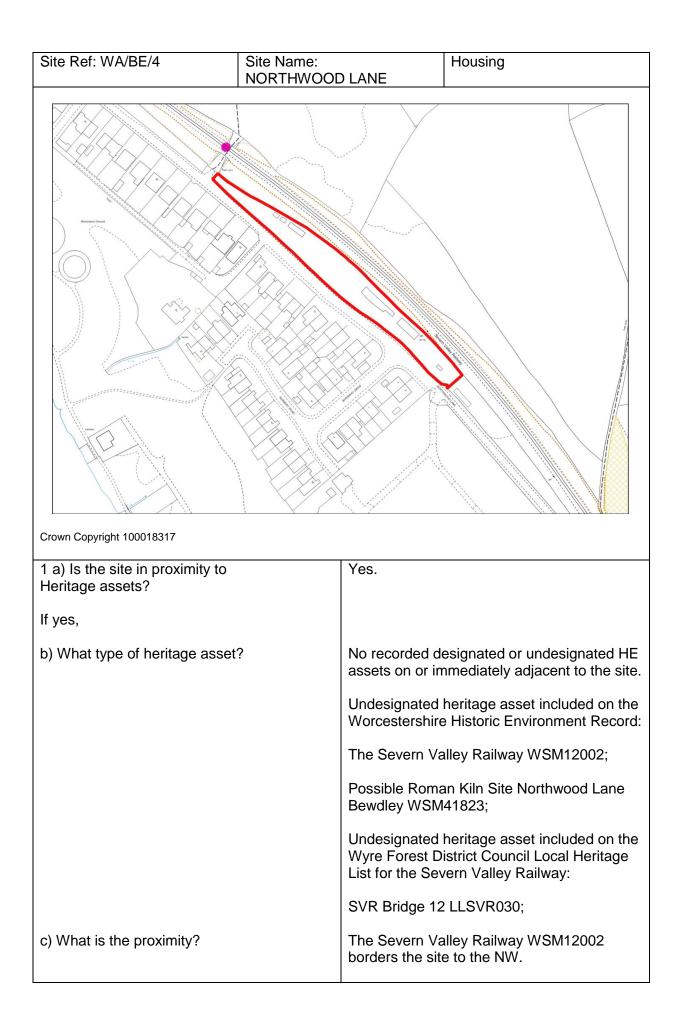
	prosperity is reflected in many buildings, particularly those constructed during the late middle ages and Georgian periods; which have stamped a clear and unmistakable character on the town, and generally comprise a clear lead for new development to follow. The construction of the railway station during the mid. 19th century brought Victorian architectural influences, particularly to parts of Wribbenhall.
	The Conservation Area extends to include Maypole Piece, a parcel of undeveloped land immediately to the north of the railway station and which forms a small hill.
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	Development on the site may disturb buried archaeology and undesignated heritage assets within the site, the significance of which is not yet fully understood.
	Severn Heights Grade II NHLE 1166700:
	To develop the site could cause less than substantial harm to the significance of Severn Heights by reducing its relative isolation from the Bewdley urban area and thus the contribution that its isolated setting makes to its significance.
	Bewdley Conservation Area:
	The western parts of the site (central and upper fields) are visible from some locations within the Conservation Area (and not all of these locations are elevated). Development on these parts of the site will compromise the visual relationship between the Conservation Area and the surrounding countryside, particularly where from a lower viewpoint development would form part of the horizon which was formerly tree or hedge lined.
	Those landscapes which form an arc of land running around the eastern-most extremities of the Wyre Forest provide space between the urban environment and the forest. They provide an understanding of the wider context of the Conservation Area from within the Area itself. Any diminution of their characteristics, particularly those directly visible from the Area erodes the rural setting
	of the town and its environmental setting. This is contrary to the analysis of setting and topography clearly set out in the Bewdley

	Conservation Area Character Approical
	Conservation Area Character Appraisal.
	Development on the site will adversely affect the relationship of the Bewdley Conservation Area to its wider context, as perceived by vantage points from the surrounding area, and thus will diminish its significance. This amounts to less than substantial harm to the Conservation Area.
	Development of the site will detract from those existing views from within the Conservation Area towards the site and beyond and that will have a negative impact on the significance of the Area. This amounts to less than substantial harm to the Conservation Area.
	No known built heritage assets on site therefore the historic environment potential of the site is unknown.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	No.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable.
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	No.
b) If yes, explain further	
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	No work feasible which would overcome the issues raised above.



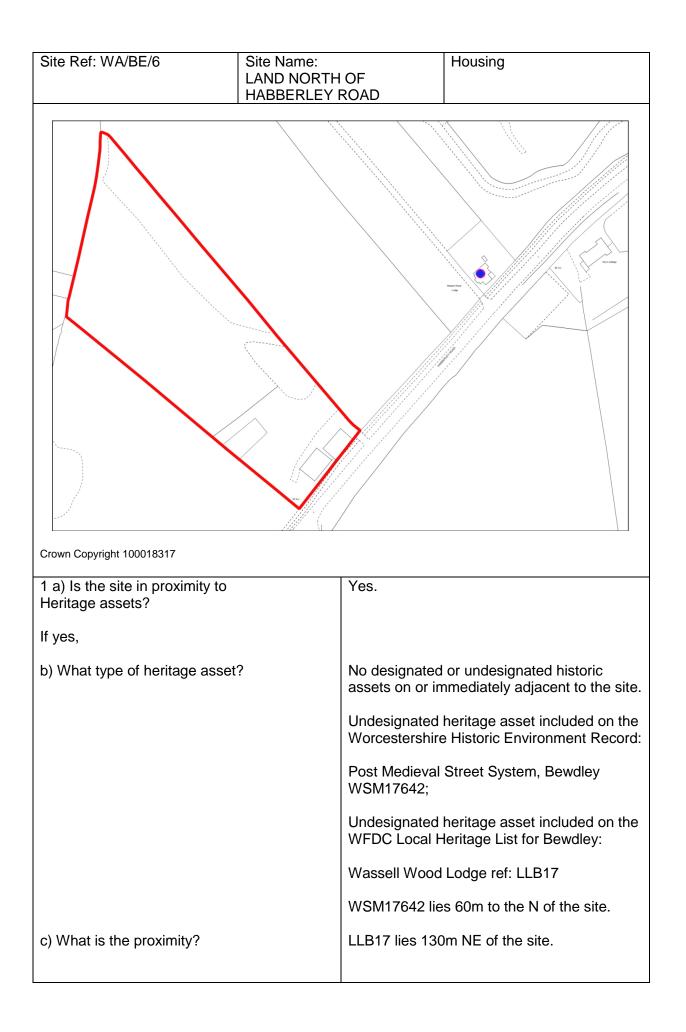
	Т
	Undesignated heritage assets included on the Worcestershire HER:
	Barrow, Tickenhill, Bewdley WSM10855;
c) What is the proximity?	TICKENHILL Grade II*. NHLE 1348265 is situated immediately to the NW of the site.
	COACH HOUSE, TICKENHILL Grade II. NHLE 1167283 is situated immediately to the NW of the site.
	Undesignated heritage assets included on the Worcestershire HER:
	Barrow, Tickenhill, Bewdley WSM10855 lies to the N of the site;
2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?	Leats and Dams, Snuff Mill, Bewdley WSM17759:
	This is a system dating from the medieval period and is of high historic significance as it explains the development of the town in that era.
	Deer Park at Tickenhill, Bewdley WSM28984:
	The remains of the park are of high historic significance due to their associations with Tickenhill. A park is known to have existed here since the late middle ages. The remains of the park provide the wider setting for Tickenhill.
	TICKENHILL Grade II*. NHLE 1348265:
	Royal manor house, now house. C15, partly demolished and rebuilt in 1738, with some late C20 alterations.
	Prince Arthur and Catherine of Aragon were married by proxy at Tickenhill. It had come to the crown via the Mortimer inheritance. This Palace ('Lelands fair manor place') presumably had some gardens such as Princess Mary might have used when she was housed here in 1525.
	Largely rebuilt 1738 and repaired in 1873.
	Due to its royal associations the house and the site generally has a high level of historic

b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	<ul> <li>and communal value, as well as aesthetic (architectural)value in itself and this is augmented by the setting to the SE. Thus the asset is of high significance.</li> <li>COACH HOUSE, TICKENHILL Grade II. NHLE 1167283:</li> <li>Largely C19 included for group value as well as historic and aesthetic value contributing to the setting of nearby Tickenhill. Its significance is thus medium/high.</li> <li>Barrow, Tickenhill, Bewdley WSM10855:</li> <li>Of unknown significance.</li> <li>The site can be considered to be of high archaeological potential.</li> <li>This is an extremely sensitive site in the setting of Snuffmill Dingle and Red Hill. It is an area of distinctive rural historic landscape character associated with 17th-19th century pastoral farming and traditional orchards, as well as further historic associations with Tickenhill Palace in its use as a deer park. Development of this site will impose substantial harm to the historic setting of Bewdley and the designated heritage assets lying immediately to the NW of the site.</li> </ul>
<ul><li>3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?</li><li>b) If yes, explain further including how</li></ul>	No.
mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable.
<ul><li>4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?</li><li>b) If yes, explain further</li></ul>	No.
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	No work feasible which would overcome the issues raised above.



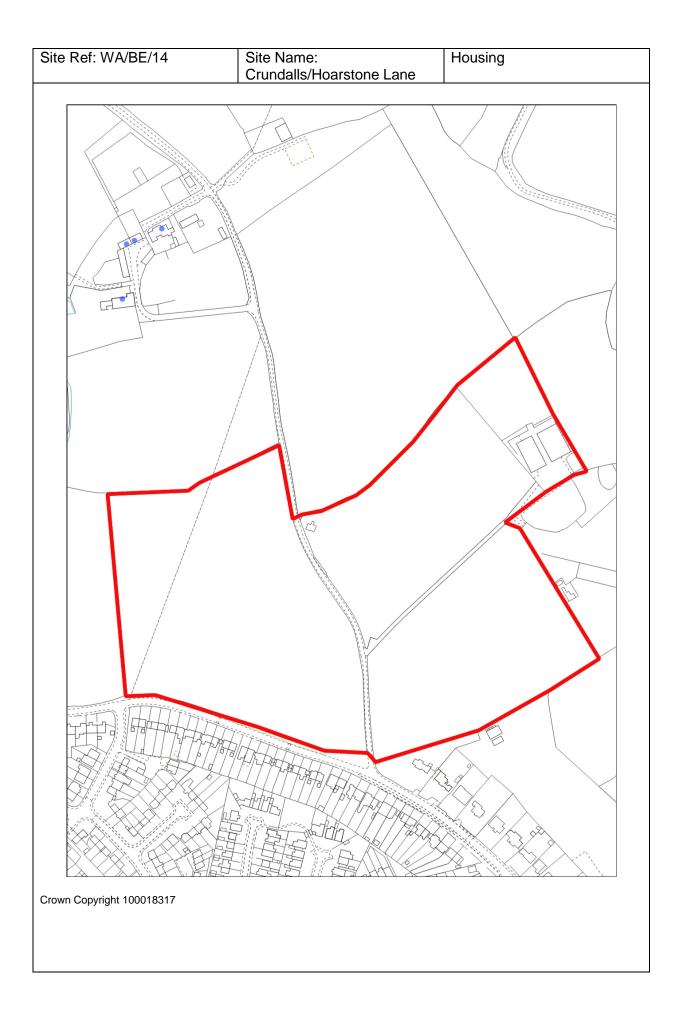
	Possible Roman Kiln Site Northwood Lane Bewdley WSM41823 is situated 65m SW of the site; SVR Bridge 12 LLSVR030 is immediately adjacent to the site to the N.
2a) What is the significance of the heritage	The Severn Valley Railway WSM12002:
assets?	The Severn Valley Railway was constructed in 1861-2 and adjacent to this site runs on an embankment on a roughly north-south axis. At this location the embankment and trains on it are highly visible from Northwood Lane and there are corresponding and important views from the railway line and trains towards the River Severn and the town of Bewdley to the SW. It has medium communal, historic and aesthetic values giving it a medium significance.
	Possible Roman Kiln Site Northwood Lane Bewdley WSM41823:
	The discovery of Romano-British pottery and tile suggests this as the possible site of a kiln and thus of medium historic and future evidential significance.
	SVR Bridge 12 LLSVR030: This is the only under bridge between Bewdley North Viaduct and Victoria Bridge Arley. It carries the railway across a public footpath BW547. It is of low aesthetic value but has medium historic significance and is vital to the operation of the railway,
b) Will the proposed development have any	The Severn Valley Railway WSM12002:
impact on the significance? Please explain.	Development on this site may impinge on views from the Severn Valley Railway towards Bewdley, These are important because it is the first glimpse of Bewdley that passengers obtain when travelling from the north, and the town (and its Conservation Area) can be appreciated within the river valley context.
	Development on the site may also obstruct views of the railway from Northwood Lane and the residential development to the west. Whilst this would amount to less than substantial harm to the undesignated heritage asset, however views towards and from the SVR are key to its communal value

	and visibility of the line contributes to its historic significance.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	Due to its elevated location only low-rise development should be considered on this site and that should be limited to preserve views to and from the Severn Valley Railway.
	Site allocations policy to reflect this.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable.
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	No.
b) If yes, explain further	
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.



	Dept Medieval Officer (Original Devices
2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?	Post Medieval Street System, Bewdley WSM17642:
	Associated with post-medieval road system and the site may therefore contain contemporary archaeology in its northernmost reaches.
	Wassell Wood Lodge ref: LLB17:
	Mid-Victorian lodge house, built to serve Wassell Wood House. Included for historic and aesthetic values contributing to a low/medium significance.
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	No known built heritage assets on site therefore the historic environment potential of the site is unknown.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	The site is of unknown archaeological potential and will require a programme of works to include geophysical survey and trial trenching.
	This is a sensitive site especially given its detachment from the existing settlement and can only support limited wayside development in character with the wider setting. Existing boundary screening will need to be enhanced to soften the visual impact to receptors to the north and west.
	Site allocations policy can reflect the above.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable.
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	No.
b) If yes, explain further	
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Potential for archaeology:
	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment, and will require a programme of works to include geophysical survey and trial

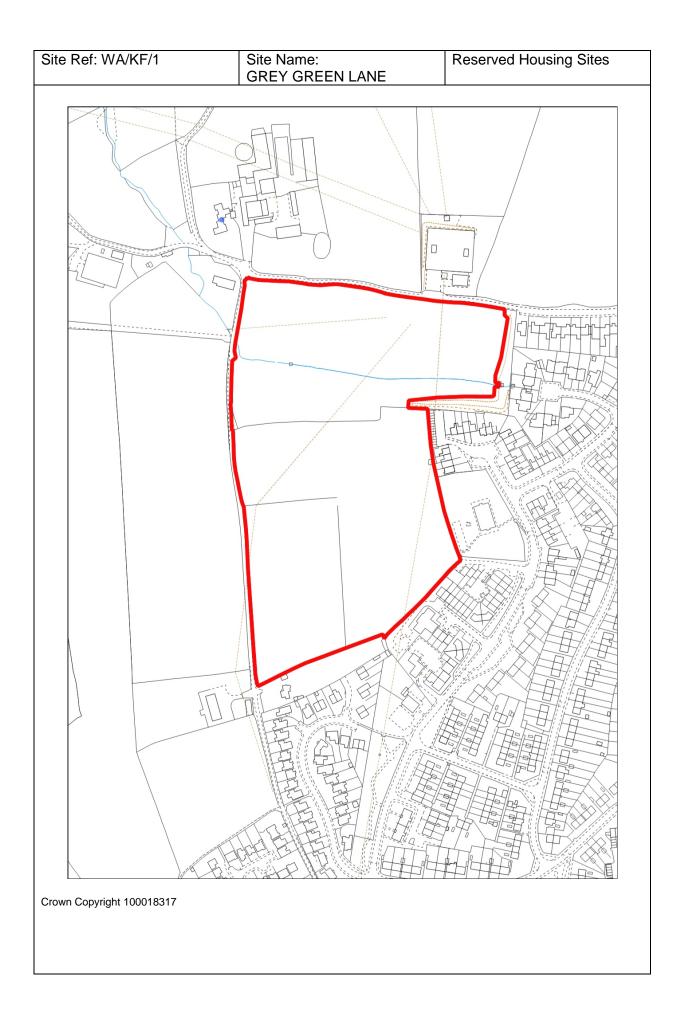
a tt r t a r t u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u	trenching, to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the understanding of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.



1 a) Is the site in proximity to Heritage assets?	Yes.
If yes,	
b) What type of heritage asset?	Designated heritage assets included on the National Heritage List for England:
	HOARSTONE FARMHOUSE Grade II* NHLE: 1167685;
	BARN ABOUT 30 METRES SOUTH-WEST OF HOARSTONE FARMHOUSE Grade II NHLE: 1167691
	WASSELL WOOD HOUSE Grade II NHLE 1167709;
	Moated site in Wassell Wood, 400m south of Trimpley Green; Scheduled; NHLE: 1014743
	Undesignated heritage assets included on the Worcestershire Historic Environment Record:
	Anglo-Saxon Cremation Site WSM37599;
	Mound/Tumuli, SE of Hoarstone Farm, Kidderminster WSM04106;
c) What is the proximity?	Hoarstone Farmhouse NHLE1167685 is situated 220m to the N of the site.
	Barn about 30m SW of Hoarstone Farmhouse NHLE: 1167691 is situated 180m N of the site.
	WASSELL WOOD HOUSE Grade II NHLE 1167709 is situated 600m N of the site.
	Moated site in Wassell Wood, 400m south of Trimpley Green; Scheduled; NHLE: 1014743 is situated 1000m N of the site.
	Anglo-Saxon Cremation Site WSM37599 is situated within the site boundary.
	Mound/Tumuli, SE of Hoarstone Farm, Kidderminster WSM04106 lies immediately adjacent to the east boundary of the site.
2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?	Hoarstone Farmhouse NHLE1167685: This is an early C17 farmhouse which has considerable aesthetic (architectural) and historic value contributing to a medium/high

	significance and its Grade II* status.
	Barn about 30m SW of Hoarstone Farmhouse NHLE: 1167691. This sandstone ashlar barn is contemporary with the farmhouse and has group value with the farmhouse as well as historic and aesthetic (architectural) value contributing to a medium significance.
	Wassell Wood House NHLE1167709. This Grade II listed house is set in an elevated location overlooking the valley and Bewdley. It has aesthetic and historic value and its significance is enhanced by its setting.
	Moated site in Wassell Wood, 400m south of Trimpley Green; Scheduled; NHLE: 1014743. In shape and form these earthworks show most of the characteristics of medieval moated enclosures and the monument is attributed to the medieval period. It sits on a wooded hilltop and this position and method of construction is unusual for this class of monument. Thus its considerable historic significance is enhanced by its setting.
	The Anglo-Saxon Cremation Site WSM37599 . The site was carbon dated to AD 663-773 and is thus of high historic significance.
	Mound/Tumuli, SE of Hoarstone Farm, Kidderminster WSM04106. This is a pair of tumuli which may have been one originally, dating to the Bronze Age 2350BC to 801BC.
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	Development of this site would represent a substantial encroachment into a highly rural landscape characterised by very low density dispersed settlement. It will impact on the setting of the scheduled monument and the other designated heritage assets as well as the undesignated archaeological heritage assets within and immediately adjacent to the site. The site straddles Hoarstone Lane which is an ancient heathland holloway and any alteration to it will severely impact on its historic character. Development of this site will impose substantial harm to rural landscape character and to those elements of significance of the heritage assets attributed to their setting.

<ul> <li>3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?</li> <li>b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan</li> <li>c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?</li> </ul>	No. The NPPF allows decision makers to consider the public benefits associated with a development which causes less than substantial harm to a designated heritage asset. This can be taken into consideration within the site allocations policy.
<ul><li>4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?</li><li>b) If yes, explain further</li><li>c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?</li></ul>	No. Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	This site should be considered of high archaeological potential that will require further assessment. Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for further archaeological remains and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under-standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.



1 a) Is the site in proximity to Heritage assets?	Yes.
If yes,	
b) What type of heritage asset?	No recorded designated or undesignated HE assets on or immediately adjacent to the site.
	Designated heritage asset included on the National Heritage List for England:
	Grey Green Farmhouse NHLE:1100655;
	Undesignated heritage asset included on the Worcestershire Historic Environment Record:
	Mesolithic Hunter-Gatherer Occupation Site, Lightmarsh Farm, Kidderminster: WSM15301;
c) What is the proximity?	NHLE 1100655: lies 50m to the N of the site.
	WSM15301: the site is within the landscape associated with this asset.
2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?	Grey Green Farmhouse NHLE1100655 is a Grade II listed early 19 <sup>th</sup> Century farmhouse, included for its historic and aesthetic (architectural) value, giving the asset a medium significance.
	Mesolithic Hunter-Gatherer Occupation Site, Lightmarsh Farm, Kidderminster WSM15301 Is a rare prehistoric (Mesolithic) hunter- gatherer settlement.
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	Development on this site will affect the setting of NHLE1100655, particularly views looking north along Grey Green Lane towards it, and views from it to the south.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	No legible above ground heritage assets to protect. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an

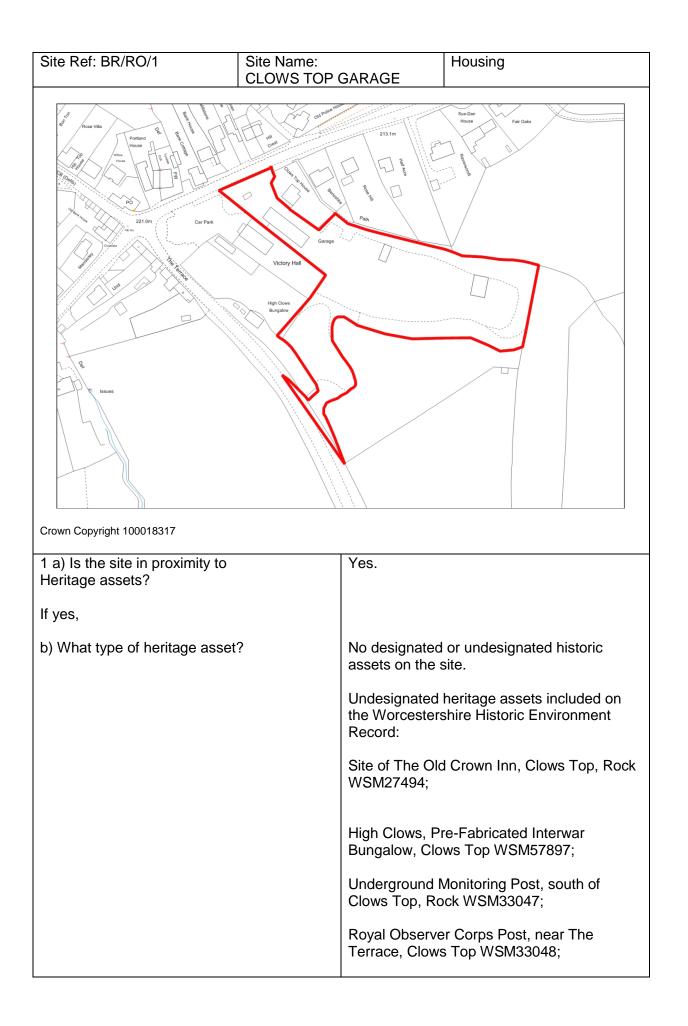
	appropriate professional.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable.
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	Yes.
b) If yes, explain further	This is a very sensitive rural landscape that currently functions as a buffer between the 20th c suburban expansion of Wribbenhall and the historic dispersed rural settlements and farms to the north of the site. Developing this site will effectively close the gap and impose a substantial visual impact to those receptors north of the site. The existing settlement edge is largely screened from Grey Green Lane and parts of Crundlalls Lane by the topography and hedgerows. The lanes are also historic features associated with former open heathland and are a great risk from alteration. High/medium density development of this site will impose substantial harm to rural landscape character. From the landscape and visual impact perspective, only low density development, with appropriate soft landscape screening, focused around the head of Shaw Hedge Road is considered acceptable.
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Yes, site allocations policy to reflect the above.
5) What further work is required?	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.

## Appendix B7

## Heritage Impact Assessments for those sites excluded from the Wyre Forest District Council Local Plan Pre-Submission Publication October 2018

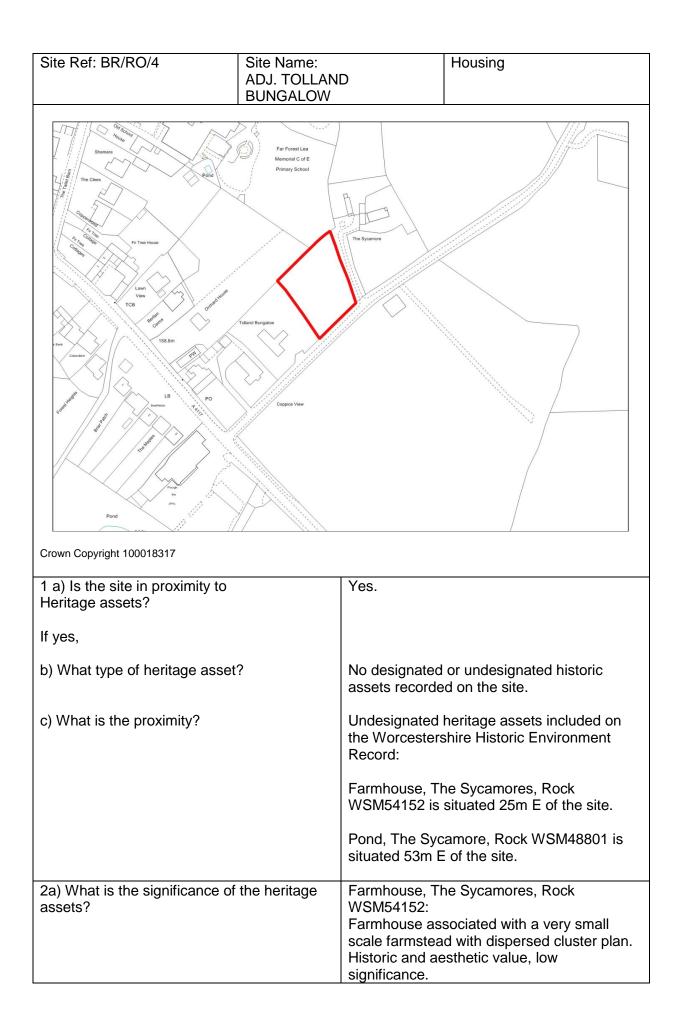
## **Rural Villages**

HELAA REF	LOCATION	Type of land use
BR/RO/1	Clows Top Garage	Housing
BR/RO/4	Adj. Tolland Bungalow	Housing
BR/RO/6	Land adj. to rear of Orchard House	Housing
BR/RO/7	New Road Far Forest	Housing
BR/RO/12	Bliss Gate PH	Housing
BR/RO/14	Land at Pound Bank	Housing
BR/RO/22	Rectory Lane Rock	Housing
BR/RO/26	Walnut Cottage Bliss Gate	Housing
BR/RO/27	Oxleys Clows Top	Housing
BR/RO/29	The Wain House Lye Head	Housing
BR/RO/30	Finger post Cottage Callow Hill	Housing
WA/UA/5	Hill House Farm Shatterford	Housing
WFR/CB/3	Land off Station Drive Blakedown Housin	
WFR/CC/7	Bromsgrove Rd Lower Chaddesley	Housing
WFR/CC/10	Adj. Chaddesley Corbett School	Housing
WFR/CC/11	Bentley Grove	Housing

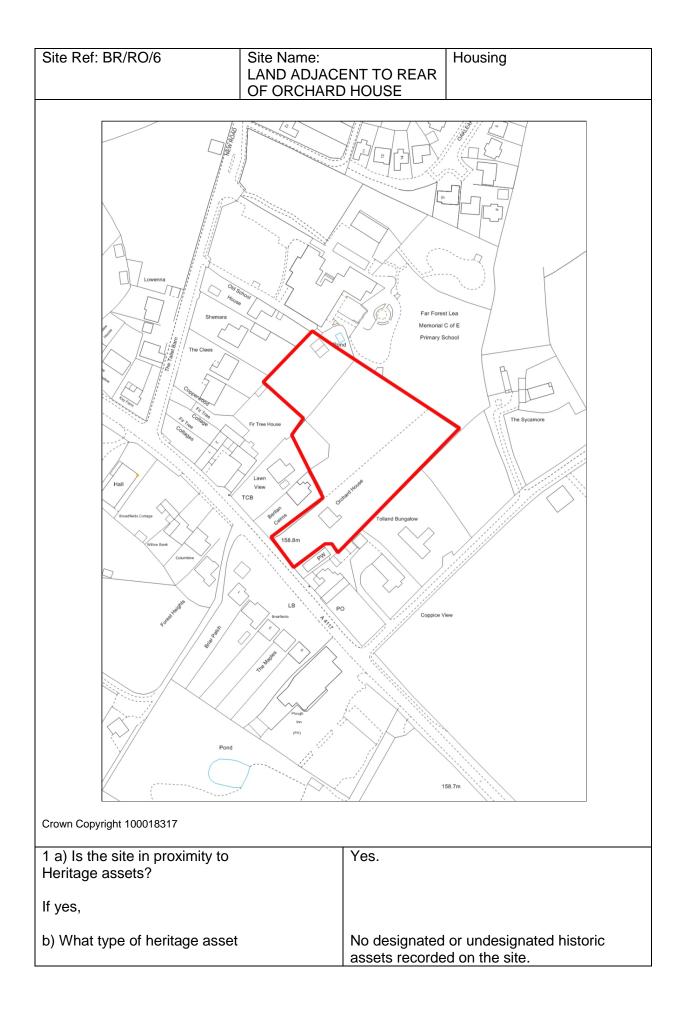


c) What is the proximity?	Site of The Old Crown Inn, Clows Top, Rock WSM27494 is situated immediately adjacent to the NW site boundary. High Clows, Pre-Fabricated Interwar Bungalow, Clows Top WSM57897 is situated immediately to the W of the site. Underground Monitoring Post, south of Clows Top, Rock WSM33047 is situated 20m S of the site. Royal Observer Corps Post, near The Terrace, Clows Top WSM33048 is situated
2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?	20m S of the site. Site of The Old Crown Inn, Clows Top, Rock WSM27494: This site has potential to yield evidence about the former structure but overall as there is no remaining above ground structure the significance is low.
	High Clows, Pre-Fabricated Interwar Bungalow, Clows Top WSM57897: During the inter-war period the use of non traditional building materials and building
	methods accelerated as a means of reducing costs. This small corrugated iron bungalow, constructed before 1927, is a good example of an inter-war pre-fabricated house. The building has historic and aesthetic values. It may be of more than local significance.
	Underground Monitoring Post, south of Clows Top, Rock WSM33047: Condition and extent of this Cold War
	structure is unknown and thus has potential for medium significance for its historic value. Royal Observer Corps Post, near The
	Terrace, Clows Top WSM33048: A post WW2 building replacing an earlier structure dating from 1937. The asset has historic significance.
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	Development on this site will impact only on the element of significance of the surrounding heritage assets derived from their setting.

	No known built heritage assets on site therefore the historic environment potential of this site adjacent to an historic cross roads is unknown.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	No legible above ground heritage assets to protect. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	No.
b) If yes, explain further	
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Unknown potential for archaeology:
	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.

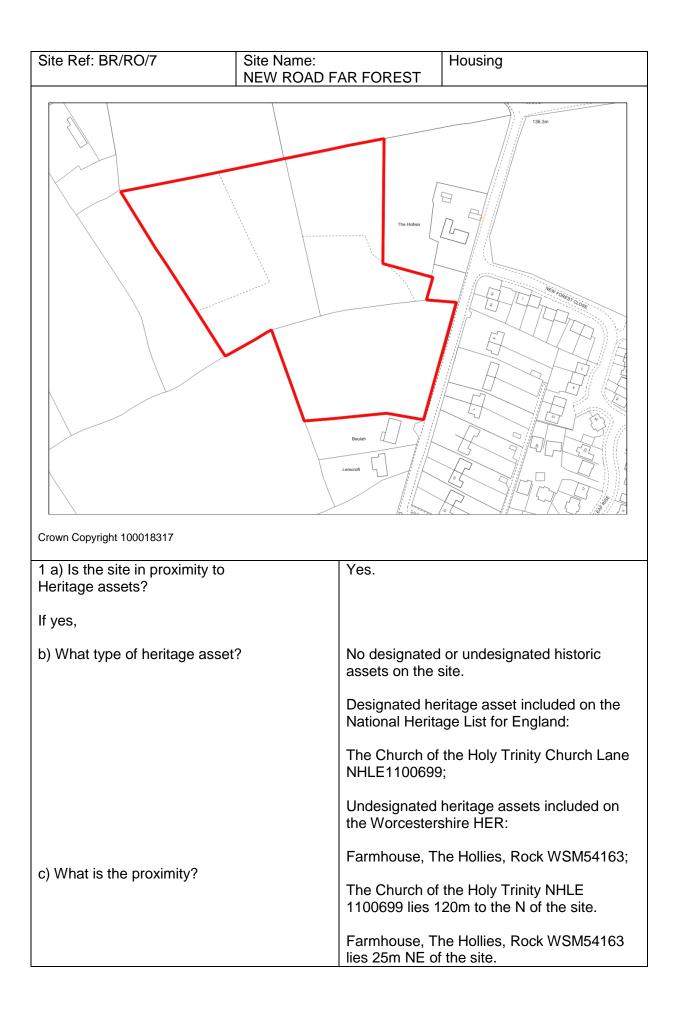


Pond, The Sycamore, Rock WSM48801:
Related to farmstead, limited historic significance only. Unknown environmental deposits.
No known built heritage assets on site therefore the historic environment potential of the site is unknown.
Yes. Mitigation possible.
No legible above ground heritage assets to protect. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.
Not applicable
No.
Not applicable.
Unknown potential for archaeology:
Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.



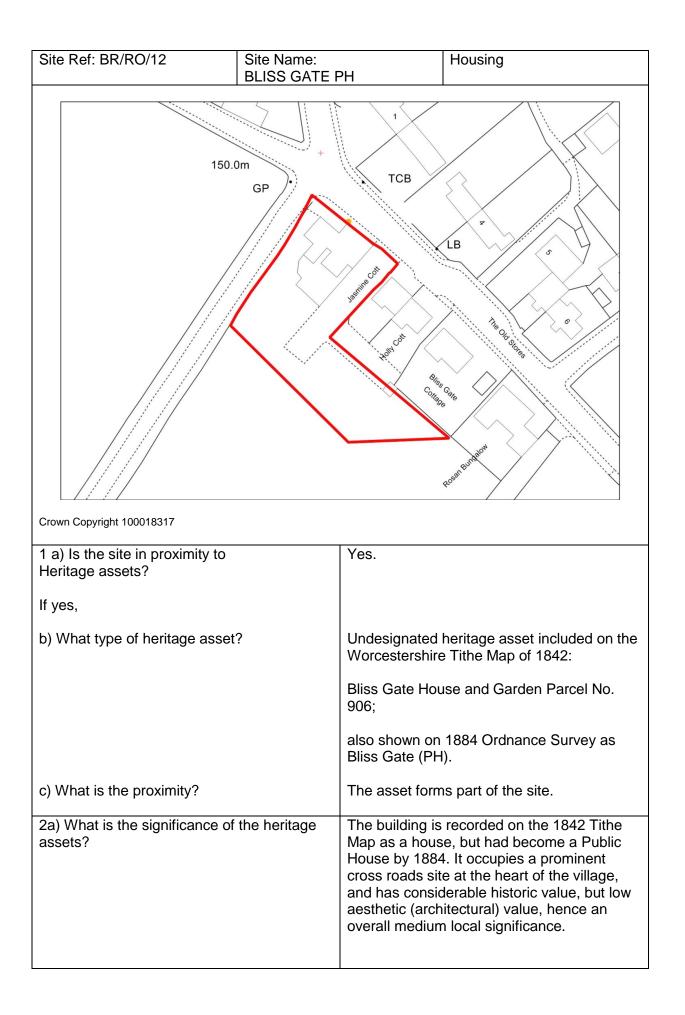
	Undesignated heritage assets included on
	the Worcestershire Historic Environment Record:
c) What is the proximity?	Farmhouse, Firtree Farm, Rock WSM53791 is situated immediately to the SW of the site.
2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?	Farmhouse, Firtree Farm, Rock WSM53791:
	The farmhouse has aesthetic and historic value resulting in a low/medium significance.
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	Development will impact on setting of Firtree Farm.
	No known built heritage assets on site therefore the historic environment potential of the site is unknown.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	No legible above ground heritage assets to protect. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	No.
b) If yes, explain further	
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Unknown potential for archaeology:
	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be

required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.

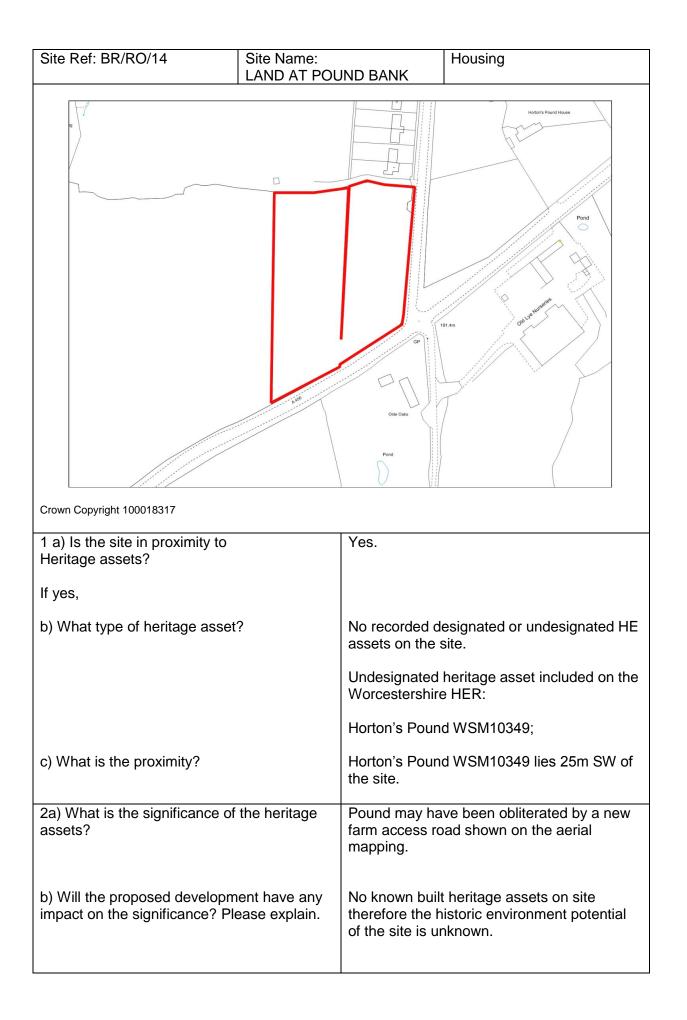


2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?	The Church of the Holy Trinity NHLE 1100699: This Victorian sandstone church has considerable aesthetic (architectural) value as well as communal and historic value contributing overall to a medium significance. Farmhouse, The Hollies, Rock WSM54163: This farmhouse has aesthetic (architectural) and local historic value contributing to a low significance.
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	Development on this site will harm the traditional orchard and landscape setting of both heritage assets. Inter-visibility between the heritage assets may be affected, and also the inter-visibility between the church and the remainder of the village. This has potential to impact adversely on those aspects of significance derived from the church's setting. No known built heritage assets on site therefore the historic environment potential of the site is unknown.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could	No.
overcome the impact/harm?	
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	The NPPF allows decision makers to consider the public benefits associated with a development which causes less than substantial harm to a designated heritage asset. This can be taken into consideration within the site allocations policy.
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	No.
b) If yes, explain further	
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Unknown potential for archaeology: Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and

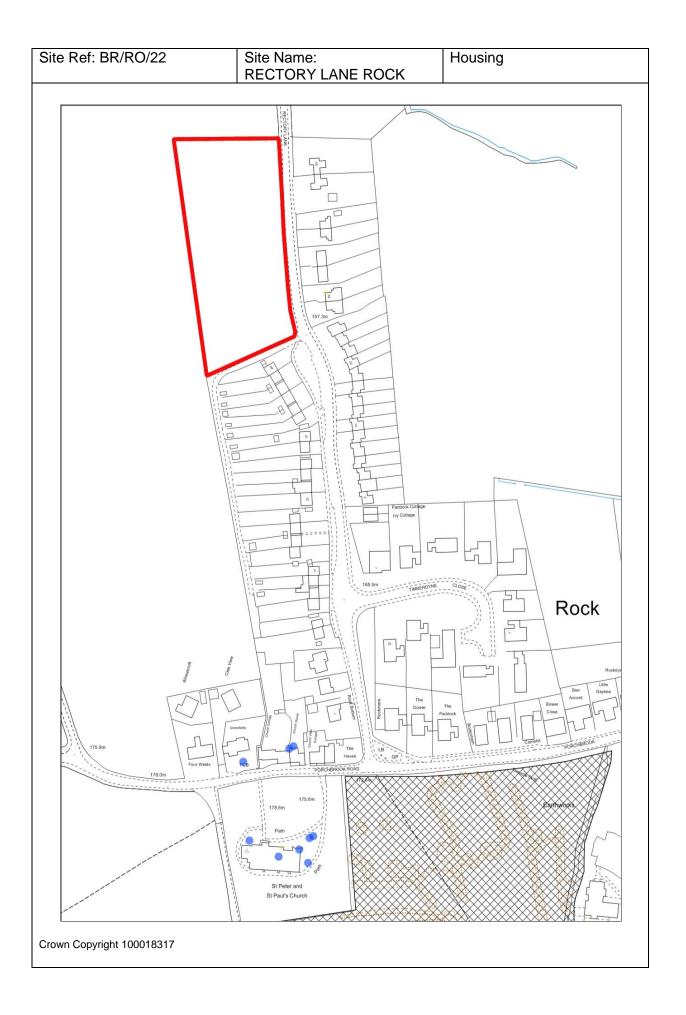
mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the understanding of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.



b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	Yes. Proposals which involve the clearance of the site will destroy the significance of the undesignated heritage asset.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	Archaeological building recording to Historic England Level 3 standard will better inform decision makers of the significance of the building and potentially its origins.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable.
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	Yes.
b) If yes, explain further	Conversion of the former public house into residential with additional housing adjacent will inform future generations of the former function of the site as the centre of the village. Archaeological building recording will reveal more evidence about the building and its history and significance.
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Site allocations policy can consider the above.
5) What further work is required?	Building recording to Historic England Level 3 to be undertake to inform decisions about the future of the site.



litigation possible. ible above ground heritage assets to t. In terms of mitigating impact on ial below ground archaeology there will equirement for a desk-based sment to assess this potential. It may sessary to undertake fieldwork to fully stand the resource. Where pment may result in the loss of eology, recording will be required by an oriate professional. plicable
t. In terms of mitigating impact on ial below ground archaeology there will equirement for a desk-based sment to assess this potential. It may sessary to undertake fieldwork to fully stand the resource. Where pment may result in the loss of eology, recording will be required by an oriate professional.
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wn potential for archaeology:
Il require a desk based archaeological sment to identify potential for eology and inform discussions about ope and scale of any preservation and ion. Where development may result in s of heritage assets, archaeological sment and/or mitigation may be ed to record and advance the under- ng of their significance. Archaeological sment to accompany or be orated into a Heritage Statement ted with the planning application to y the significance of on site assets that e affected and to assess the impact of pment on them and their settings.



1 a) Is the site in proximity to	Yes.
Heritage assets?	
If yes,	No designated or undesignated heritage assets within the site boundary.
b) What type of heritage asset?	Designated heritage assets included on the National Heritage List for England:
	Rock Farm moated site, deserted medieval village and ridge and furrow, 100m SE of St Peter and St Paul's Church. Scheduled Monument. NHLE: 1008658;
	CHURCH OF SAINT PETER AND SAINT PAUL. Grade I. NHLE:1100696;
	MEMORIAL ABOUT 5 METRES NORTH OF WEST TOWER OF CHURCH OF ST PETER AND ST PAUL. Grade II. NHLE: 1145845;
	DAVIES MEMORIAL ABOUT 3 METRES EAST OF CHANCEL OF CHURCH OF ST PETER AND ST PAUL. Grade II. NHLE: 1145841;
	TWO MEMORIALS ABOUT 6 METRES NORTH EAST OF VESTRY OF CHURCH OF ST PETER AND ST PAUL. Grade II. NHLE: 1100697;
	CHURCH COTTAGE CHURCH HOUSE Designation Type. Grade II. NHLE:1348306;
	K6 TELEPHONE KIOSK OUTSIDE VILLAGE STORES. Grade II. NHLE: 1253229.
	ROCK MOOR FARMHOUSE. Grade II. NHLE: 1145849;
c) What is the proximity?	Rock Farm moated site, deserted medieval village and ridge and furrow, 100m SE of St Peter and St Paul's Church. Scheduled Monument. NHLE: 1008658 lies 260m S of the site.
	CHURCH OF SAINT PETER AND SAINT PAUL. Grade I. NHLE:1100696 is situated 300m S of the site.

	MEMORIAL ABOUT 5 METRES NORTH OF
	WEST TOWER OF CHURCH OF ST PETER AND ST PAUL. Grade II. NHLE: 1145845 is situated 295m S of the site.
	DAVIES MEMORIAL ABOUT 3 METRES EAST OF CHANCEL OF CHURCH OF ST PETER AND ST PAUL. Grade II. NHLE: 1145841 is situat3ed 300m S of the site.
	TWO MEMORIALS ABOUT 6 METRES NORTH EAST OF VESTRY OF CHURCH OF ST PETER AND ST PAUL. Grade II. NHLE: 1100697 is situated 295m S of the site.
	CHURCH COTTAGE CHURCH HOUSE Designation Type. Grade II. NHLE:1348306 is situated 240m S of the site.
	K6 TELEPHONE KIOSK OUTSIDE VILLAGE STORES. Grade II. NHLE: 1253229 is situated 230m S of the site.
	ROCK MOOR FARMHOUSE. Grade II. NHLE: 1145849 is situated 440m W of the site
2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?	Rock Farm moated site, deserted medieval village and ridge and furrow, 100m SE of St Peter and St Paul's Church. Scheduled Monument. NHLE: 1008658.
	The monument includes the remains of a moated enclosure, deserted medieval village and associated earthworks, situated on the level summit of a low hill in gently rolling farmland. The moated enclosure is rectangular in shape with overall dimensions of 114m north to south by I10m east to west. It is defined by a substantial ditch averaging I8m wide and 3m deep, flanked around its outer edge by a flat-topped bank averaging 9m wide and 0.8m high. It has high historic and communal value and medium aesthetic value contributing overall to a high level of significance.
	CHURCH OF SAINT PETER AND SAINT PAUL. Grade I. NHLE:1100696.
	Parish church. Late C12, extended C14 and in 1510, restored in 1861 by F Preedy, and tower in 1881. West tower 1510, nave and

chancel C12, vestry C14, south aisle and south chapel 1510. Included for its high historic, communal and aesthetic value contributing to a high level of significance. Its hill-top location makes it a prominent feature for several miles around and setting is a contributory factor to its significance.
MEMORIAL ABOUT 5 METRES NORTH OF WEST TOWER OF CHURCH OF ST PETER AND ST PAUL. Grade II. NHLE: 1145845. Historic and aesthetic value – medium significance.
DAVIES MEMORIAL ABOUT 3 METRES EAST OF CHANCEL OF CHURCH OF ST PETER AND ST PAUL. Grade II. NHLE: 1145841 Historic and aesthetic value – medium significance.
TWO MEMORIALS ABOUT 6 METRES NORTH EAST OF VESTRY OF CHURCH OF ST PETER AND ST PAUL. Grade II. NHLE: 1100697 Historic and aesthetic value – medium significance.
CHURCH COTTAGE CHURCH HOUSE Designation Type. Grade II. NHLE:1348306 House, now two houses. C17 with mid-C19 and some late C20 alterations. Timber-frame with painted brick infill and tile roof. L-plan, main range to street extending to east is of three framed bays, other range to north. Prominently situated within the heart of the village opposite the church the building has medium/high aesthetic and historic value and positively contributes to the setting of the church opposite – contributing to a medium level of significance.
K6 TELEPHONE KIOSK OUTSIDE VILLAGE STORES. Grade II. NHLE: 1253229. Typical village kiosk with aesthetic, communal and historic value – medium/low significance.
ROCK MOOR FARMHOUSE. Grade II. NHLE: 1145849. Farmhouse. 1640, with mid-C19 and late C20 alterations. Timber- frame with painted brick infill and machine tile roof. Three framed bays aligned east/ west, with stack in east bay with lobby-entry through a contemporary south porch, and three six-point star plan shafts. Included for

	The adjacent housing is linear in overall form, and set well back from the road, with
<ul><li>b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan.</li></ul>	The site rises from east to west. By restricting development to the eastern half of the site, i.e. closer to the road, the impact of two-storey housing on the setting of Rock Moor Farmhouse NHLE1145849 will be reduced.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could	ROCK MOOR FARMHOUSE. Grade II. NHLE: 1145849. The topography of the site could result in the development having an impact on the setting of the farmhouse as viewed from the village.
	CHURCH COTTAGE CHURCH HOUSE Designation Type. Grade II. NHLE:1348306. There is likely to be little inter-visibility between this building and the site owing to existing development between the two sites.
	CHURCH OF SAINT PETER AND SAINT PAUL. Grade I. NHLE:1100696. The church is a highly visible landmark feature from many viewpoints to the north and north west of the village. Development may impact on the setting of the church if it intervenes in existing views and there may be several locations where there is co-visibility of the site and the church. The contribution to significance made by setting will thus be impacted upon.
	Development of this site will have little impact on the significance of the Scheduled Monument – there is no inter-visibility nor co- visibility from viewpoints to the north of the village.
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	Rock Farm moated site, deserted medieval village and ridge and furrow, 100m SE of St Peter and St Paul's Church. Scheduled Monument. NHLE: 1008658.
	No known built heritage assets on site therefore the historic environment potential of the site is unknown.
	its aesthetic and historic values; its isolated setting away from the main village contributes to its medium significance.

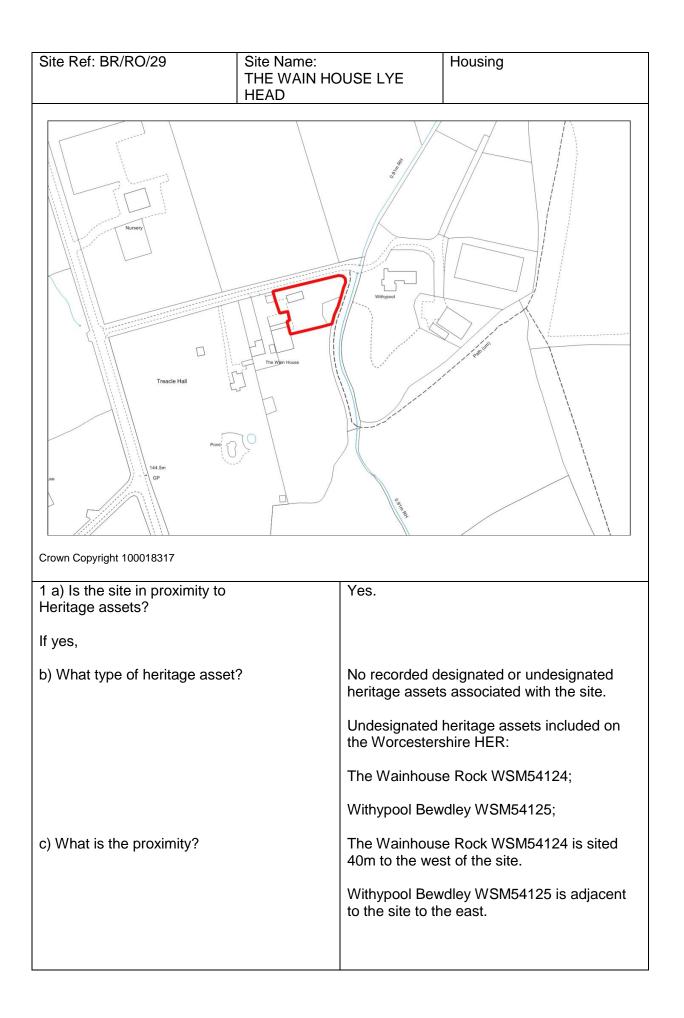
<ul><li>c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?</li></ul>	long back gardens. The site rises from north to south. Development which remains within the linear arc form created by the existing housing will be set to the eastern half of the site. This will reduce the impact of development on longer distance views towards the CHURCH OF SAINT PETER AND SAINT PAUL. NHLE:1100696 from the north looking south. Whilst there will inevitably be some co-visibility of the church and new development on this site when viewed looking south along footpath 648, restricting development to the eastern half of the site will reduce this considerably. Retention of the enclosure hedgerow to the road and creation of a service road behind that will reduce the visual impact of the development on the surrounding area. Site allocations policy can reflect this. Not applicable.
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	No.
b) If yes, explain further	
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Unknown potential for archaeology:
	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.

	me: Housing JT COTTAGE BLISS
WALNOT COTTAGE BLISS         GATE	
1 a) Is the site in proximity to Heritage assets?	Yes.
If yes,	
b) What type of heritage asset?	No known designated or undesignated heritage assets within the site boundary.
	Undesignated heritage assets:
c) What is the proximity?	Bliss Villa Gorst Hill Rock DY14 9YG is shown on the 1884 Ordnance Survey is adjacent to the site to the north.
	Cottage occupied by Gilbert Moore shown on the Tithe Map of 1842 as Parcel No: 902 occupied the NE corner of the site.
2a) What is the significance of the herita assets?	age Bliss Villa is a mid-Victorian cottage which has some local historic and aesthetic significance.
	The cottage on Parcel 902 appears to have been demolished but the site may contain

-
buried archaeological remains of the buildings.
No known built heritage assets on site therefore the historic environment potential of the site is unknown.
Yes. Mitigation possible.
No legible above ground heritage assets to protect. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.
Not applicable.
Yes.
Development should avoid new buildings on the NW corner of the site immediately adjacent to Bliss Villa in order to maintain its setting and preserve its local significance.
Site allocation policy can reflect the above.
Unknown potential for archaeology:
Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.

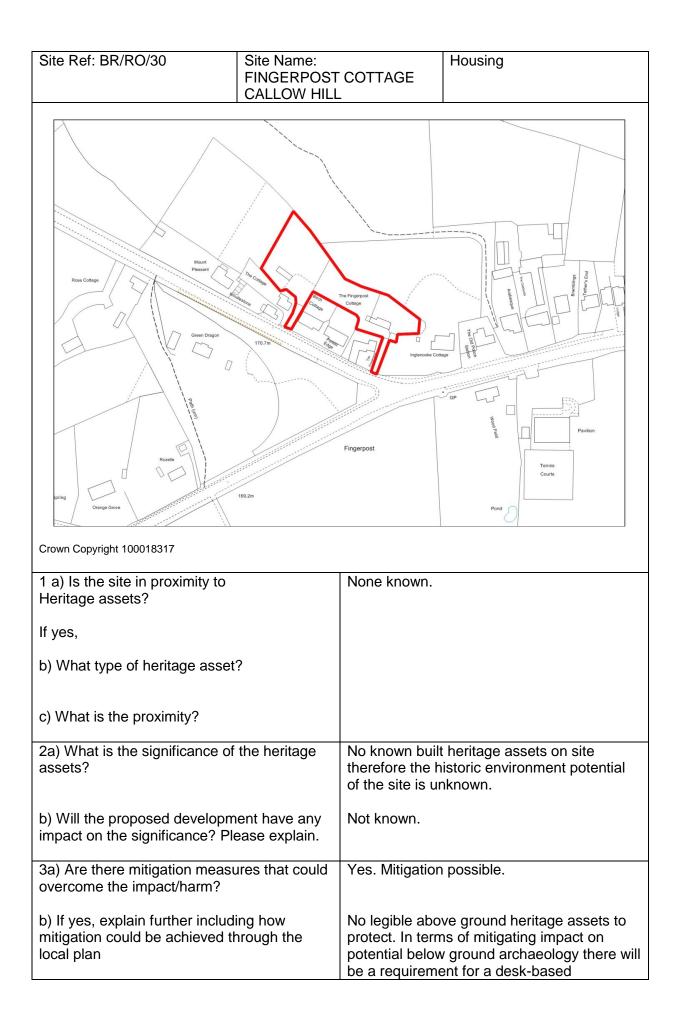
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Crown Copyright 100018317		
1 a) Is the site in proximity to Heritage assets?	Yes.	
If yes,		
b) What type of heritage asset?		designated or undesignated ets associated with the site.
	Undesignated the Worceste	d heritage assets included on rshire HER:
	Yew Tree Co	lliery Rock WSM09156;
c) What is the proximity?		lliery Rock WSM09156 lies he SW boundary of the site.
2a) What is the significance of th assets?	was sunk in 1 1903 Ordnan closed after ti	lliery Rock WSM09156: Shaft 899 and it is shown on the ce Survey, but appears to have he First World War. It is of icance although there are no ains.

b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	No known built heritage assets on site therefore the historic environment potential of the site is unknown.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	No legible above ground heritage assets to protect. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	No.
b) If yes, explain further	
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Unknown potential for archaeology:
	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.

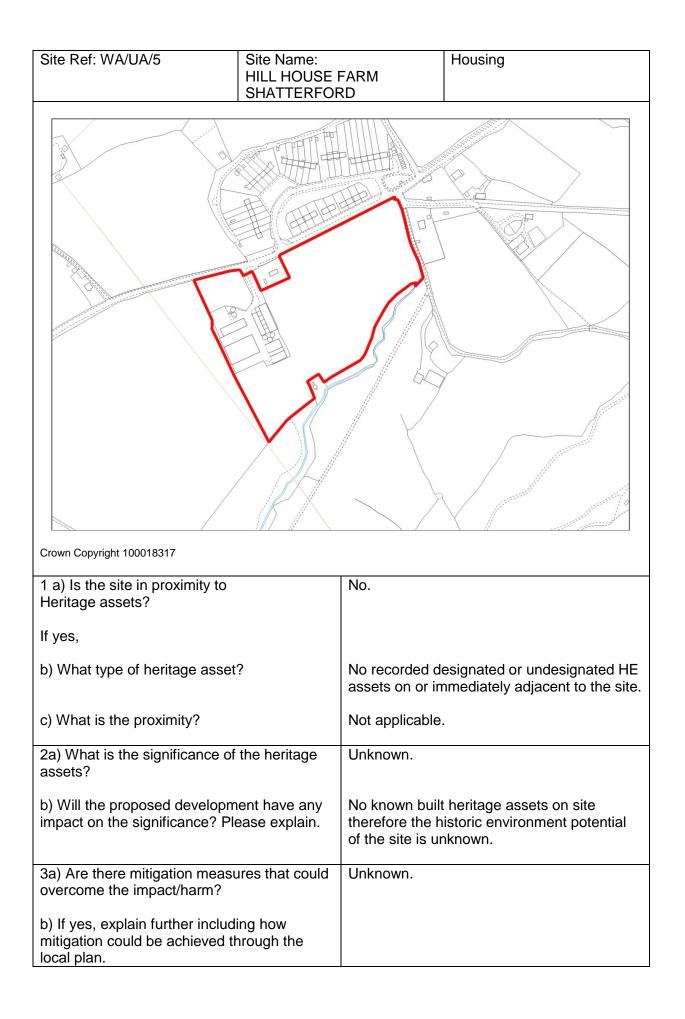


2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?	The Wainhouse Rock WSM54124: This C19 farmstead comprises a loose courtyard with a single side of the courtyard formed by working agricultural buildings. There are additional, prominent detached elements to the main plan. The farmhouse is detached and set away from the yard. There has been a partial loss (less than 50%) of traditional buildings.
	Withypool Bewdley WSM54125: This is a partially extant 19th century (?) unlisted farmstead with converted buildings. It has an L-Plan (attached house) plan . The farmhouse is attached to the agricultural range. There has been a partial loss (less than 50%) of traditional buildings.
	The two undesignated assets together with the adjacent Treacle Hall form a loose farmstead cluster with limited historic and aesthetic significance.
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	No known built heritage assets on site therefore the historic environment potential of the site is unknown.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	No legible above ground heritage assets to protect. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	No.
b) If yes, explain further	
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.

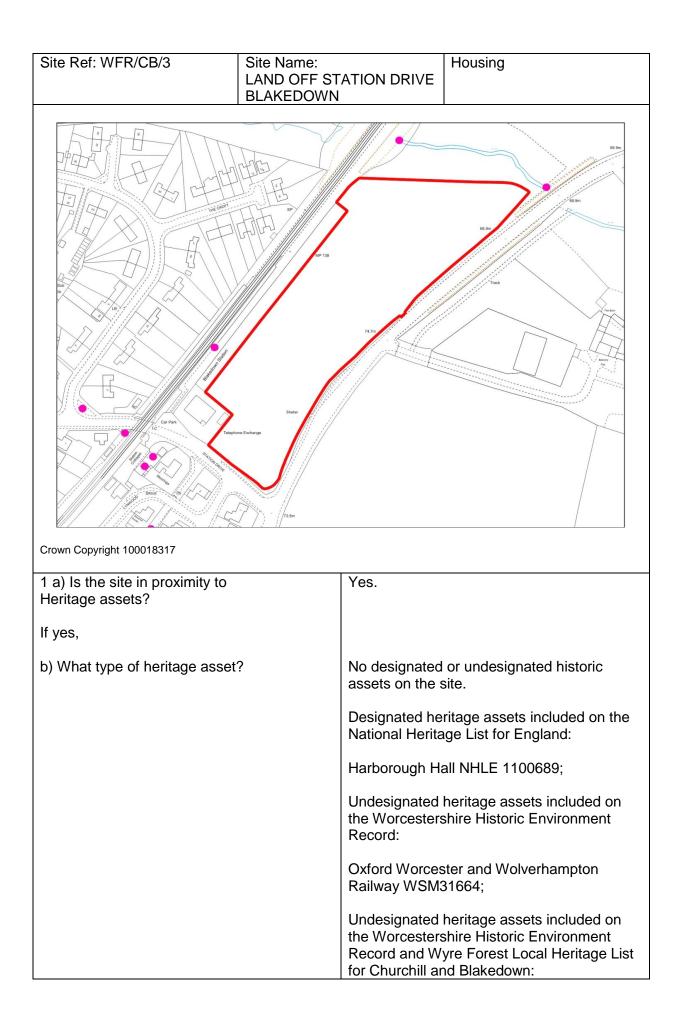
5) What further work is required?	Unknown potential for archaeology: Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in
	the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.



a) If mitigation is not possible, are there	assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable
<ul><li>4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?</li><li>b) If yes, explain further</li></ul>	No.
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Unknown potential for archaeology: Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.

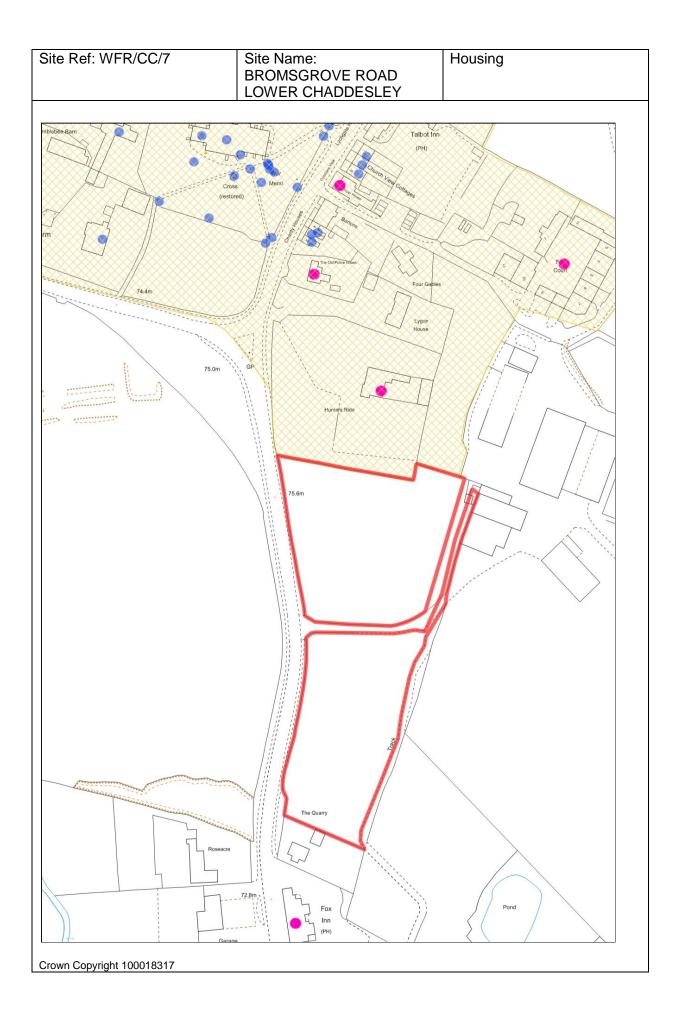


c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable.
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	Not applicable.
b) If yes, explain further	
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Unknown potential for archaeology: Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the understanding of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.



	1
	Blakedown Railway Station WSM15123; LLCB062;
	Undesignated heritage assets included on the Wyre Forest Local Heritage List for Churchill and Blakedown:
	Culvert under A456: CB107;
	Culvert under Railway: CB106;
c) What is the proximity?	Harborough Hall NHLE 1100689 lies 175m SW of the site;
	Oxford Worcester and Wolverhampton Railway WSM31664 is adjacent to the NW boundary of the site;
	Blakedown Railway Station WSM15123; LLCB062 is sited 15m NW of the site;
	Culvert CB107 is located 10m E of the site;
	Culvert CB106 is located 30m N of the site;
2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?	Harborough Hall NHLE 1100689: This is a Grade II listed house dated 1635. Included for its historic and aesthetic (architectural) values contributing to medium significance.
	Oxford Worcester and Wolverhampton Railway WSM31664 was constructed c.1850-52 to accommodate GWR broad gauge but laid to standard gauge. Opened in 1852. At this location the railway runs through Blakedown Station (formerly Churchill and Blakedown) and then north east along an embankment over the culverted stream. It has medium historic and low aesthetic significance but negligible evidential or communal value.
	Blakedown Railway Station WSM15123; LLCB062 has low communal and aesthetic values with the exception of the signal box which is a separate undesignated heritage asset and the signboard which is a modern replica. Its principal significance is historic as a railway station dating in parts to 1885.
	Culvert under A456: CB107 and Culvert under Railway: CB106 are historic brick built culverts carrying the stream under the road and railway respectively and date from the

	4
	mid-19 <sup>th</sup> century. They have some aesthetic and historic values but negligible communal and evidential values thus their overall significance is low/medium.
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	Development on this site will impact only on the setting of the heritage assets identified above. It has most potential to introduce features in views from Harborough Hall (particularly along the driveway) which may affect its sense of isolation from the remainder of the village.
	No known built heritage assets on site therefore the historic environment potential of the site is unknown.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	Functional screening of the eastern boundary may reduce the visual impact on Harborough Hall and on views from Harborough hall towards the railway line.
	Site allocations policy can consider the above.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable.
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	Not known.
b) If yes, explain further	
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Unknown potential for archaeology: Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the understanding of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.



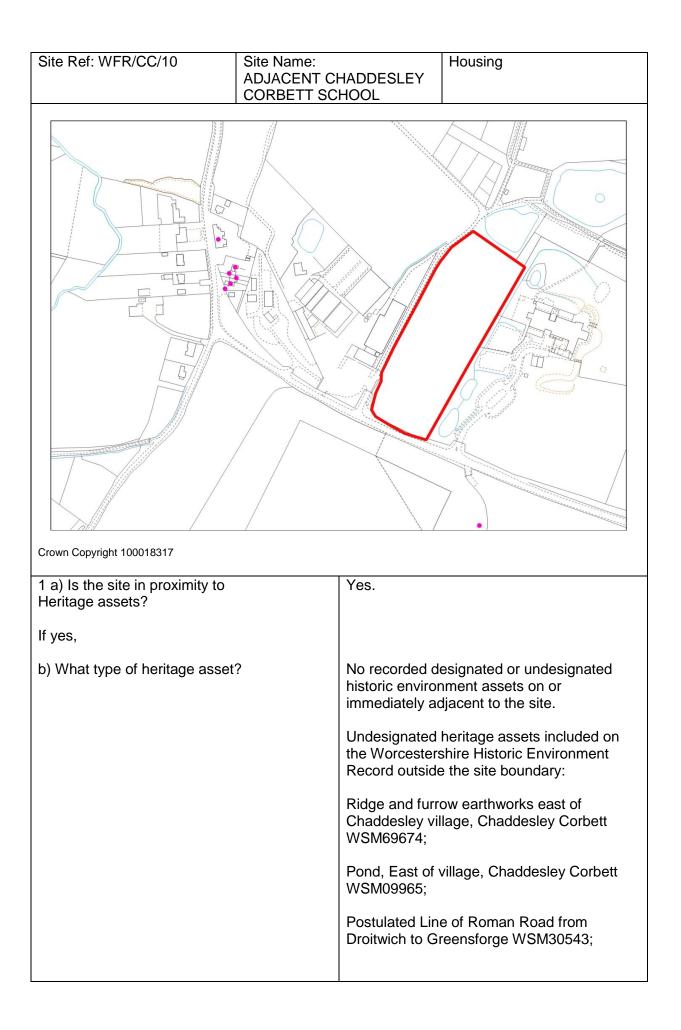
1 a) Is the site in proximity to Heritage assets?	Yes.
If yes,	
b) What type of heritage asset?	No designated or undesignated historic assets on the site.
	Designated heritage assets included on the National Heritage List for England:
	Church of St. Cassian NHLE1100682;
	CHURCHYARD WALL TO SOUTH AND EAST SIDES OF THE CHURCH OF ST CASSAIN NHLE1100684;
	LODGE FARMHOUSE NHLE1100706;
	Designated heritage asset:
	Chaddesley Corbett Conservation Area
	Undesignated heritage assets included on the Worcestershire Historic Environment Record:
	Fishponds, Chaddesley Corbett WSM05326;
	Old road (course of), Chaddesley Corbett WSM12858;
	Site of Old Quarry, Chaddesley Corbett WSM12859;
	Hunters Ride, Chaddesley Corbett WSM10313;
	The Fox Inn, Lower Chaddesley, Chaddesley Corbett WSM36019;
c) What is the proximity?	Church of St. Cassian NHLE1100682 lies 250m to the N of the site.
	CHURCHYARD WALL TO SOUTH AND EAST SIDES OF THE CHURCH OF ST CASSAIN NHLE1100684 is 200m NW of the site;
	LODGE FARMHOUSE NHLE1100706 lies 250m to the NW of the site;
	Chaddesley Corbett Conservation Area lies adjacent to the N of the site;

	Fishponds, Chaddesley Corbett WSM05326 lies 15m to the west of the site;;
	Old road (course of), Chaddesley Corbett WSM12858 runs down the west boundary of the site;
	Site of Old Quarry, Chaddesley Corbett WSM12859 may lie partly within the southern part of the site;
	Hunters Ride, Chaddesley Corbett WSM10313 is located adjacent to the N of the site;
	The Fox Inn, Lower Chaddesley, Chaddesley Corbett WSM36019 is located 40m S of he site;
2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?	Church of St. Cassian NHLE1100682 is the most prominent building within the village of Chaddesley Corbett. Its listed Grade I status defines it as having high historic and aesthetic(architectural) value, and high communal value, with evidential value unknown – thus it is of high significance.
	CHURCHYARD WALL TO SOUTH AND EAST SIDES OF THE CHURCH OF ST CASSAIN NHLE1100684 is of sufficient special interest to merit its own list entry at Grade II and is included due to its aesthetic and historic values. It is of medium significance.
	LODGE FARMHOUSE NHLE1100706 has high historic and aesthetic value and is listed Grade II; it is of medium/high significance.
	Chaddesley Corbett Conservation Area was designated in 1969. It is based upon a rural hamlet or small village that lies either side of a gently curving street, which forms a spur to the main Kidderminster to Bromsgrove Road.
	In many ways, Chaddesley Corbett typifies the image of a quaint and idyllic English village. It contains a few shops, two pubs, a primary school and a 12th Century Parish Church. It has existed as an important agricultural settlement since Saxon times (then just Chaddesley) and was laid out in more or less its present form by a Norman family, the Corbetts.

The majority of buildings in the Conservation Area are Listed, the oldest being the Church; whilst many date from the 17th and 18th Century. A few sensitively designed 20th Century buildings add to the mixture. The building styles in the village include
timber-framed black and white, polite red brick Georgian and a hint of picturesque Gothic. The pattern of development is largely back of pavement and facing the street, with few gaps in the frontage. Many traditional plot boundaries and outbuildings survive intact.
The majority of buildings are of two stories and roofing materials are pre-dominantly clay tiles.
There are important spaces at either end of the village. At the southern end, on the west side, an old orchard provides an open setting for the church and views up the main street. Opposite this, on the east side, the grounds to Hunter's Ride balance the undeveloped entrance to the village. At the northern end of the village is an undeveloped gap between the old settlement and a more recent housing estate adjoining Briar Hill. From the north the village begins at Brook Cottage and the modern development on Hemming Way. Brook Cottage has pleasant surroundings balanced by open grazing land opposite.
It is important to maintain the character of Chaddesley Corbett as that of a tightly packed settlement with a definite beginning and end, set in open countryside.
There is an absence of street lighting in the Area, which helps it retain a rural and uncluttered feel.
A principle contributor to the significance of Chaddesley Corbett is its defined tightly packed settlement pattern, set in open countryside. Fishponds, Chaddesley Corbett WSM05326 Comprise a long rectangular tank and breeding tank complete with leat system. They have been largely in-filled during the C20 however this is still a Site of National Significance which has been considered for scheduling by English Heritage. The features
They have been largely in- C20 however this is still a Significance which has bee

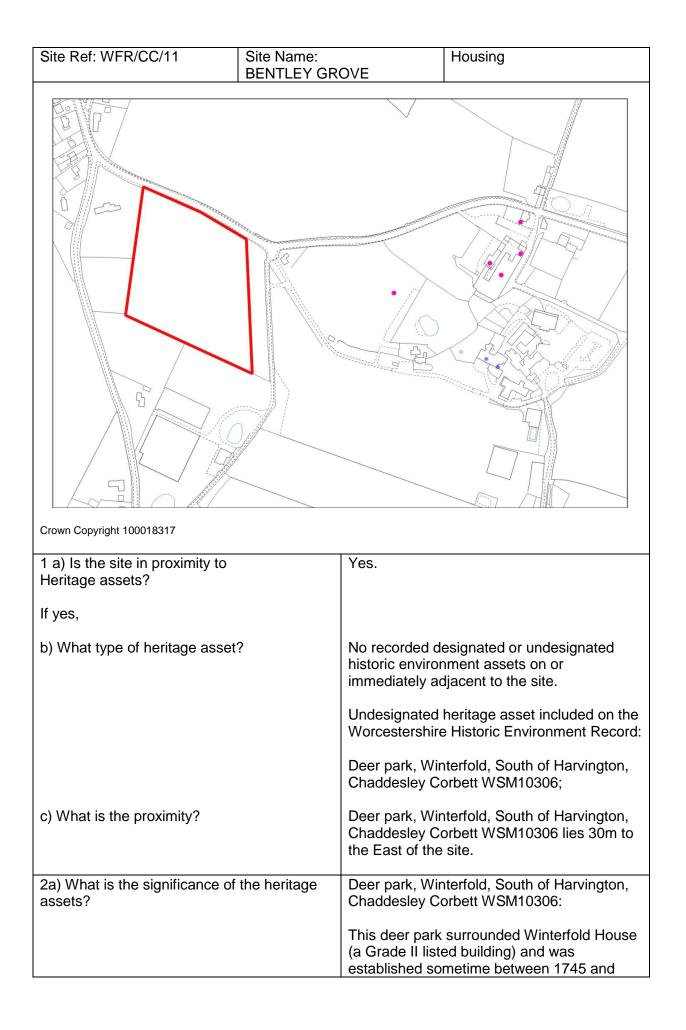
	ortho-photography and visible within the
	Environment Agency LiDAR data. Thus these ponds have high historic value and potential for high evidential value leading to an overall high significance.[
	Old road (course of), Chaddesley Corbett WSM12858 has some local historic significance.
	Site of Old Quarry, Chaddesley Corbett WSM12859 may lie partly within the southern part of the site and has potential to yield archaeological evidence, its significance is thus unknown but has medium potential.
	Hunters Ride, Chaddesley Corbett WSM10313 is a former vicarage the third building on the site and dating from the C19. Its grounds form an important undeveloped part of the Conservation Area and serve to define the edge of the village and Conservation Area, and separate from Lower Chaddesley some 250m to the South. Its medium significance is thus partly its historic value and partly its aesthetic (architectural) qualities.
	The Fox Inn, Lower Chaddesley, Chaddesley Corbett WSM36019 is shown on the 1839 tithe map and has been a public house since at least the 1884 Ordnance Survey. It has communal and historic values contributing to a low significance.
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	Development of this site will create infill and coalescence between two historically distinctive areas of settlement: Chaddesley Corbett and Lower Chaddesley. One of the key characteristics of Chaddesley Corbett is that it is comprised of an historic linier settlement core with satellite areas of dispersed settlement. The rural landscapes in between the settlement foci are important spaces that contain high value heritage assets and frame the visual gateways on approaches into each part of the settlement. Development of this site will therefore impose a significant negative impact to the landscape character and setting of Chaddesley Corbett.
	The negative impact on the landscape character in turn diminishes the setting of the

	Conservation Area as perceived from its southern gateway into the village.
	Development on this site will also affect the setting of the three designated heritage assets included on the NHLE – it may be visible from all of them in views south and south east across the fishponds.
	No known built heritage assets on site therefore the historic environment potential of the site is unknown.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	Tree screening along the boundary with the main road may serve to partly conceal development on this site however it will take many years to mature, and will not mitigate on the impact of development joining up the village and one of its satellite areas of dispersed settlement.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Development on this site should only be considered if the public benefits of the harm to heritage assets outweighs the benefits development will bring to the area.
	Site allocation policy can consider the above.
<ul><li>4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?</li><li>b) If yes, explain further</li></ul>	No.
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	No.
5) What further work is required?	Unknown potential for archaeology: Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the understanding of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.



c) What is the proximity?	Ridge and furrow earthworks east of
	Chaddesley village, Chaddesley Corbett WSM69674 85m NE of the site.
	Pond, East of village, Chaddesley Corbett WSM09965 85m NE of the site.
	Postulated Line of Roman Road from Droitwich to Greensforge WSM30543 runs N-S 145m to the east of the site.
2a) What is the significance of the heritage assets?	Ridge and furrow earthworks east of Chaddesley village, Chaddesley Corbett WSM69674 has historic significance;
	Pond may be modern and of no significance;
	Roman Road WSM30543 may have potential for considerable historic and evidential value leading to a high potential significance.
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	No known built heritage assets on site therefore the historic environment potential of the site is unknown.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	This site has a more coherent spatial relationship with its settlement context than nearby site WFR/CC/7. Such a large development will require significant GI provision to soften the visual impact in what is a large open south facing landscape.
	No legible above ground heritage assets to protect. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.
	Site allocation policy can consider the above.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable

<ul><li>4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?</li><li>b) If yes, explain further</li><li>c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?</li></ul>	No. Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Unknown potential for archaeology: Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.



	1892. It is part of an historic park and garden associated with a designated heritage asset.
b) Will the proposed development have any impact on the significance? Please explain.	This is a very visually open landscape. Block development will impose a substantial negative impact on the adjacent deer park.
	No known built heritage assets on site therefore the historic environment potential of the site is unknown.
3a) Are there mitigation measures that could overcome the impact/harm?	Yes. Mitigation possible.
b) If yes, explain further including how mitigation could be achieved through the local plan	No legible above ground heritage assets to protect. In terms of mitigating impact on potential below ground archaeology there will be a requirement for a desk-based assessment to assess this potential. It may be necessary to undertake fieldwork to fully understand the resource. Where development may result in the loss of archaeology, recording will be required by an appropriate professional.
	Block development will impose a substantial negative impact, and therefore if it does come forward at any point, should only be considered for low density development that is set back well from the A448 and includes a landscape scheme that will deliver functional screening of the development.
	Site allocation policy can consider the above.
c) If mitigation is not possible, are there benefits that justify the development?	Not applicable
4a) Are there any opportunities for development to enhance an asset or better reveal its significance?	No.
b) If yes, explain further	
c) Can the Local Plan be amended to achieve the enhancements?	Not applicable.
5) What further work is required?	Unknown potential for archaeology:
	Site will require a desk based archaeological assessment to identify potential for archaeology and inform discussions about the scope and scale of any preservation and mitigation. Where development may result in

the loss of heritage assets, archaeological assessment and/or mitigation may be required to record and advance the under- standing of their significance. Archaeological assessment to accompany or be incorporated into a Heritage Statement submitted with the planning application to identify the significance of on site assets that may be affected and to assess the impact of development on them and their settings.